

TRINITY CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL | 2023 – 2024

YEAR 11 LEARNING JOURNEYS

Our 'Learning Journeys' provide an outline, for all of our stakeholders, of the diverse range of knowledge-rich and challenging subject topics that students can enjoy during their GCSEs at Trinity Catholic High School. We developed these 'journeys' to make explicit the range of academic opportunities on offer for our students to grow, develop and learn. We want our students to develop their academic skills and experiences to ultimately lead successful and fulfilling adult lives, as well as being able to realise their dreams and ambitions.



Learning journeys are important documents that demonstrate to students and parents the units of study that students will undertake during Year 11 – these documents have been given to students and are visible in exercise books. We feel it is vitally important for students to know what they are studying; learning journeys foster discussions in lessons as to 'why' these topics are being taught and furthermore, these documents allow students to see how units of study overlap not only within the subject domain but also across the curriculum. We encourage parents to look at these documents with their children so they too can visualise the learning journey that we will be taking students on.

Learning is their journey. Let them navigate. Push them to explore. Watch them discover. Encourage their questions. Allow them to struggle. Support their thinking.

Year 11 English Learning Journey

You will complete your journey of GCSE English Literature and Language with the completion of your exams. 1

1

Towards the end of term two you will continue to revise the different elements of the Language and Literature papers.

The study of unseen poetry will be supported with the study of unseen extracts, both fiction and non-fiction to develop analysis of writer's ideas and choice of linguistic and structural features.

Winter Mock Exams You will complete a Literature Paper : Macbeth and An Inspector Calls (1 hour 45 minutes) and Language Paper 1: Exploration of Creative Reading & Writing (1 hour 45 minutes).

Your understanding of the themes of An Inspector Calls is supported with the study of unseen non-fiction extracts (Language Paper 2) to develop analysis of writer's ideas and viewpoints.

> 'I read: I travel: I become.' – Derek Walcott



LITERATURE

IACBET



Wider Reading

You will complete revision in preparation for the exams and develop your ability to analyse both set and unseen texts.

Spring Mock Exams You will complete a Literature Paper: Jekyll & Hyde, Power & Conflict Poetry, and Unseen Poetry (2 hour 15 minutes) and a Language Paper 2: writer's viewpoints (1 hour 45 minutes).

For term two, you will explore the unseen poetry element of the literature exam (Paper 2) to develop critical analysis skills further.

You will revise the Power & Conflict Poetry and explore how to analyse unseen poetry and develop your ability to compare writer's ideas under exam conditions.

For term one, you will start the year developing critical reading skills when analysing J. B Priestley's *An Inspector Calls* (Literature Paper 2)

2023-2024

Year 11-H 1ab Mathematics & ----Statistics

180

Properties of Circles

Circle theorems, cyclic quadrilaterals, tangent and chords, Alternate Segment Theorem



Graphs

Distance-time graphs, velocity-time graphs, estimating and interpreting the area under a curve, rates of change, work out and interpret a gradient at a point on a curve, equation of a circle, cubic, reciprocal and exponential graphs, transformations of the graph y = f(x).

Algebraic fractions and functions

Simplify algebraic fractions, solve equations involving algebraic fractions, change the subject of a formula, inverse and composite functions, using iteration to find an approximate solution for an equation.

Probability Distributions

Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, standardised scores, quality assurance

DID YOU KNOW?

Sergey Brin, co-founder of Google studied maths (and computer science) at university.

Problem Solving, Revision and Exam Practice





DID YOU KNOW?

The human brain is made up of more neurons than there are stars in the galaxy – over 100 billion. Pathways in your brain are rewired second to second as you learn to do new things.





Reading Books 中子公验。 Triangles

Using trigonometric ratios to solve further 2D and 3D problems, trigonometric ratios of angles between 0° and 360°, graphs and exact values, sine and cosine rules to solve problems involving non right-angled triangles, area of a

triangle.

Index Numbers

Simple index numbers, RPI, CPI, GDP, chain base, index numbers and rates of change

November Mock Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers And Statistics Paper

Vector Geometry

Add and subtract vectors, properties of vectors, using vectors to solve geometric problems, proving geometric results.



Spring Mock Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers And Statistics Paper

DID YOU KNOW?

Your body contains more bacterial cells than human ones? The average adult is made up of 10 million million cells but there are 10 times as many bacterial cells living inside us.

GCSE Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers And 2 x Statistics Papers

Year 11-F (3abc)

Mathematics

Patterns in number, number sequences, finding the nth term of a linear sequences, special sequences,



Congruency and Similarity

Showing that two triangles are congruent, working out the scale factor for two similar shapes, working out the lengths of sides in similar shapes.



Combined events

Working out the probabilities for two or more events, two-way tables, Venn diagrams, frequency tree diagrams, probability tree diagrams.

Simultaneous Equations and Linear Inequalities

Solving simultaneous equations algebraically, solving a linear inequality and representing the solution on a number line

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Revision and Spring Mock Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers

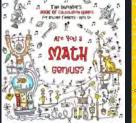




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<u>Rea</u>ding Books



Pythagoras theorem, applying Pythagoras theorem in real-life situations and to isosceles triangles, trigonometric ratios to calculate lengths and angles, non calculator strategies, trigonometry and bearings and isosceles triangles.

Revision and November Mock Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers

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Powers and Standard form

Calculating with powers, writing numbers in standard form, calculating with numbers in standard form.



Non-linear Graphs

Distance-time graphs, velocity-time graphs, plotting quadratic graphs, solving quadratic equations by factorisation, significant points of a quadratic courve, cubic and recrprocal graphs.

DID YOU KNOW?

Markings on animal bones indicate that humans have been doing maths since around 30,000BC.



1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers



Year 11-H_(1c2abc) Mathematics

1

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Properties of Circles

Circle theorems, cyclic quadrilaterals, tangent and chords, Alternate Segment Theorem



Graphs

Distance-time graphs, velocity-time graphs, estimating and interpreting the area under a curve, rates of change, work out and interpret a gradient at a point on a curve, equation of a circle, cubic, reciprocal and exponential graphs, transformations of the graph y = f(x).

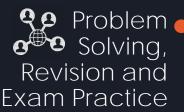
Algebraic fractions and functions

Simplify algebraic fractions, solve equations involving algebraic fractions, change the subject of a formula, inverse and composite functions, using iteration to find an approximate solution for an equation.

Revision and Exam Problem

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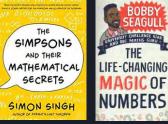




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Using trigonometric ratios to solve further 2D and 3D problems, trigonometric ratios of angles between 0° and 360°, graphs and exact values, sine and cosine rules to solve problems involving non right-angled triangles, area of a triangle.

Revision and November Mock Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers

DID YOU KNOW?

Markings on animal bones indicate that humans have been doing maths since around 30,000BC.

Vector Geometry

Add and subtract vectors, properties of vectors, using vectors to solve geometric problems, proving geometric results.



Spring Mock Exams

1 x Non-Calculator Paper 2 x Calculator Papers

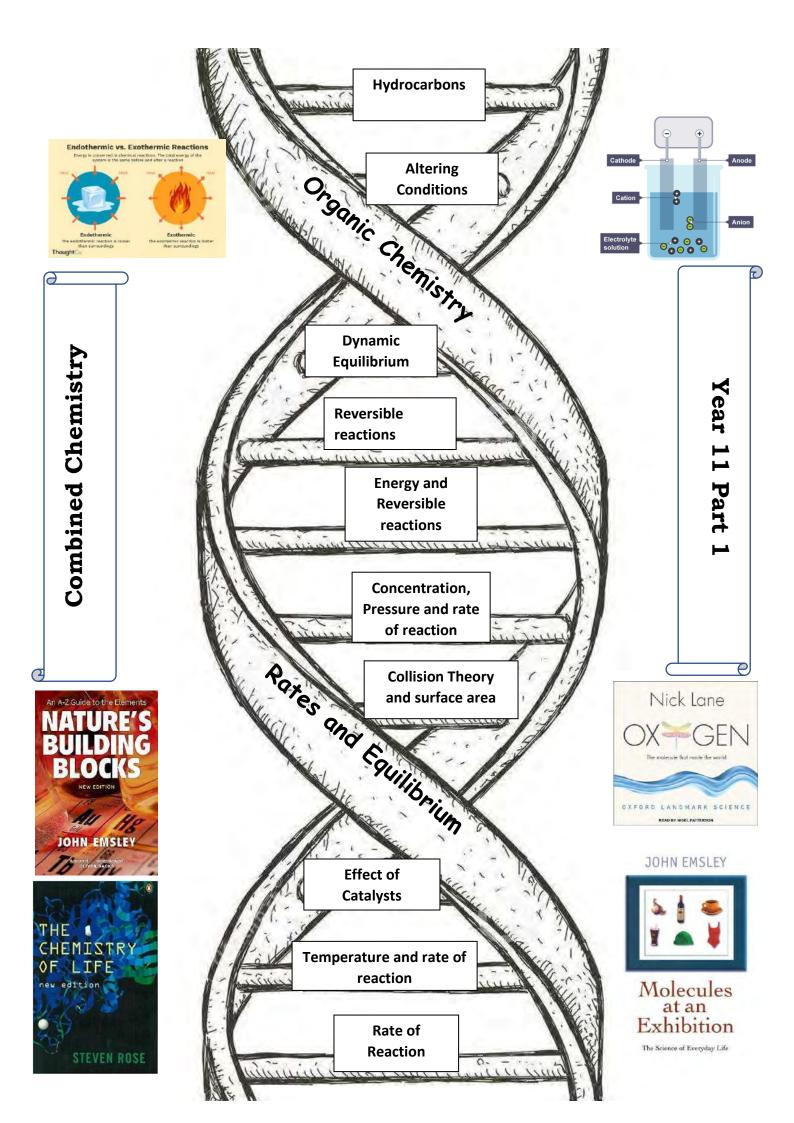
DID YOU KNOW?

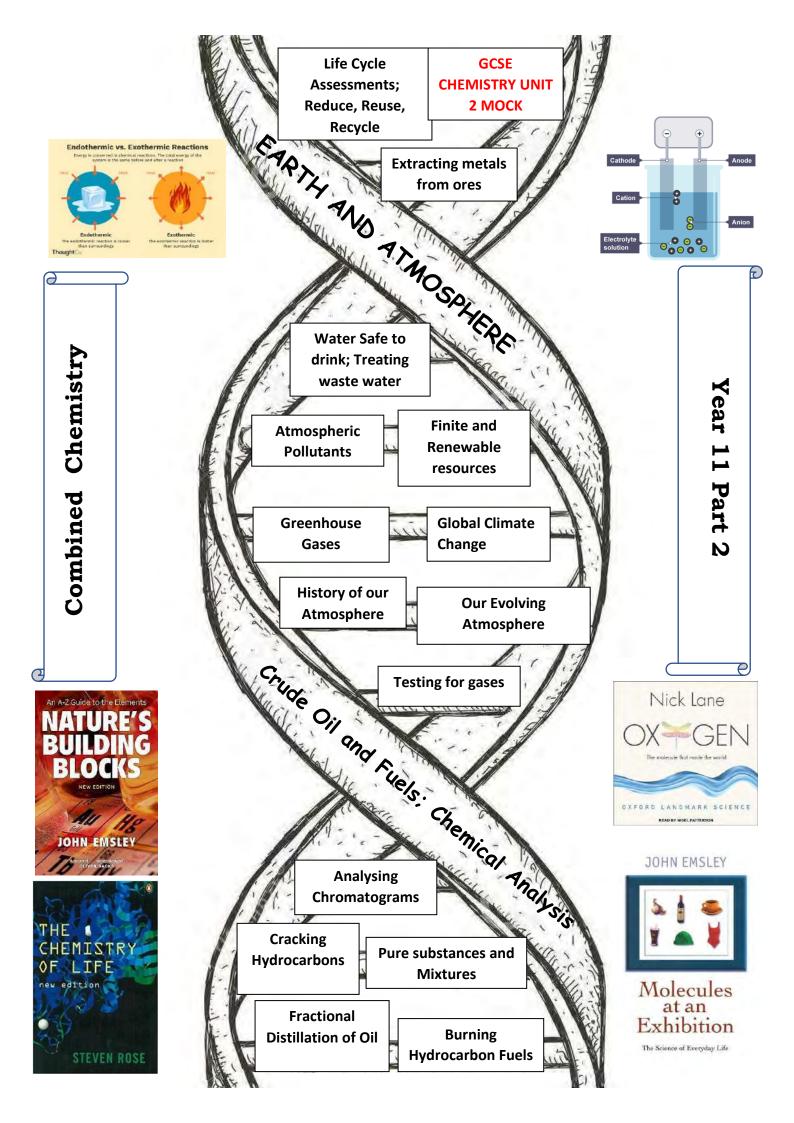
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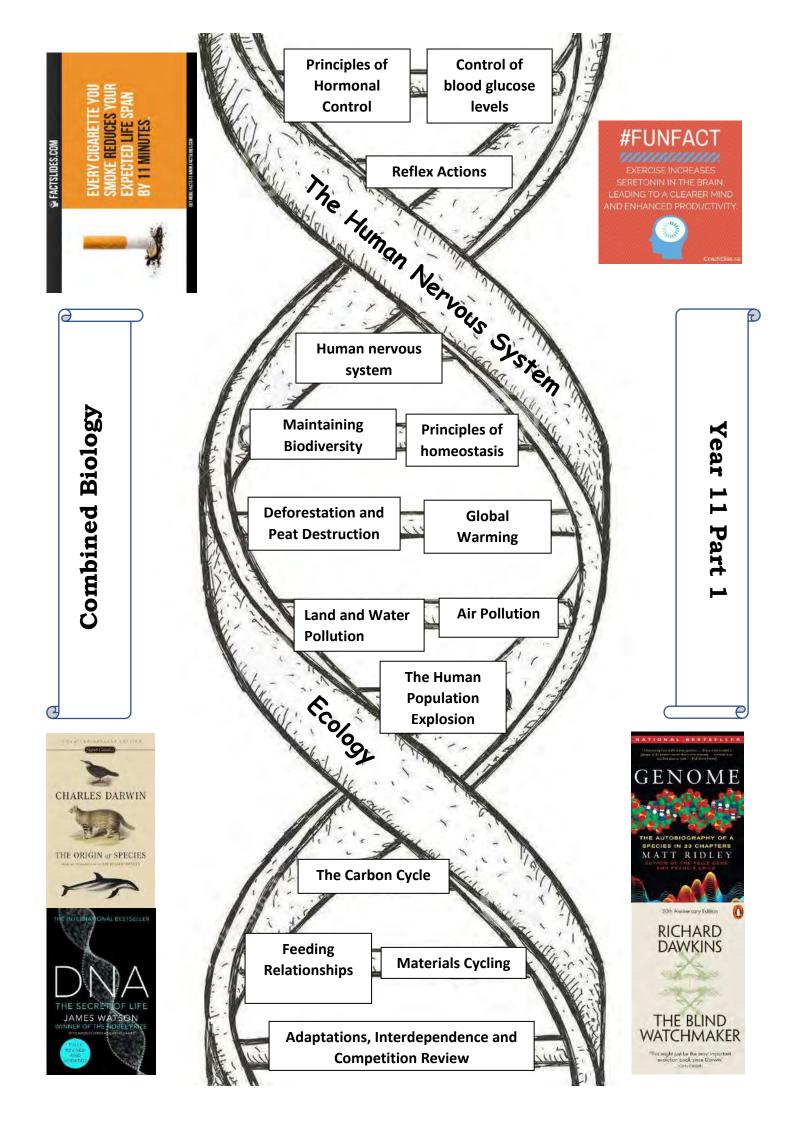
GCSE Exams

