

Year 7: Catholics Vs Protestants

Term	Definition
1. Lord Protector	A person who governs a county when a monarch is too young to rule. Edward Seymour was given this title when Edward IV inherited the throne in 1549.
2. Book of Common Prayer	In prayer book, by Edward IV, which took the English reformation forward. This contained the wording of prayers and the order of service to be used throughout the kingdom in place of the old Catholic practices.
3. Book of Martyrs	Foxes Book of Martyrs declared the 300 protestants burnt were Martyrs. This brought together protestants and created propaganda against Mary and Catholicism. It also created division amongst the religions and spark uprisings.
4. Puritan	A term given to a 'strict' protestant who has liberal views. A puritan believes in hard work and to control yourself from lives pleasure and devout yourself to religious work/teachings.
5. Spanish Armada	The name given to the fleet of warships launched by King Phillip II of Spain against Elizabeth I in 1588. It has 130 ships with 20,000 troops and 2,500 guns.
6. Privateers	A pirate with legal papers by the government or monarch to carry out military actions legally. They sailed private armed ships and would rob merchant ships and raid settlements of enemy monarchs.
7. Elizabethan Plots	During Elizabethan England there were four Catholic plots against Elizabeth. These were: Revolt of the Northern Earls (1569), Ridolfi Plot (1571), Throckmorton Plot (1583) and Babington Plot (1586). All plots aimed to overthrow Elizabeth but all of them failed.
8. Mary Queen of Scots	A Scottish Queen in the 16 th century. Mary, Queen of Scots was her cousin's, Elizabeth I, main rivalry to the throne. She was involved in all the catholic plots to overthrow Elizabeth and replace her. In 1587, Elizabeth executed her cousin.
9. Anti- Catholic	Hostility towards the Catholic Church and its members. During the reign of James I he issued anti-Catholic laws against the Catholics.
10. Bye Plot	The Bye Plot (1603) was a conspiracy, by Roman Catholic priests and Puritans (strict protestants) . The plotters wanted to force James I of England to remove the anti-Catholic laws. Jesuits made the king and government aware of the plot and the plotters were accused of treason and executed.
10. Daemonologie	A book created by James I which showed the work of demons and how they troubled mankind. It was used to convince people that witches and witchcraft existed.
11. Gunpowder Plot	A secret plot in 1605, by Catholics, and led by Robert Catesby to blow up King James I and his government in the House of Parliament. The plot failed and leaders executed.
12. Guy Fawkes	A leader of the Gunpowder Plot. His job was to wait for the king to enter the House of Parliament and light the gunpowder barrels to blow up the building.
13. House of Parliament	A group of people with the authority to make laws for a country. It is made up of two houses; House of Commons and the House of Lords.
14. Assassination	The murder of a public figure. This is normally a secret attack and for a political reason.
15. Hung, Drawn Quartered	A form of execution in England when a person is drawn to the place of execution hung till partly dead, cut up into four pieces and their body thrown North, South, East and West.