16. <b>Sentence type: A BOYS sentence</b> - a two part sentence. The first part always end with a comma [,] and the last part always begins with a conjunction (but, or, yet, so).
17. <b>Sentence type: A 3_ed sentence</b> - starts with 3 adjectives that end in _ed and describe emotions. The _ed words must be followed by commas.
18. <b>Sentence type: A description sentence</b> - detail sentence is a compound sentence where two clauses are separated by a colon. The first clause is descriptive, the second adds more detail.
19. <b>Sentence type: An If, If, If, then sentence</b> - The sentence summarises 4 points of an argument. 3 of these start with 'if' and the last with 'then.' A dash - like this - is used to separate clauses.
20. <b>Sentence type: A 3 bad -(dash) sentence</b> - A question has 3 negative adjectives followed by a dash and then a question that links to the adjectives.
21. DAFORRESTA Direct address, Alliteration, Facts, Opinions, Rhetorical question, Repetition, Emotive language, Statistics, Triple (Rule of 3), Anecdote
22. Vocabulary - Synonyms for shows:  • Suggests • Emphasises • Conveys • Portrays • Illustrates • Presents  • Represents • Implies • Evokes • Displays • Demonstrates • Indicates  • Reveals • Highlights • Reflects
23. Vocabulary - Synonyms for ways to 'say' something: • Mumble • Murmur • Scream • Shriek • Squeal • Mouths • Chat • Declare • Tell • Mutter • Blab • Hollers • Utter • Whisper • Shout
24. <b>Punctuation: Capital Letters</b> - Must be used 1) at the start of every sentence, 2) when writing a proper noun (a specific person, place or thing), 3) when writing the word 'I'.

10. <b>Purpose: Advise</b> - Combining aspects of writing to persuade, argue, and inform, by presenting key information in a supportive manner.	25. <b>Punctuation: Full Stops</b> - Must be used to mark the end of a sentence.
11. <b>Vocabulary:</b> <u>Interpret</u> - <i>verb</i> - to give or provide the meaning of words/phrases.	26. Word Type: Noun - A word that names a person, place, thing or idea.
12. <b>Vocabulary:</b> Synthesise - <i>verb</i> - to combine parts or elements of two texts.	27. <b>Word Type: Adjective</b> - A word that describes or gives more information about a noun.
13. <b>Vocabulary:</b> Compare - <i>verb</i> - to examine two texts in order to note similarities and differences.	28. Word Type: Verb - A word that expresses an action or state.
14. <b>Vocabulary:</b> Perspective - noun - points of view.	29. <b>Word Type: Adverb</b> - A word that is used to modify a verb, adjective, adverb or the whole sentence.
15. <b>Vocabulary:</b> Coherence - noun - to write so that it is understood and logical.	30. <b>Word Type: Conjunction</b> - A word that joins parts of a sentence together (and, or, but, because)