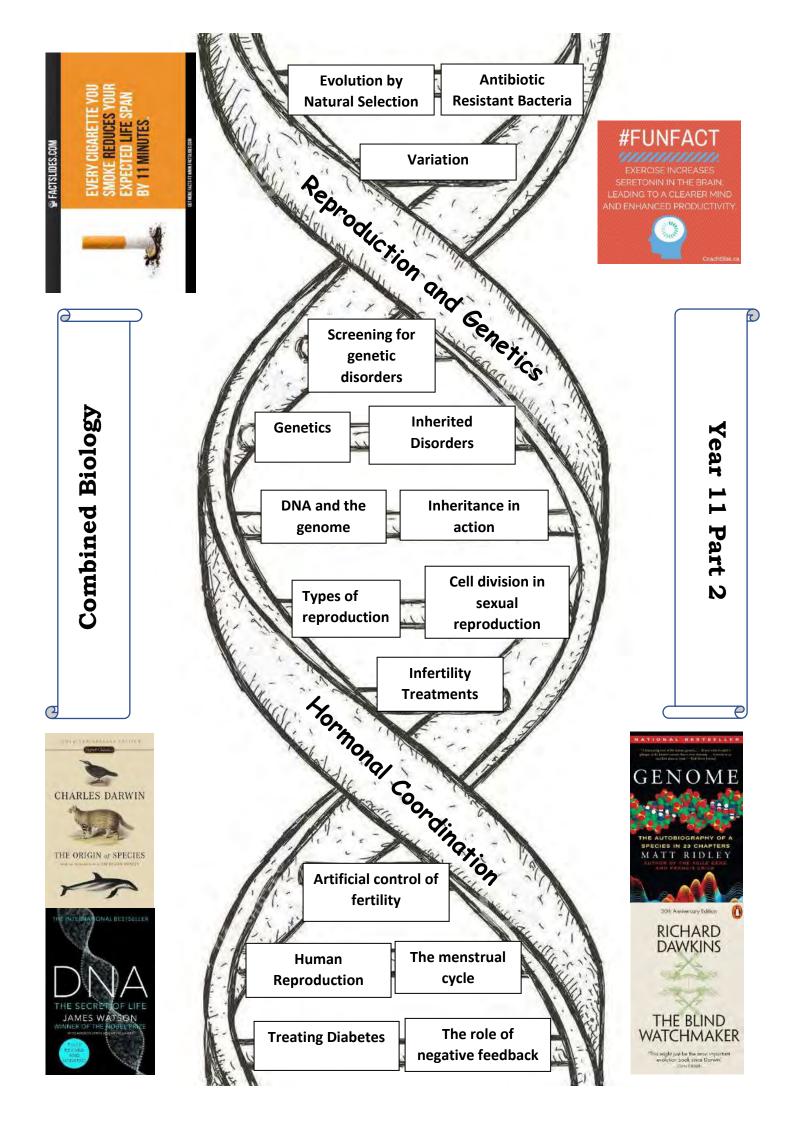
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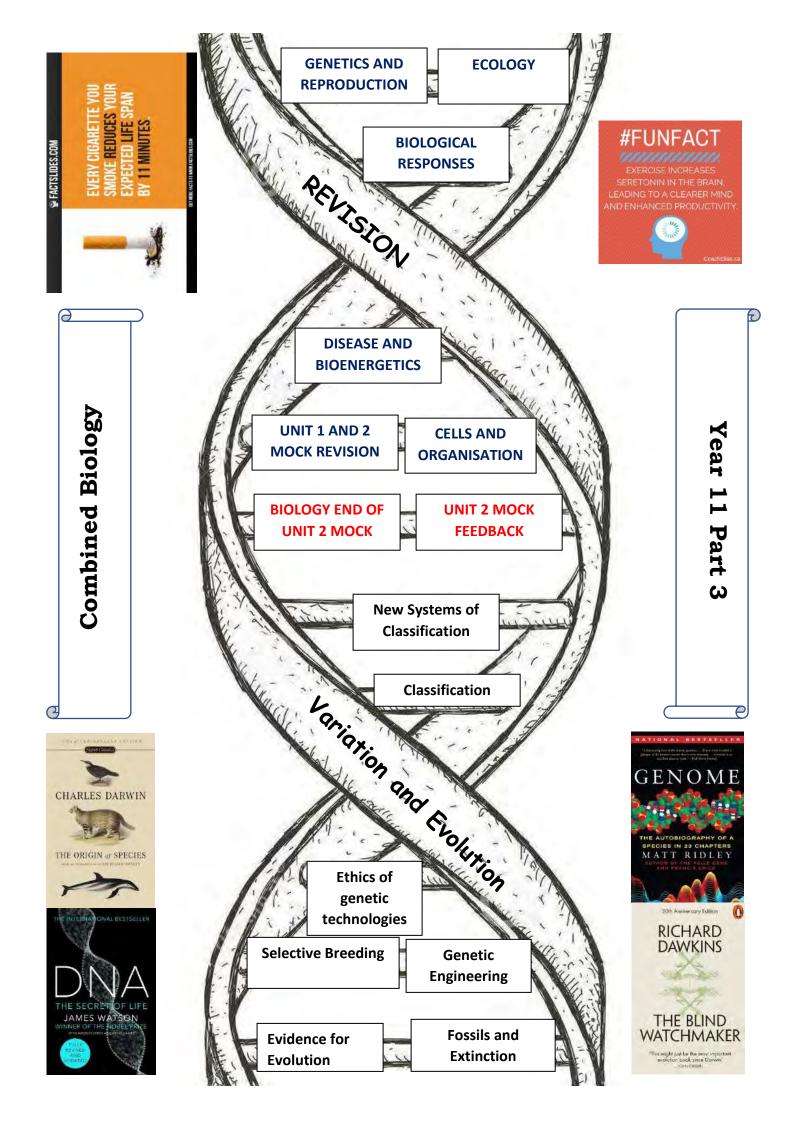


