## **Year 8: The Slave Trade**

master and overseer told them to do.

3. Juffure

4. Mandika

5. The Middle

6. Slave auction

Passage

7. Slave

plantation

8. Master

9. Overseer

10. Cotton

11. Olaudah Equiano

12. Abolition

## **Definition** Term Ships from Britain would journey to Africa. Here they would capture people. These people would be taken to the USA

The town, in Gambia, where Kunta Kinte was from. Today there is an island, where captured African people were

This was often the worst part of a slave's experiences. They would be held down, below deck, by chains for the entire

The majority of slaves were taken to plantations, similar to large farms. Here they would be have to do everything the

The overseer would be someone with a high level of control amongst the people living there. Sometimes these people

The most popular product, on slave plantations, was cotton. Cotton products were being used to support the boom

In 1833 slavery was formally abolished (ended). It was the end of a campaign, led for years, by people across the UK

Equiano was a slave who managed to agree a deal, with his owner, to allow him to save up and to buy his own

across the UK, specifically on Liverpool's Albert Docks and across factories in Manchester and Salford.

Once the prisoners had arrived on American land they would be washed and cleaned and any wounds lanced with

1. The Triangular and forced to work as slaves. The profits of their work would go to the UK. Trade 2. The Gambia African country, on the West coast. From this country Kunta Kinte was taken and forced into slavery.

Kunta Kinte was a member of the Mandika and hoped to grow up to become a warrior.

journey. Occasionally being released to be exercised. Many died on the journey to the Americas.

burning tar. They would then be sold into slavery to the person who made the highest bid.

made to wait for a boat to arrive, now known as Kunta Kinte island.

The person who owned the slave plantation would be called the master.

freedom. Equiano went on to write about his experiences of life in slavery.

would be slaves, otherwise they would be employees.

who had realised that keeping people in slavery was wrong.