



## Year 8 Half Term 1 - Who was Jesus?

<b>1. Christianity</b>	A religion based on the life, teachings, death, and resurrection of Jesus Christ. Christians believe Jesus is the Son of God and the Savior of humanity.	<b>14. Love your neighbour as yourself</b>	A commandment taught by Jesus that emphasises treating others with the same care and respect as you would want for yourself.
<b>2. Jesus</b>	Central figure of Christianity, believed by Christians to be the Son of God and the Messiah.	<b>15. Unforgiving servant</b>	A parable where a servant is forgiven a large debt but refuses to forgive a smaller debt owed to him.
<b>3. Jewish</b>	Judaism is a monotheistic religion that traces its origins to the covenant between God and Abraham.	<b>16. Nicene Creed</b>	A statement of Christian faith that was formulated at the Council of Nicaea in 325 AD.
<b>4. Israel</b>	A country in the Middle East and the historical homeland of the Jewish people.	<b>17. God</b>	The supreme being, creator, and ruler of the universe.
<b>5. Messiah</b>	A figure in Jewish and Christian belief who is expected to bring salvation to the people.	<b>18. Humanity</b>	Humanity is created in the image of God but has also fallen due to sin.
<b>6. Anointed</b>	Being chosen or set apart by God for a special purpose or mission. In biblical tradition, anointing with oil symbolised this divine selection.	<b>19. Divinity</b>	In Christianity, Jesus is recognized as fully divine (God) as well as fully human.
<b>7. Miracle</b>	An extraordinary event that cannot be explained by natural or scientific laws	<b>20. Cross</b>	A symbol of Christianity, representing the instrument of Jesus' crucifixion and His sacrificial death for the salvation of humanity.
<b>8. Walking on water</b>	One of the miracles of Jesus where he walked on the surface of the Sea of Galilee to reach his disciples.	<b>21. Crucifixion</b>	The Roman method of execution where a person is nailed or bound to a cross.
<b>9. Paralysed man</b>	An account where Jesus heals a man who is paralysed, demonstrating his power to heal physical ailments and forgiving sins.	<b>22. Sin</b>	Any act, thought, or behaviour that goes against what God wants.
<b>10. Lourdes</b>	A major pilgrimage site for Catholics seeking healing, especially at its waters.	<b>23. Salvation</b>	Being freed from the consequences of sin.
<b>11. Parable</b>	A simple story used by Jesus to illustrate a moral or spiritual lesson.	<b>24. Original sin</b>	The concept that humanity inherited a sinful nature due to the first sin committed by Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden.
<b>12. Good Samaritan</b>	A parable told by Jesus about a man from Samaria who helps a wounded traveller after others passed by.	<b>25. John 3:16</b>	"For God so loved the world, that He gave His only begotten Son, that whosoever believes in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life."
<b>13. Forgive 70 x7</b>	A teaching of Jesus that emphasises limitless forgiveness.	<b>26. Heaven</b>	It is often depicted as a place of peace, joy, and the presence of God. A place humans might go after death.