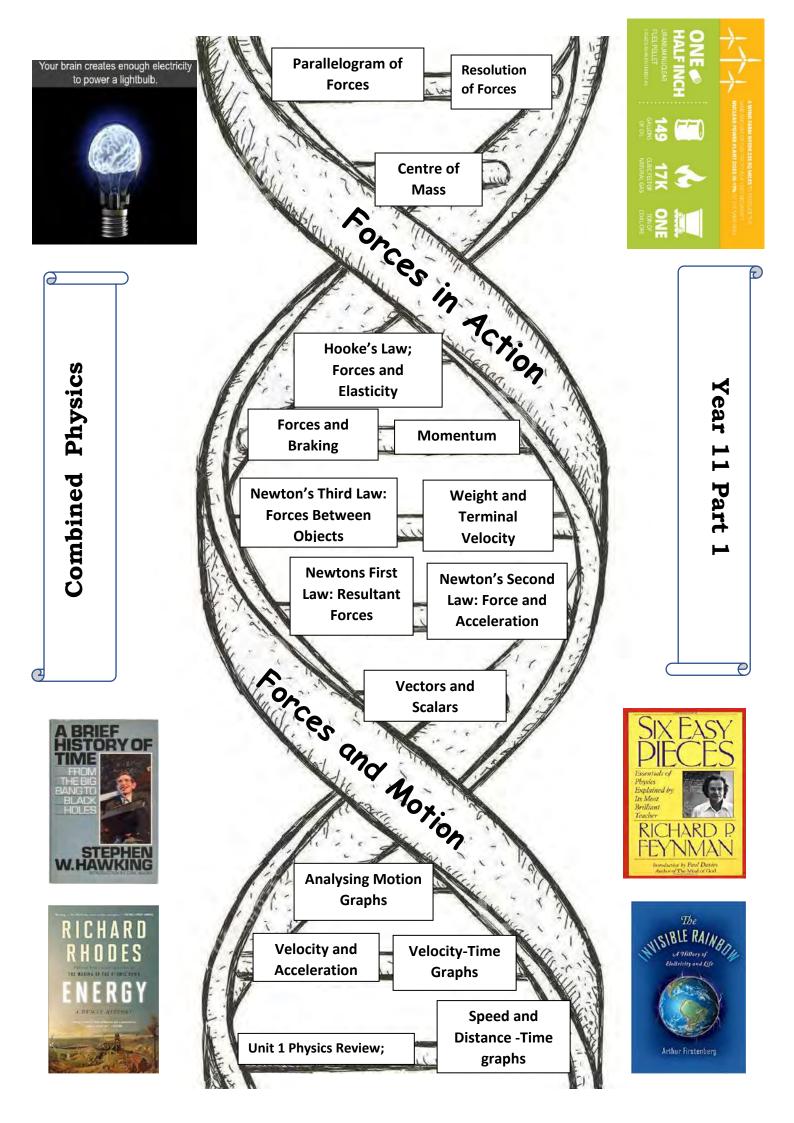


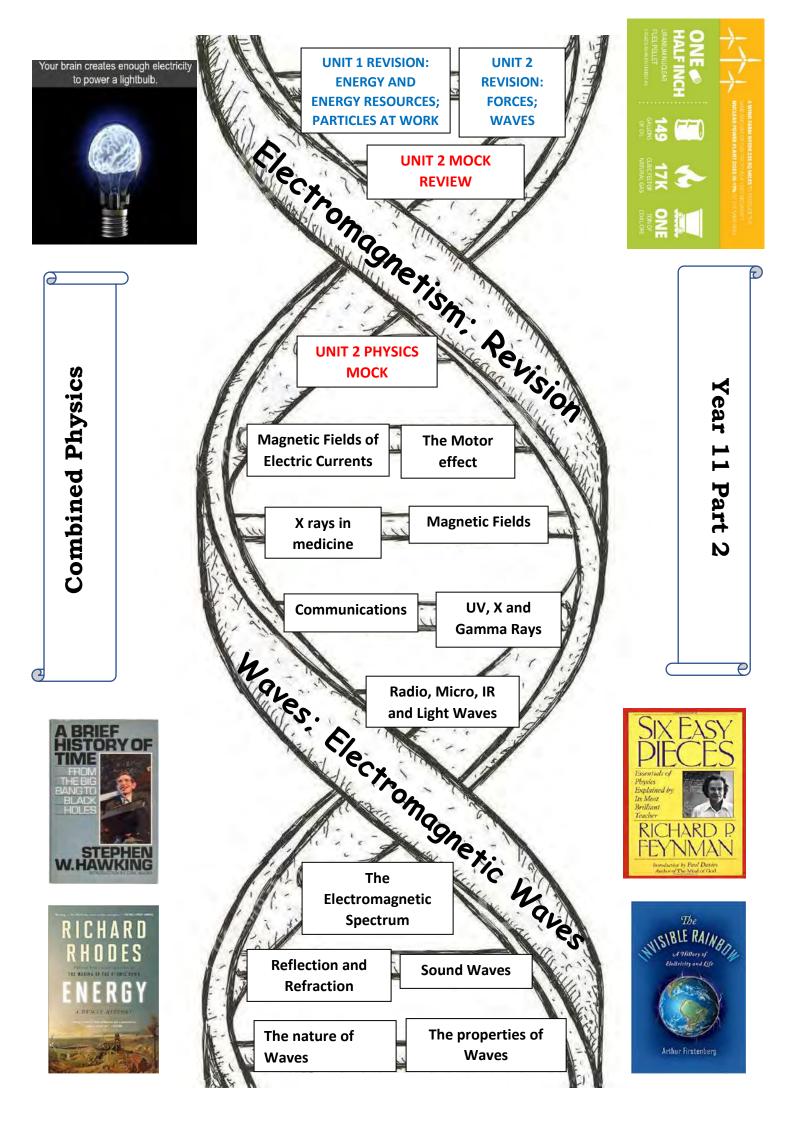


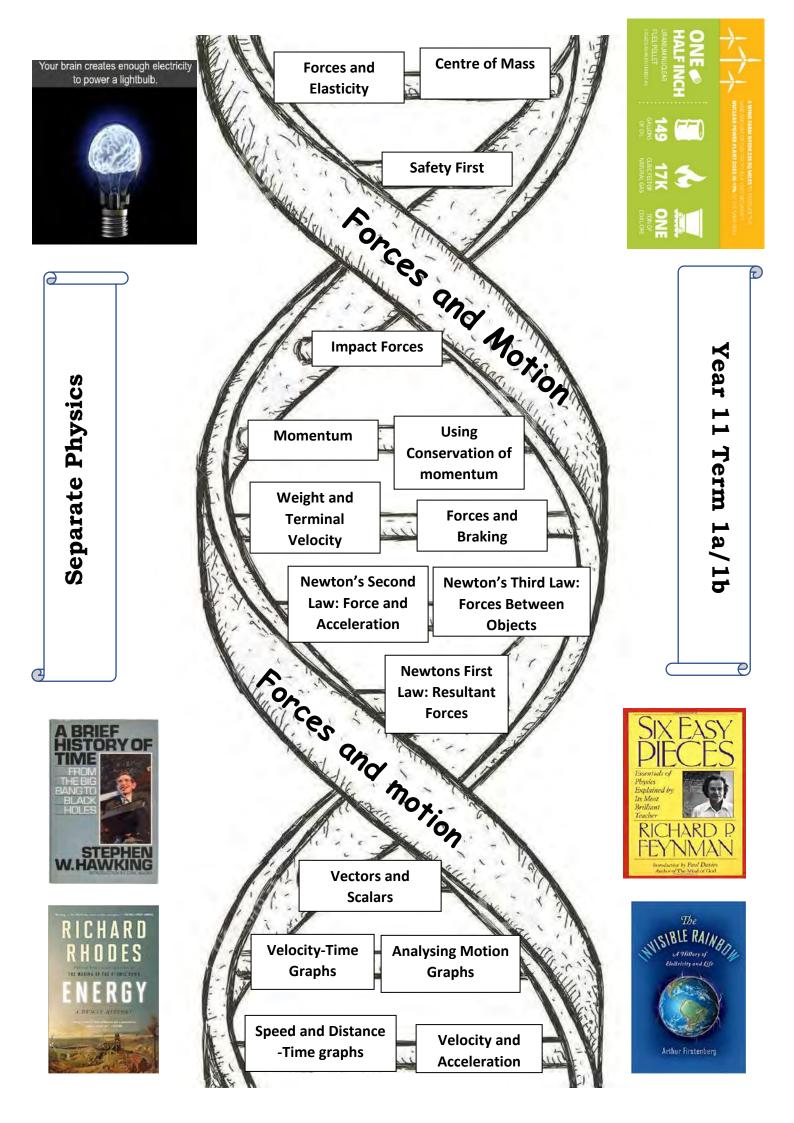


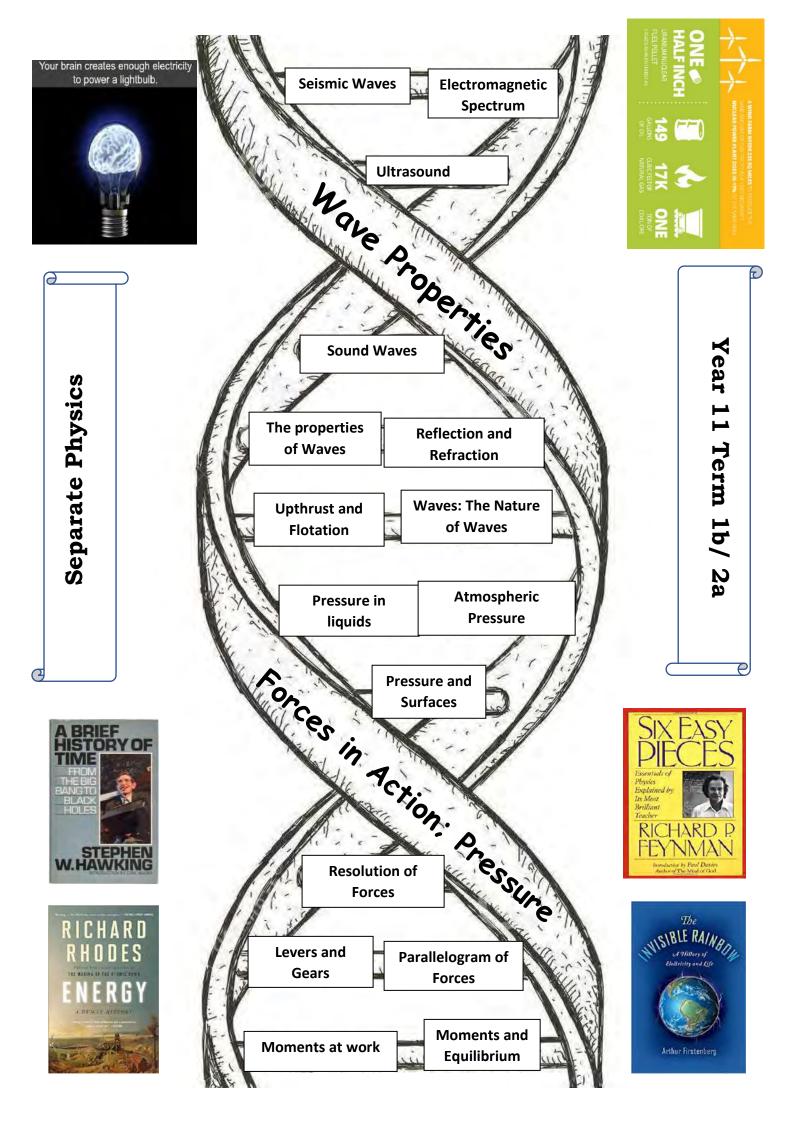


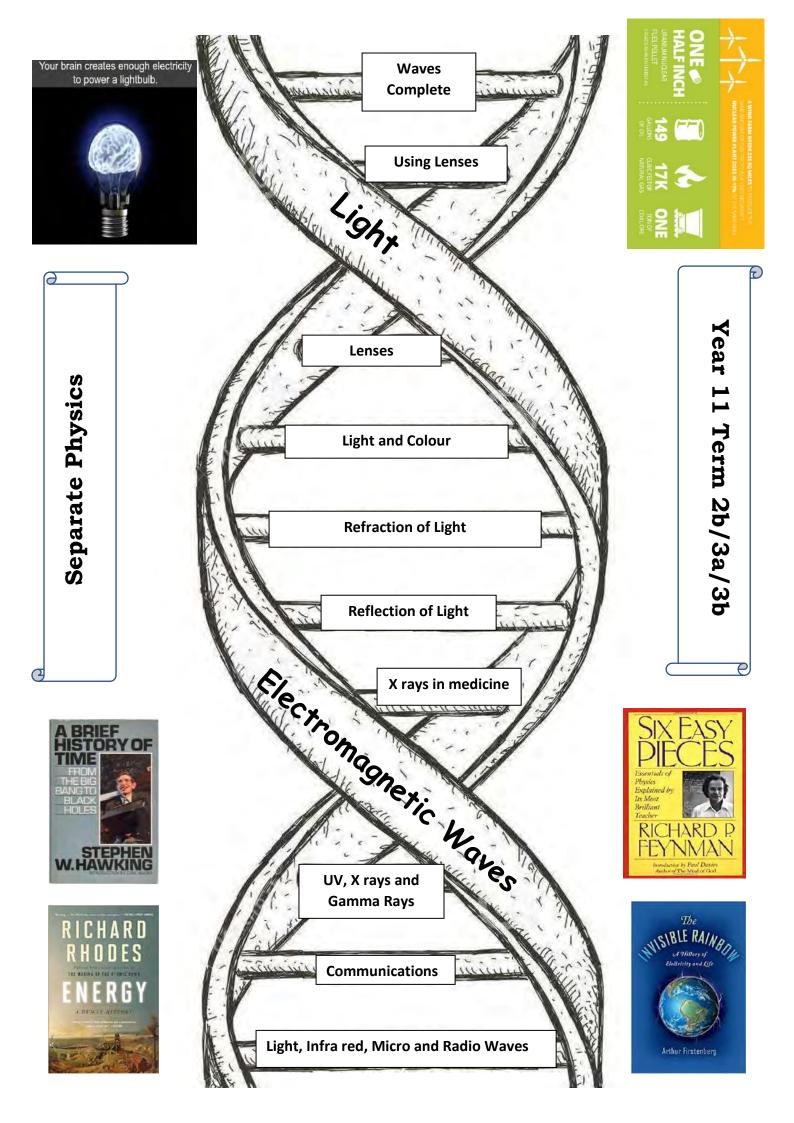


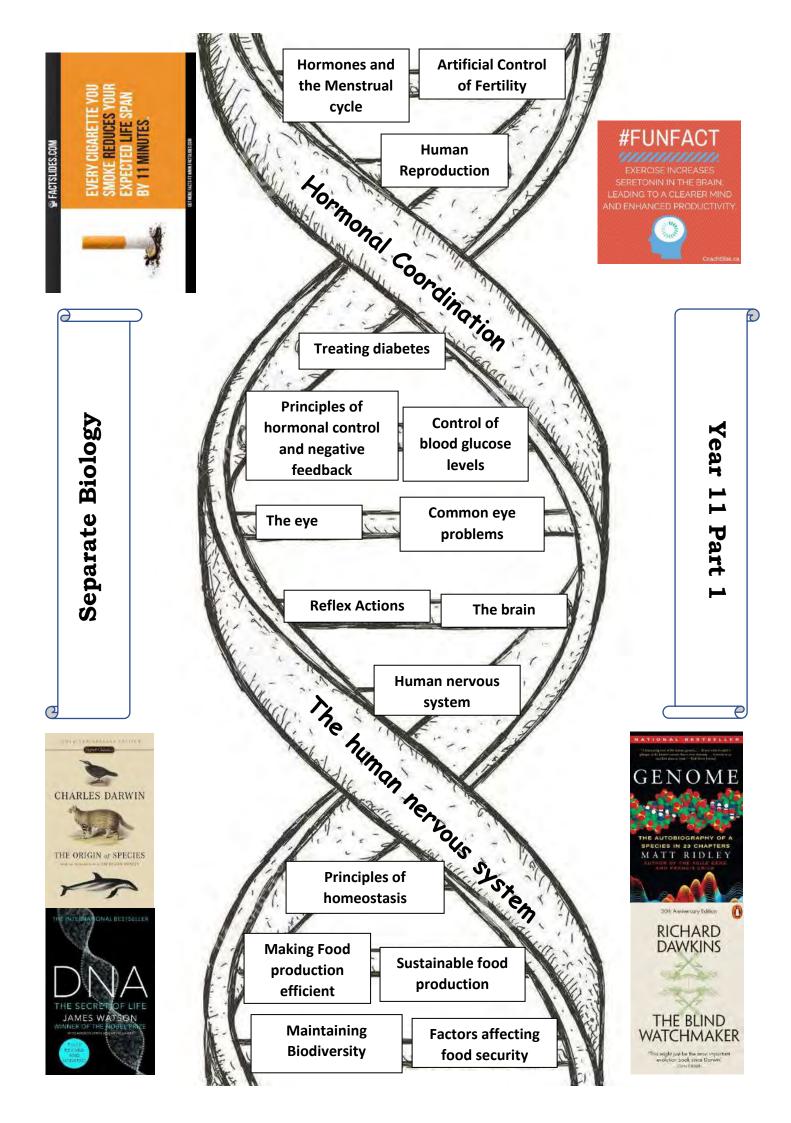


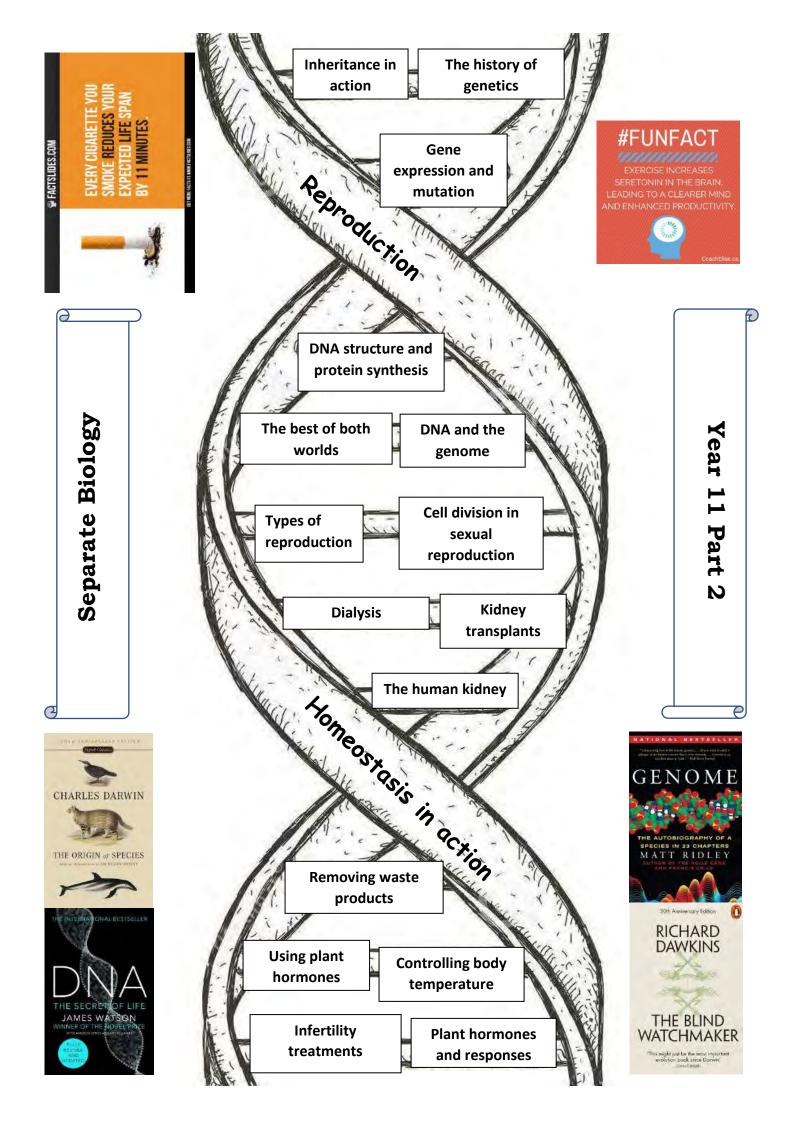


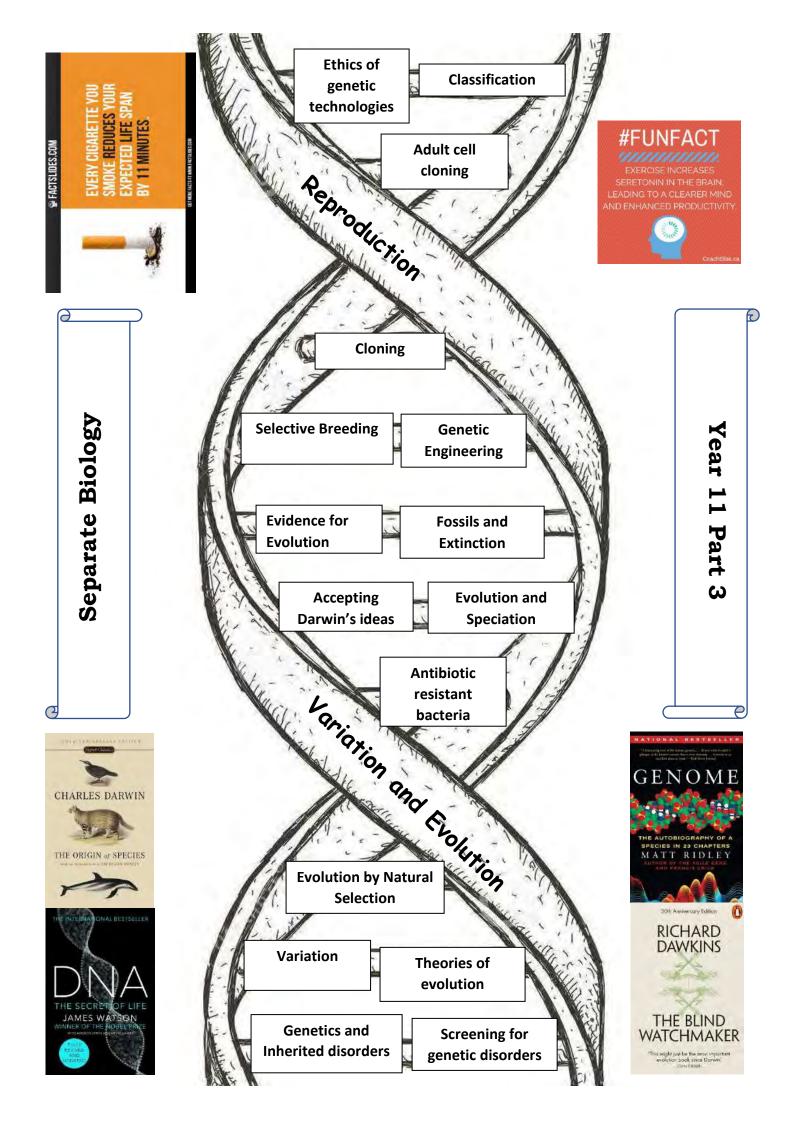


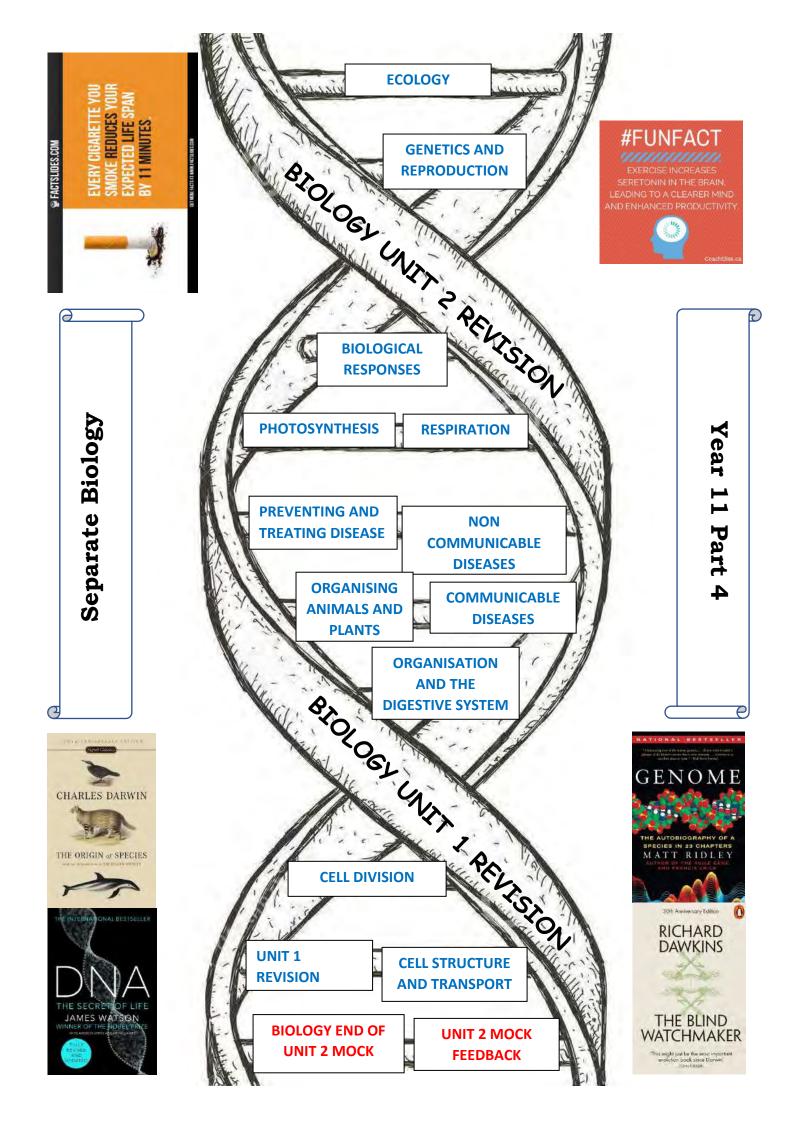


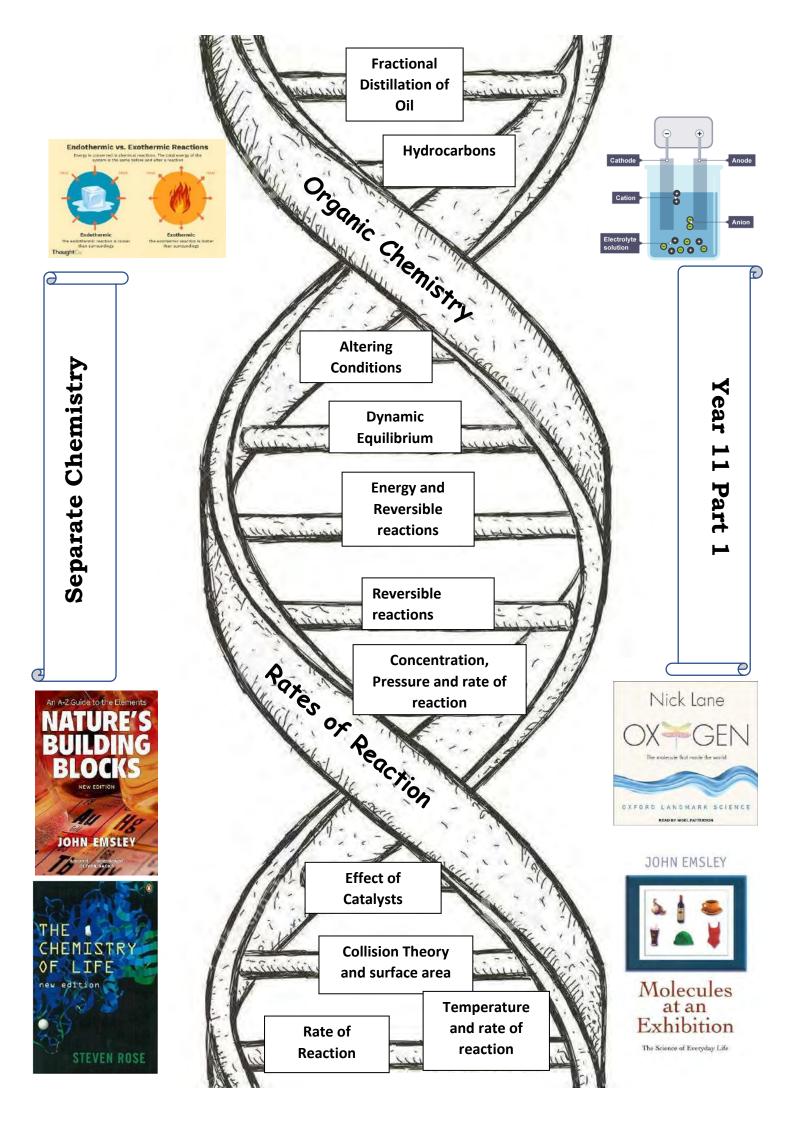


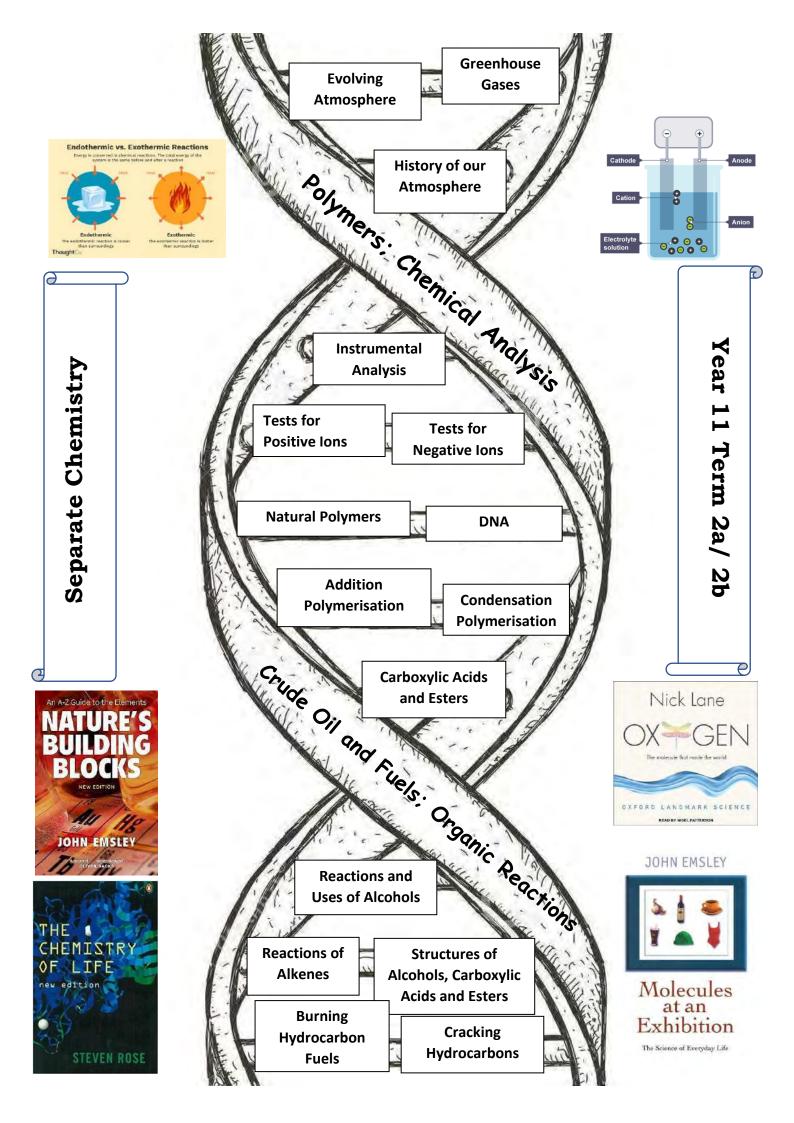


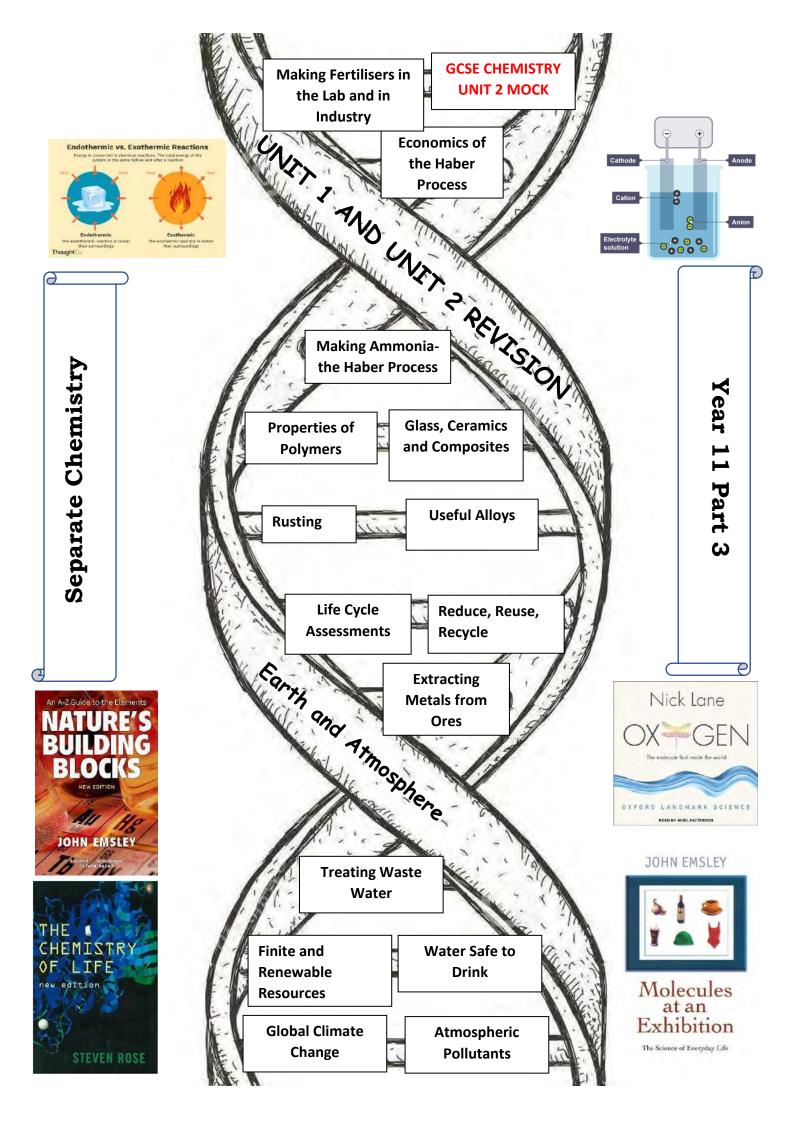












GCSE Religious Studies

Philosophy & Ethics: Existence of God

Revelation; Visions; Miracles; Religious Experiences; The Design Argument; The Cosmological Argument; The Existence of Suffering; Solutions to the Problem of Suffering

Did you know? Miracles are events that break the laws of Science.

Catholic Christianity: Beliefs & Teachings

The Trinity; Trinity in the Bible; Creation, Creation & the nature of humanity; The Incarnation; The Paschal Mystery; The Significance of the Paschal Mystery; Eschatology

bid you know? Christianity began in Jerusalem 2,000 years ago after the birth of Jesus Christ.

Judaism: Beliefs & Teachings

< The Almighty; The Shekhinah; The -Messiah; The covenant at Sinai; The covenant with Abraham; Sanctity of Life; Moral principles and the Mitzvot;

Life after death Did you know?

Judaism is an Abrahamic faiths, along with Christianity and Islam. They are monotheistic religions (they believe in one God.)

Catholic Christianity: Sources of Wisdom & Authority

The Bible; Interpretation of the Bible; The magisterium; The second Vatican Council The Church as the Body of Christ; the four marks of the Church; Mary as the model of the Church; Personal & ethical decision

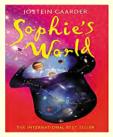
Making Did you know? Over 100 million copies of the Bible are sold each year.

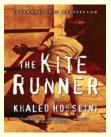
Mock exams

Mid module tests; End of module tests; Knowledge Checks; Walking Talking Mocks; Mid Year Mocks (Y10 & Y11), End of Year Mock (Y10)



Reading Books





Philosophy & Ethics: Relationships & Families

Marriage; Sexual Relationships; The Family; Support for the Family; Family Planning: Divorce, Annulment and Remarriage; Equality of Men and Women in the Family; Gender Prejudice and Discrimination.

