YEAR 7 - LINES AND ANGLES

Constructing, measuring and using geometric notation

What do I need to be able to do?

By the end of this unit you should be able to:

- Use letter and labelling conventions
- Draw and measure line segments and angles
- Identify parallel and perpendicular lines
- Recognise types of triangle
- Recognise types of quadrilateral
- Identify polygons
- Construct triangles (SQS, SSS, QSQ)
- Draw Pie charts

Keuwords

Polygon — 0 2D shape made with straight lines

Scalene triangle — a triangle with all different sides and angles

Isosceles triangle — a triangle with two angles the same size and two angles the same size

Right-angled triangle — a triangle with a right angle Frequency — the number of times a data value occurs

Sector — part of a circle made by two radii touching the centre

Rotation — turn in a given direction

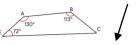
Protractor — equipment used to measure angles

Compass — equipment used to draw arcs and circles.

line.)

Letter and labelling convention

The letter in the middle is the angle The arc represents the angle

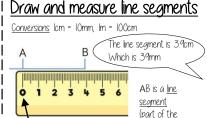


Onale Notation: three letters ABC

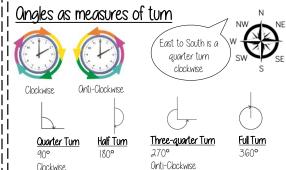
This is the angle at B = 113°

Line Notation: two letters EC

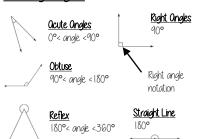
The line that joins E to C

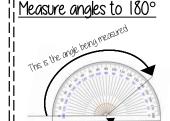


II Make sure the start of the line is at 0;



Classifu anales





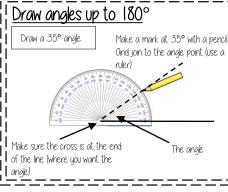
The base line follows the line segment

Remember to use estimation This is an obtuse anale so between 90° and 180° Make sure the cross is at the point the two lines meet

Read from 0°

on the base

line.



Parallel and Perpendicular lines

Parallel lines

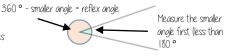
Straight lines that never meet (Have the same gradient) ========

<u>Perpendicular lines</u>

Straight lines that meet at 90°

Ongles over 180°

Use your knowledge of straight lines 180° and angles around a point



SQS, SSS, QSQ constructions

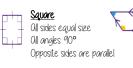
Side, Ongle, Ongle

Side, Ongle, Side

Side. Side. Side

- Octagon

Properties of Quadrilaterals



<u>Parallelogram</u> Opposite sides are parallel

Opposite angles are equal Co-interior angles

One pair of parallel lines

<u>Kite</u>

No parallel lines

Equal lengths on top sides 1 Equal lengths on bottom sides

One pair of equal angles

"32 out of 60 people had a dog"

li Draw Pie Charts

This is 192° <u>32</u> x 360 = 192°

This fraction of the 360 degrees represents doas Use a protractor to draw

Polygons

Triangle

- Quadrilateral

- Pentagon

- Hexagon
- Nonagon - Heptagon - Decagon

If all the sides and angles are the same, it is a reaular polygon

Rhombus

Rectangle

Oll angles 90°

Opposite sides are parallel