Did you know? Marriage is Sacrament through which a covenant is formed between the man and women with God.

Catholic Christianity:

Practices The sacramental nature of reality; Liturgical worship; The funeral rite; Prayer; Forms of Popular Piety; Pilgrimage; Catholic Social Teaching; Catholic mission & evangelism Did you know?

A total of 70 miraculous healings have been recognised at Lourdes since 1858, when a 14year-old peasant girl claimed that she had seen the Virgin Mary in a cave

Judaism: Practices

Public acts of worship; The Tenakh & Talmud; Private prayer; The Shema & The Amidah; Ritual and ceremony; Shabbat; Festivals; Features of the

synagogue Did you know?

There are approximately 263,346 Jews in England and Wales. 60% of all UK Jews live in Greater London.

Catholic Christianity: Forms of Expression

& Ways of Life

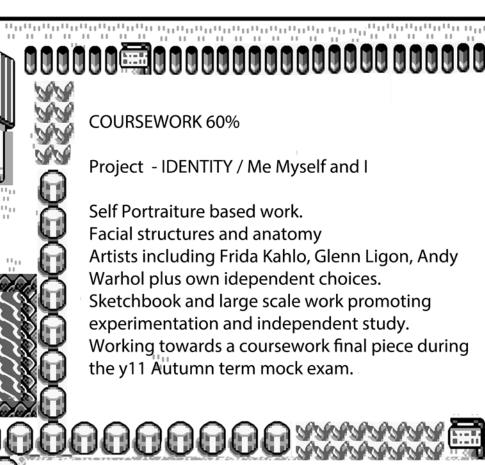
Catholic church architecture; Catholic church features; Sacred objects; Artwork in Catholicism; Sculpture & statues; Symbolism & imagery in religious art; Drama; Music in worship

Did you know? Early Christians used symbols to avoid detection in the Roman Empire when their religion was still illegal.

GCSE Religious Studies Exams

Exam Board: Edexcel

Catholic Christianity – 50% - 1hr & 45 mins Judaism – 25% - 50 mins Philosophy & Ethics – 25% - 50 mins



Autumn Term - Identity Spring Term - Exam Project

Completion of coursework project sessions After school and in lunch time open art studios.

EXAM 40% (January y11) Project title set by Edexcel. Independent study and development towards creating a final piece in the exam. All resources and experimentation in project sketchbooks to build towards the final piece.

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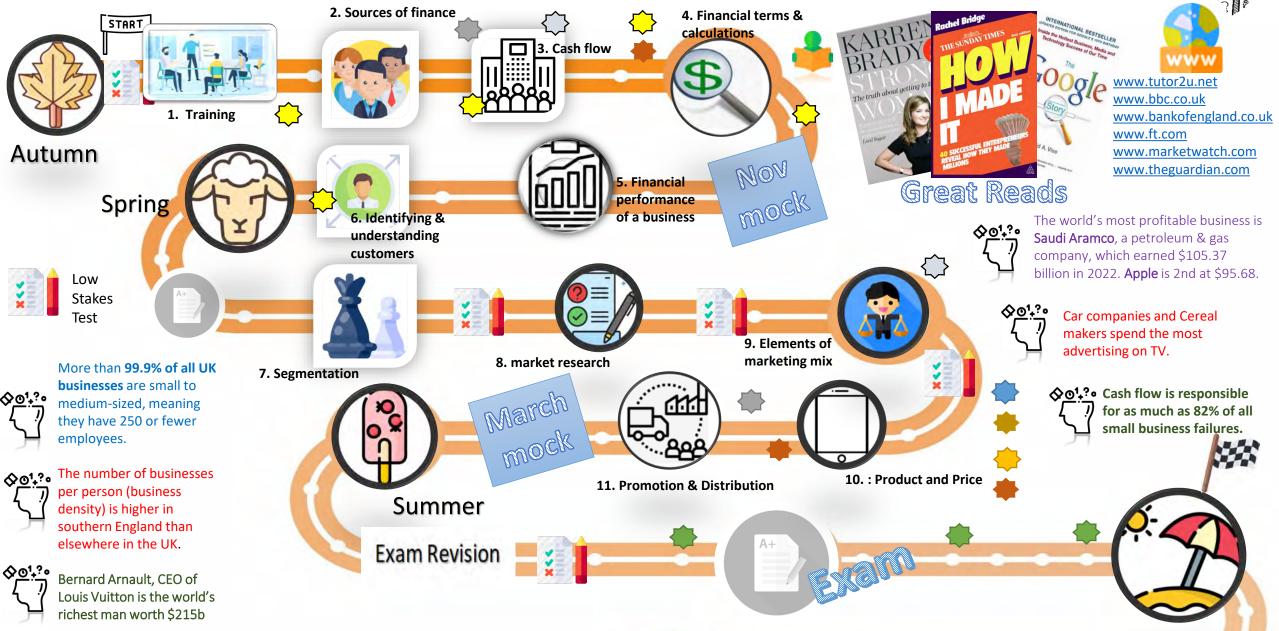
10 hour exam to complete final piece and hand in preparation work (sketchbooks)

GCSE Y11 ART RPG JOURNEY

- Year 11 Business Learning Journey -

Intent: Your teacher is preparing the next generation of entrepreneurs by exposing you to the very best of core theoretical and applied material, developing reflective and

independent learners who are analytical; curious and open-minded; enabling you to think; make decisions and solve complex problems like real working entrepreneurs.





Data representation

How computers represent numbers, text, images and sound using binary. The binary, decimal and hexadecimal number systems. Units of information. How data can be compressed to use less storage space.

Computer systems

Systems architecture. Boolean logic and logic circuits. Classification of software. Classification of programming languages and translators.

Cyber security

Cyber security threats including social engineering and malware. Methods to detect and prevent cyber security threats.

Networks

Advantages and disadvantages of computer networks. Types of computer network. Common network protocols. The TCP/IP model. Network security methods.

Advanced

programming Using subroutines in programs. Local vs global variables. Data structures: records. Using named constants in programs.

GCSE Assessment

There are two exam papers sat at the end of Year 11, each marked out of 90 and is worth 50% of the GCSE. *Paper 1: computational thinking and programming skills* assesses the topics related to programming and algorithms; *Paper 2: computing concepts* assesses the topics of data representation, computer systems, cyber security, networks and databases.

GCSE Computer Science: Learning Journey

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Programming

Inputs and outputs. Creating and using variables. Selection and iteration programming structures. String handling.

Further programming

Using random numbers. Data structures: arrays. Robust and secure programming.

Databases

Relational databases and database concepts. Writing programs to manipulate databases with SQL (Structured Query Language).

Algorithms

The concept of an algorithm. Well-known algorithms for searching and sorting. Write simple algorithms and determine the purpose of given algorithms. Compare the efficiency of algorithms. The principles of abstraction and decomposition.

Revision

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Preparation for GCSE exams including revision of all previouslystudied topics.

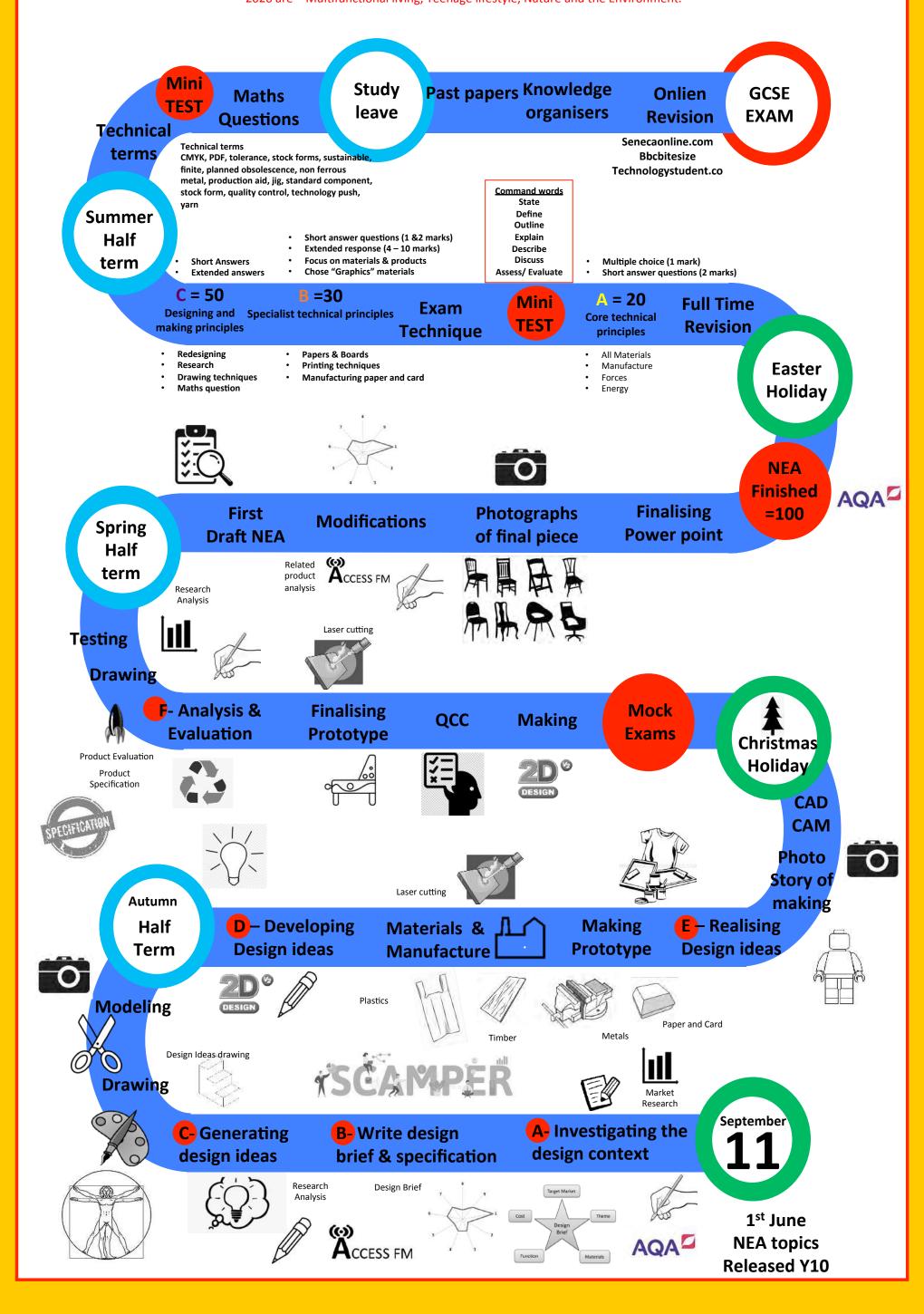
Design & Technology Year 11 Learning Journey

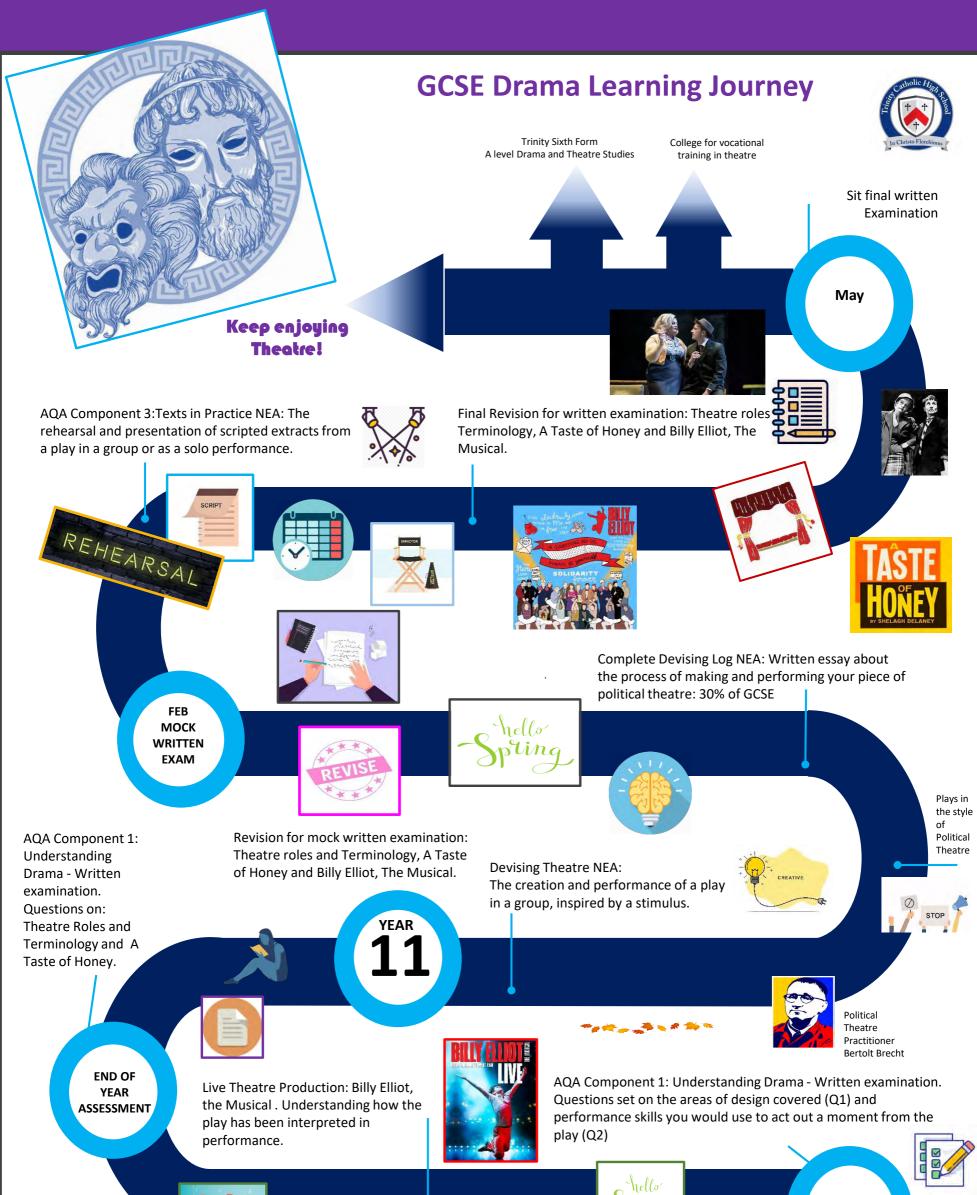
Remember – Understand – Apply – Analyse – Evaluate - Appraise

Exam board AQA^C Exam is worth 50% - NEA is worth 50%

GCSE Design and Technology will develop you skills in working with graphic design, paper and card and your knowledge of Design and Technology across a range of materials including textiles, electronics, timber but especially paper and boards. You will explore iterative designed concepts, review a range of past designs and designers, develop your drawing skills and find out about new and emerging technologies such as Laser cutting, 3D printing and smart materials. The NEA is a non-examined assessment which is similar to course-work. It will be worked on in lessons under teacher supervision but can be done at home. Students will have the final half term of year 10 and completed spring half term in year 11. It combines planning, designing, drawing and making skills in a

final product. Topics change every year and are released by AQA on June 1st. 2020 are – Multifunctional living, Teenage lifestyle, Nature and the Environment.







Welcone



MID YEAR ASSESMENT

A Taste of Honey is studied from the perspective of transforming it from page the stage. You will explore the play developing ideas as a director, designer and a performer





Immerse yourself in the 1950s: films, music, fashion & attitudes

Practical lessons in the first term will focus on building collaboration skills. This will include concentration and trust exercises to build confidence and to help establish a strong group dynamic



YEAR



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A Taste of Honey by Shelagh Delaney



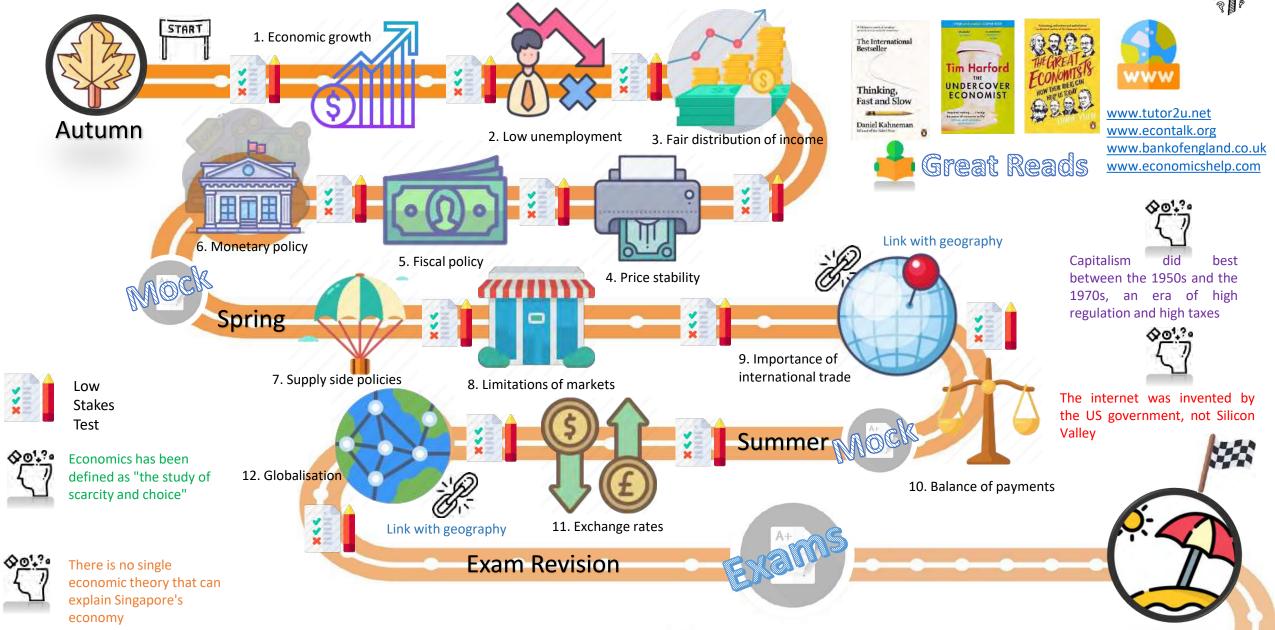


Essential Reading

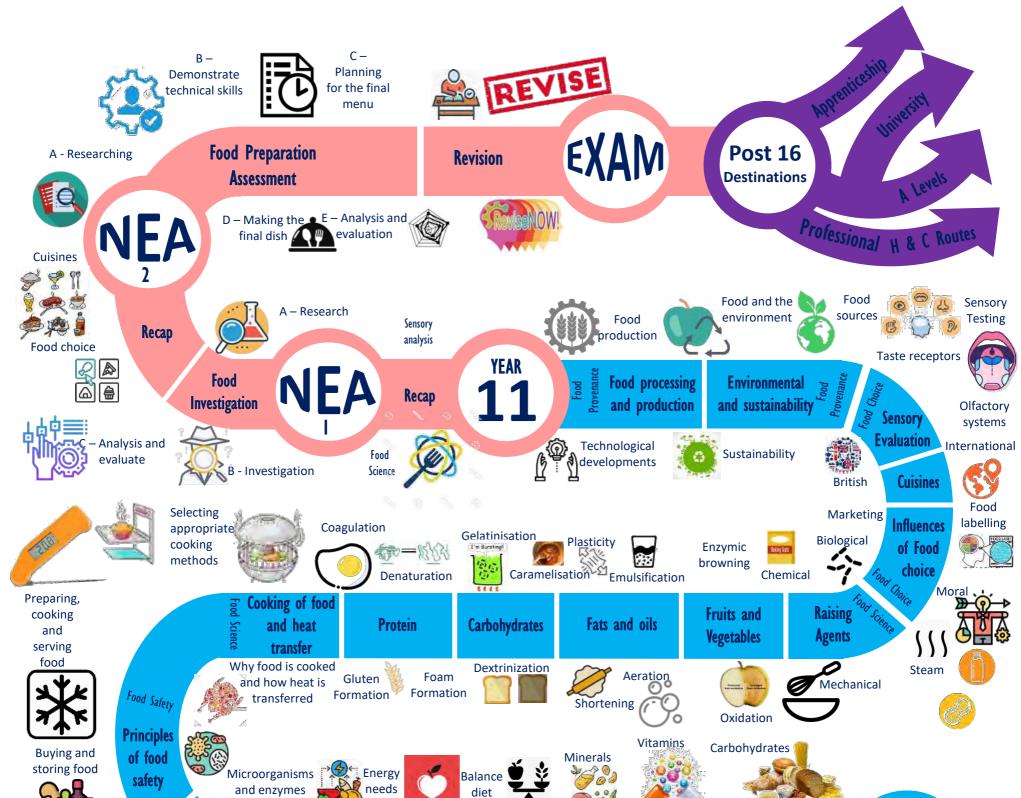
WE MUST ALL DO THEATRE TO FIND OUT WHO WE ARE AND TO DISCOVER WHO WE COULD BECOME

- Year 11 Economics Learning Journey -

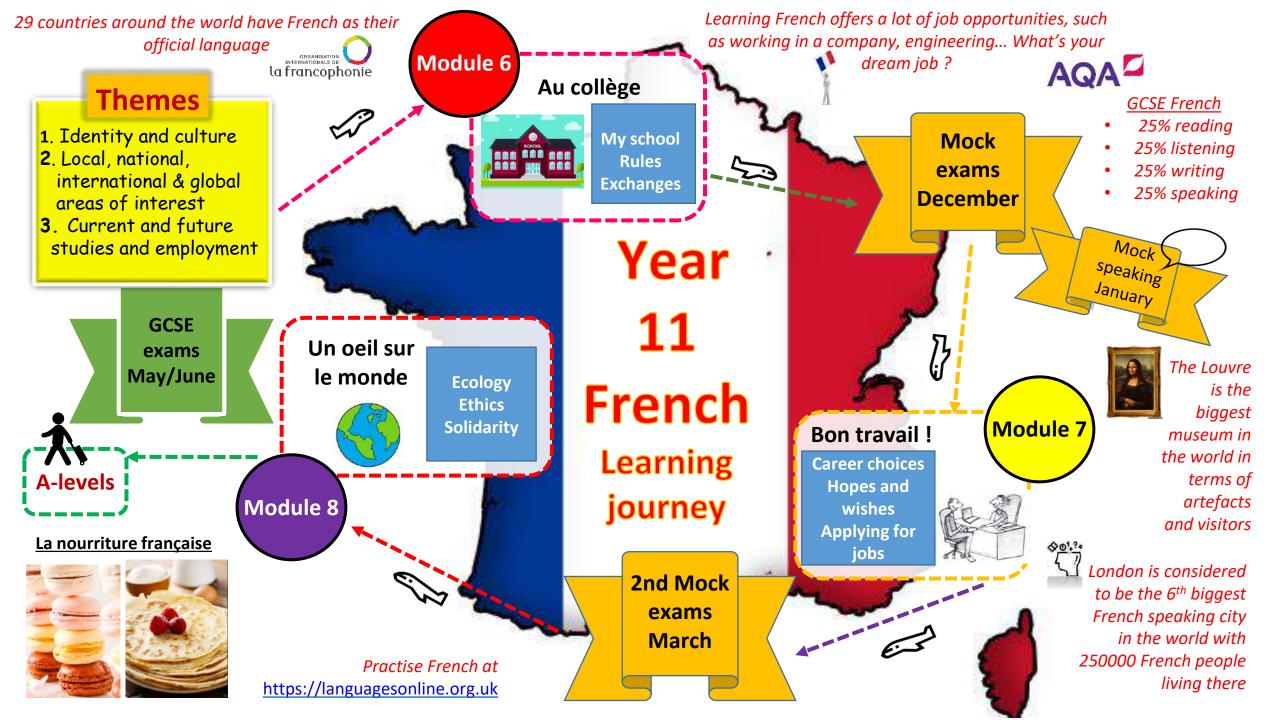
Intent: "To prepare the next generation of economists by exposing students to the very best of core theoretical and applied material, developing reflective and independent learners who are analytical; curious and open minded; enabling them to think; make decisions and solve complex problems like real working economists.



KS4 FOOD LEARNING JOURNEY

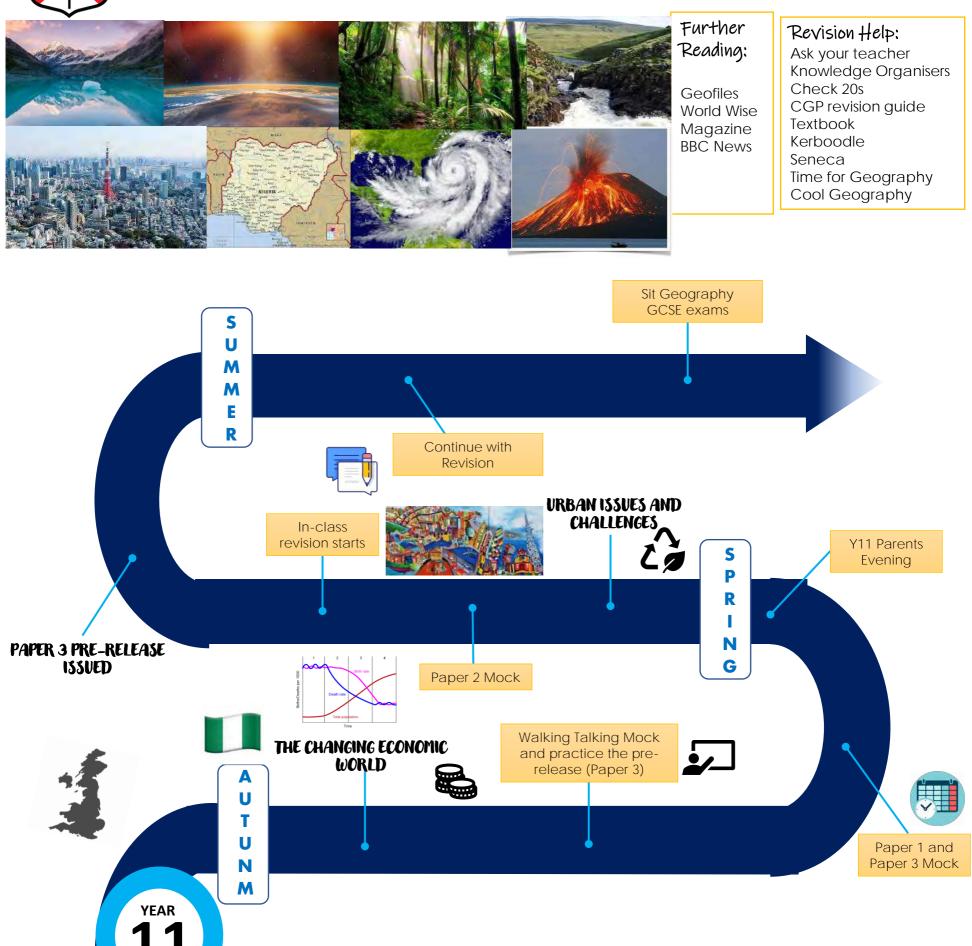








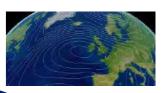
"Geography illuminates the past, explains the present and prepares us for the future. What could be more important than that?" Michael Palin

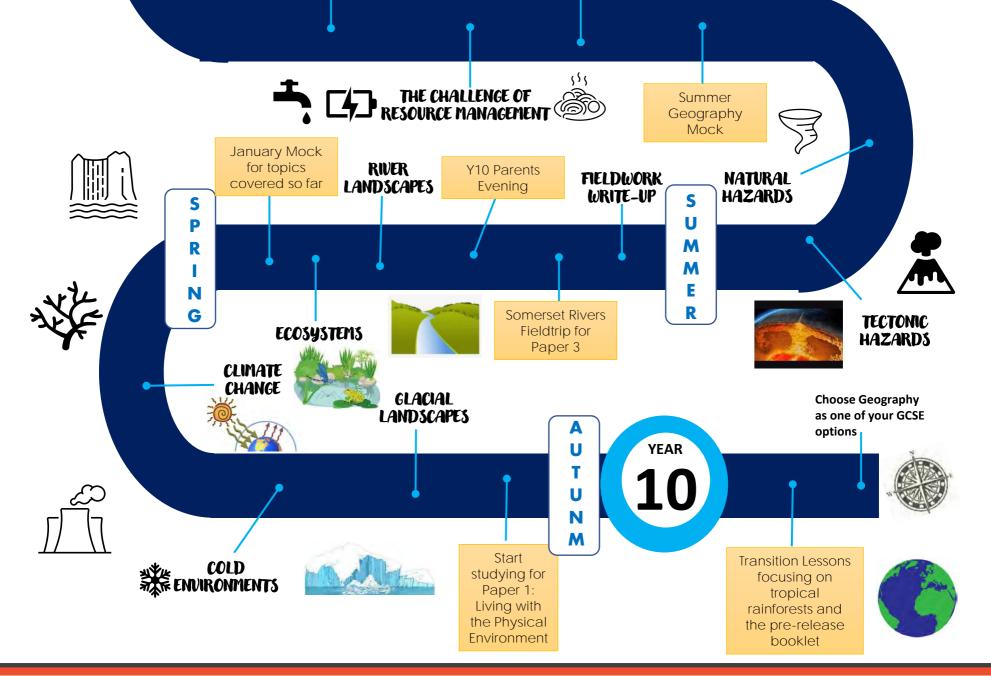


Have a relaxing summer and get prepared for Y11!



Start studying for Paper 2: Challenges in the Human Environment





GCSE HISTORY Learning Journey

Part 1:

Germany and the growth of democracy 1890-1923

- Kaiser Wilhelm and the difficulties of ruling Germany.
- The impact of WWI.
- Weimar democracy.

Part 2:

Germany and the Depression 1929-1934

- The impact of the Depression and the growth in support for the Nazi Party.
- The failure of Weimar democracy.
- The establishment of Hitler's dictatorship.

Part 3:

The experiences of Germans under the Nazis 1933-1945

- Economic changes.
- Social policy and practice.
- How Hitler kept control.

Unit 3: GERMANY 1890-1945 Democracy and Dictatorship

Exam Questions:

Q1 – Q3 will be based on two written interpretations. The authors of these interpretations will have been present when an event took place, but they will have written their interpretation of the event a number of years later.

Q1. How do the interpretations differ?

Q2. Why do the interpretations differ?

Q3. Which interpretation is most convincing?

Q4. Describe – you will need to describe two key features or characteristics of a topic you have studied.

Q5. Explain – you will need to explain in what ways a group or development was affected by something.

Q6. Evaluate – you must write an essay weighing up two bullet points. They might be causes (e.g. which played the most important role in causing a development) or consequences (e.g. which was affected most by...)

GCSE HISTORY Learning Journey

Part 1:

The Origins of the Cold War

- Events at the end of WWII
- Relations between world superpowers in 1945
- The development and evolution of East-West rivalry
- The significance of events in Asia

Part 2:

The Development of the Cold War

- Military rivalries
- Uprising in Hungary
- Spies
- Possibility of peace?
- The division of Berlin and the building of the wall
- JFK in Berlin

Part 3:

Transformation of the Cold Ware

- Tensions over Cuba
- The Cuban Missile Crisis
- Consequences of the Crisis
- Prague Spring
- East-West relations after events in Czechoslovakia
- Brezhnev Doctrine

CONFLICT AND TENSION BETWEEN EAST AND WEST 1945-1972

Exam Questions:

Q1. Source A supports… how do you know? (4 marks)

Analyse the content of the source and the provenance.

Q2. How useful are sources A and B…? (12 marks)

Refer to both sources and analyse usefulness in terms of contextual knowledge.

Q3. Write an account of… (8 marks)

Focus on explaining cause and consequence. Describe, explain and analyse how an event or situation came about.

Q4. Quotation given. How far do you agree with the statement? (16 marks + 4 SPaG)

Develop arguments in support of the quotation and also counter-arguments to show the extent to which you agree and then make an overall judgement.

ADDITIONAL READING









THE HUNT FOR RED OCTOBER



GCSE MEDIA STUDIES YEAR 11 LEARNING JOURNEY



NEA Coursework

A unit which requires students, to create print media productions in one of two available briefs. This unit is worth 30% of the overall GCSE qualification.



TERM IB NOV-DEC

2A Television

An in-depth study of the television industry. A focus text is used to study television - Luther and this compared to an oldmedia product in the same genre - The Sweeney.



TERM 2A JAN-FEB

2b Music

An investigation into the music industry studied through a focus on two set music videos and their artists' websites along with a study of an older music video to compare them to.



TERM 2B FEB-APR

Revision

An revision unit which covers all of the Year 10/11 content in preparation for the end-of year public exams.



TERM 3A

APR-JUN

Revision Unit

An revision unit which covers all of the Year 10/11 content in preparation for the end-of year public exams.

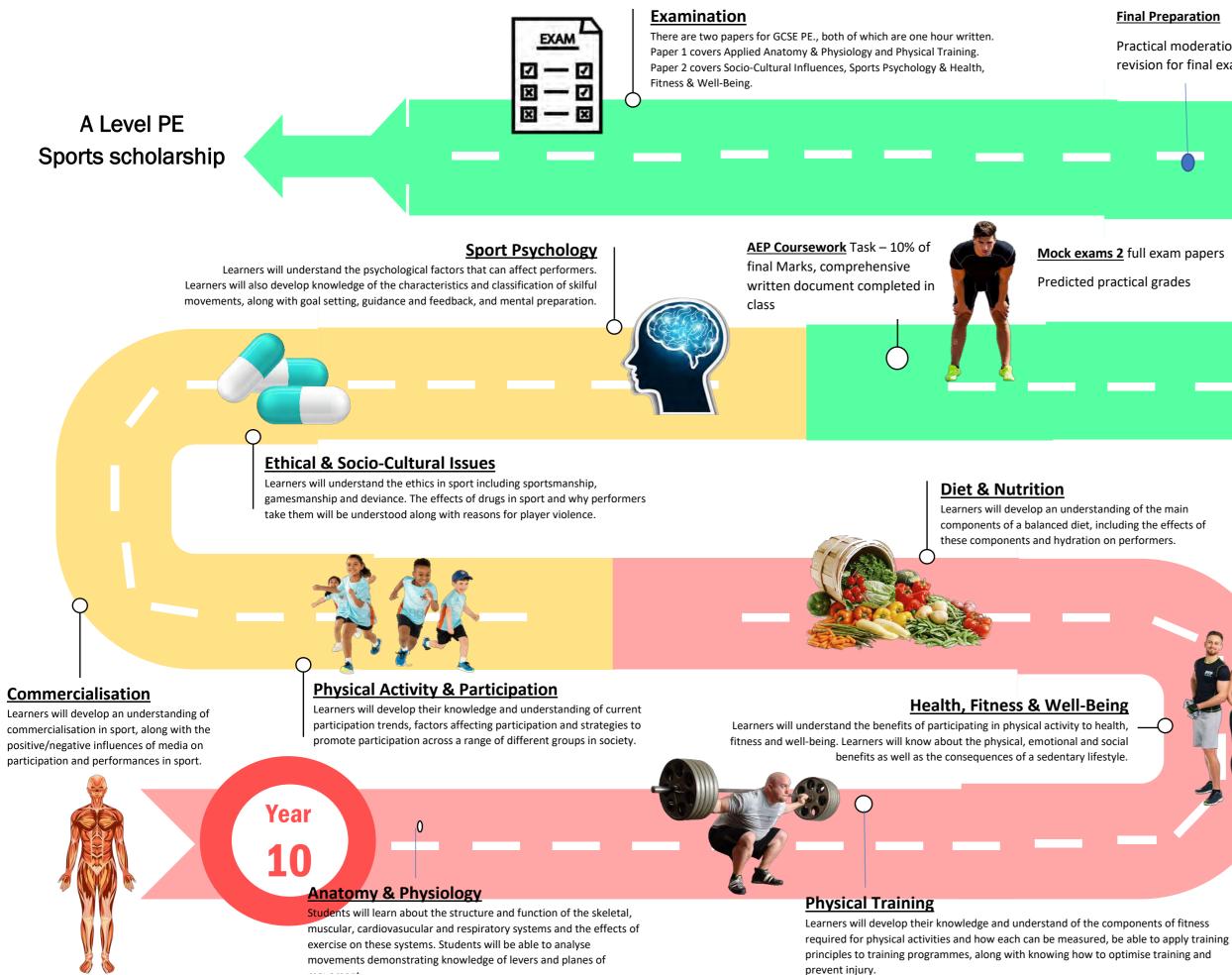


TERM 3B **Course Complete**

Music GCSE Learning Journey		Performing: 30% =4 mins 1 solo piece 1 ensemble piece (60 marks)	Composing: 30% = 3 min 1 student set brief 1 exam board set brief. (60 marks)	Exam; Listening & Appraising 40% Section A: short Q's on Set works Section B: Comparative essay 1hr 45min (80 marks)
Year 10: Autumn term <u>Course content</u> Analysis of set works and related background. <u>Instrumental Music 1700-1820</u> (Bach: Brandenburg Concerto no 5 3 rd movement & Beethoven: Piano Sonata no 8 1 st movement)	Skills used: Performance: Building on instrumental/vocal skills through solo performance practise. Compositional: exploring melodic writing, chord sequences and simple structure. Analytical: identifying instruments, keys, chords and devices.	(60 marks)	(60 marks) Year 10: Spring term Course content Analysis of set works and background. <u>Vocal Music</u> (Purcell: Music for o Queen: Killer Queen	related <i>While &</i>
Classical and performance. romantic Compositiona orchestra, composition 1 a	preparation for solo I: finalise and complete. (15%) tifying instruments, levices, the each set work. Skills used: Performance: Recording of Solo & Ensemble performance (30%) Compositional: work on Set	Links Geography	Skills used: Performance: use instruments/voices to perfor sections from set works. Compositional: start with for composition 1 Analytical: identifying instru- text setting devices, vocal techniques. ear 11: Spring term evision/Exam technique/ La xams ecord Composition 2 Set Brit	h ideas ruments,
<u>Fusions</u> (Afro Celt Sound System: Release & Esperanze Spalding: Samba Em Prelu	<i>dio)</i> brief composition Analytical: identifying instruments, compositional devices, cultural features.	social contexts.	4	



Trinity Catholic High School GCSE PE Learning Journey



Final Preparation

Practical moderation and revision for final exams





SCAN HERE to see the OCR GCSE PE specification and the content you will cover in more detail.







GCSE Physical Education Breakdown

Examination – 60% Practical Assessment – 30% Analyse & Evaluate Performance – 10%

Practical Assessment (30%)

For GCSE PE, you will be assessed in 3 sports, with a maximum of 2 from either the Individual or team category.

You will need to keep a competitive logbook of all the events that you do within your chosen sports. Your teacher will assess you in these sports. Any 'off-site' sports will need video evidence.

The list of available sports and more information of off-site video evidence can be found by scanning the QR Code above.

Analyse & Evaluate Performance (10%)

For one of your chosen sports, you will need to create a piece of coursework to demonstrate your ability to analyse and evaluate their own performance.

Learners will need to include:

- Analyse aspects of personal performance in a practical activity.

- Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the performance.

- Produce an action plan which aims to improve the quality and effectiveness of the performance.

Scan the QR Code above to find out more information.

Topic 1

Conformity

- Why do people conform?
- Reasons for conformity
 ISI/NSI
- Research studies in conformity; Asch line study
- Social and dispositional factors that explain conformity
- Group size
- Anonymity
- Task difficulty
- Personality
- Experience

Exam questions format:

Explain how personality can affect conformity [3 marks].

Topic 3: Prosocial behaviour

- What is prosocial behaviour?
- What factors might increase the likelihood of bystander behaviour? What factors might decrease the likelihood of prosocial behaviour?
- Presence of others
- Cost of helping
- Similarity of the victim
- Experience
- <u>Studies into prosocial</u> <u>behaviour</u>
- Piliavin's subway study

Exam questions format:

Outline how expertise ---affect bystander behav [3 marks]

GCSE PSYCHOLOGY Learning Journey UNIT 5 – Social Influence

Topic 2: Obedience

- What is obedience? How is it different to conformity?
- Why do people obey?
- Factors affecting obedience?
- Authority
- Culture

Obedience

Proximity
 <u>Studies/ Theories of</u>
 <u>obedience;</u>
 Milgram's study
 Milgram's agency theory
 Adorno's theory of
 dispositional factors

Exam questions format: Describe and evaluate Milgram's agency theory [9 marks]

Topic 4:

Crowd and collective behaviour

- How do people act in a crowd?
- What is antisocial behaviour?
- What is deindividuation?
- Factors affecting crowd and collective behaviour.
- Social loafing
- Culture
- Personality
- Morality
- Studies in crowd collective
- behaviour
- Reicher's study

Exam questions format:

Describe and evaluate one study that investigated crowd behaviour [6 marks]

Topic 1

Piaget's theory: Language depends on thought versus Sapi Whorf hypothesis

An ongoing debate: What comes first language or thought? Piaget argues that language is influenced or our though. Here we will examine the stages of development in closer detail with how language is also developed. In contrast Sapir Whorf argues that thinking depends on language.

Exam questions format:

Piaget's view claimed that language depends on though. Describe and evaluate the relationship between language and thought according to Piaget [9 marks]

Topic 3: Nonverbal communication

In this topic students will examine the four factors that make up or NVC: eye contact, body language and personal space.

In this topic students will be exploring Darwin's evolutionary theory of how NVC is a product of evolution. The theory of NVC being a product of learned behaviour is also explored within this topic.

Exam questions format:

Explain how research into neonates can be used to support the theory that non-verbal behaviour is innate. Evyapiorto IA Obrigado () الله Merci Danka vie Thank you Gra کمکر الکال الک

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GCSE PSYCHOLOGY Learning Journey

UNIT 6 – Language thought and communication

Topic 2: Human and animal communication

In this topic students will explore the differences between human and animal communication. Key studies include Von Frisch's bee study and studies in how animal factors such as survival, oproduction and territory and food. Exam questions format:

Identify four functions of animal communication [4 marks]

Topic 4: • Yuki's study of emoticons

Yuki's study explored if humans interpret facial expressions in the same way across the world. He conducted a study to test if there is a difference between how people from Japan and United States interpret emoticons. This is a key study.

Exam questions format:

Describe what Yuki's study of emoticon show us about nonverbal communication [6 marks]

Topic 1 Structure and function of the nervous system

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In this topic students will explore the structure of the nervous system. This includes the subdivisions of the human nervous system the CNS and ANS.

Students will learn about the autonomic nervous system as well as the features involved in the fight or flight response. Students will link the physiological effects of the body to explain emotion by exploring the James-Lange theory of emotion.

Exam questions format:

⁶Explain the structure and the function of the autonomic nervous system [4 marks]

Topic 3:

Structure and function in the brain

Our knowledge of the structures of the brain will be revisited from GCSE Science and in detail each structure of the brain will be explored the frontal lobe, parietal lobe, occipital lobe, temporal lobe and the cerebellum as well as their features will be studied. Students will have an ever closer look of the function of the brain by exploring localisation of functions. The motor area, somatosensory area, visual area, auditory area and language area will be explored.

> Exam questions format: Use your knowledge of localisation of function to explain what would happen if a person damaged the language areas of their brain [4 marks]

GCSE PSYCHOLOGY Learning Journey

UNIT 7 – Brain and neuropsychology Topic 2:

Neuron structure and function

Students will need to consolidate their knowledge of the structure of a sensory, relay and motor neuron. Synaptic transmission will be explored.

Hebb's theory of learning will be introduced and students will learn one of the amazing feature of the brain and that is the plasticity of the brain.

Exam questions format:

Describe and evaluate Hebb's theory of learning. [9 marks] Topic 4:

An introduction to neuropsychology

Cognitive neuroscience is the scientific study of how biological structures such as areas of the brain, influence or control mental processors. Students will explore what will happen if there is neurological damage to various areas of the brain and the consequences that will have. For example, damage to the Broca's area will lead to damage to speech production. Students will explore the different scanning techniques neuroscientists use to study the brain, CT scan, PET scan and fMRI scan as well as their strengths and limitations. Interesting studies such as Tulving 'gold' memory study and Penfield epilepsy study will be explored.

Topic 1 Introduction to mental health

In order for students to understand mental health and the reasons for psychological problems, students first need to be up-to-date with the latest statistics of mental health problems.

In this topic students will also understand how time changes our understanding of mental heath.

Exam questions format:

'Mental health problems have less of a social stigma than they did in the past'. Outline what is meant by this statement. [3 marks]

Topic 3: Addiction

Students will be able to define addiction and methods of diagnosing addiction.

- 1. Students will explore the biological explanation that argues addiction has hereditary factors. Kaij's twin study of alcohol abuse will be explored.
- 2. Students will explore the psychological explanation that argues addiction is influenced by peer influence and that it is mainly an example of learned behaviour.

Lastly, students will explore the treatment methods for addiction. Aversion therapy and selfmanagement will be explored.

Exam questions format: With reference to an addiction explain what self-management programme involves. [4 marks]

GCSE PSYCHOLOGY Learning Journey UNIT 8 – Psychological problems

Topic 2: Depression

Students will explore the difference types of depression.

- Clinical depression
- Sadness and depression
- Unipolar depression
- Bipolar depression

Students will explore how to diagnose depression using ICD-10.

Theories of depression: Students will learn a theoretical approach to reasons why people become depressed: biological and psychological explanation:

1. Biological explanation explore the role of neurotransmitters. This explanation argues that depression forms due to imbalance of serotonin.

Did that

really

happen?

2. Psychological explanation argues the reason why people develop depression is because of faulty thinking, negative schemas and attributions.

Lastly, within this topic students will learn the different methods of treating depression. Antidepressant medication and Cognitive behaviour therapy.

Exam questions format:

Briefly outline what are the two treatments to treating depression [9 marks]

Year 11 Spanish Learning Journey Module 6 — De costumbre Module 5— Ciudades Describing mealtimes and daily routines Talking about places in a town November - Mock Talking about illnesses and injuries Describing the features of a region Exams - Listening, Discussing typical foods and ordering food Planning what to do **Reading & Writing** Translation, Comparing different festivals A Shopping for clothes and presents reading literary ぐ Describing a special day Talking about the problems in a town Talking about a music festival Grammar: se puede(n), the future and texts Grammar: the passive and avoiding it, reflexive conditional tenses, demonstrative adjectives verbs in the preterite, absolute superlatives, expressions followed by an infinitive Themes You will be able to... Module 7— iA currar! 1. Identity and culture understand and express ideas in OUTPUT INPUT ٠ Discussing job preferences spoken and written Spanish 2. Local, national, Talking about how you earn money ٠ international & alobal develop transferable language skills ٠ Talking about work experience in listening, speaking, reading, areas of interest speaking 4 Discussing the importance of learning languages translation and writing 3. Current and future Applying for a summer job 4 develop a core of grammatical studies and employment ۵ Discussing gap years knowledge reading Explicitio_ Discussing plans for the future 4 • deepen your understanding of other Grammar — soler in the imperfect tense, using the cultures preterite and imperfect tenses together, present, present continuous, conditional tenses, indirect object pronouns, open up future career paths using the subjunctive with cuando A-Levels • prepare yourself for future holidays in Spanish-speaking countries General conversations January — Mock Exam Module 8—Hacia un mundo mejor April — GCSE Paper 2 — Speaking Describing types of houses Talking about the environment ٠ June — GCSE Paper 1 — Listening Talking about healthy eating Considering global issues Role play, Paper 3 - ReadingTalking about local actions photo cards Paper 4 - WritingDiscussing healthy lifestyles Talking about international sporting events Talking about natural disasters Grammar — the present subjunctive, using the subjunctive in commands, the pluperfect tense, the Exam preparation and revision imperfect