YEAR 10 Photography Composition





Rule of Thirds a composition quideline that places your subject in the left or right third of an image, leaving the other two thirds more open.



Converging Lines merge together, giving a sense of dimension to an image.



Diagonal and Zig-Zag Lines These are lines that are not parallel to any of the bottom or sides of the frame.



High perspective (Birds eve view) Taking a picture from a height facing down.



Low perspective (Ground **View)** Taking a picture from the around looking up.





Winding and Curved Lines- Lines that direct the viewer around the frame using a curve or a swirl.

Horizontal and Vertical Lines- Lines that sit parallel in your frame up and down and/or left to right.

Framing refers to the process of composing a picture within a shape.

Depth of Field (shallow/deep) in an image is the distance between the parts that appear in focus.

Macro Photography is all about showcasing a subject larger than it is in real life - an extreme close-up of something small.

YEAR 10 Photography The Everyday

- **Light** Refers to the type of light being used to illuminate the photograph, for example artificial or natural RAG
- 2. Dark- Photographs that are deep in shadows to create a mood/feeling. RAG
- 3. Balance- A composition technique that arranges elements within the frame to achieve equal visual weight across the image. RAG
- Negative- A photographic image where the tones are reversed so dark is light and light is dark RAG 4.
- 5. **Exposure**- The amount of light that reaches the cameras sensor. **RAG**
- 6. Composition- Arrangement of different elements within an artwork or design. RAG
- Depth of field- is the distance between the nearest and furthest elements in a scene that appear to be 7. "acceptably sharp" in an image. RAG
- 8. Focus- The point underground directly beneath the epicentre where the plates snap apart. RAG
- 9. Repetition- Using repeating shapes or a repetitive pattern inside the frame as part of the composition. RAG
- 10. Manipulation - Control or alter in a skilled way. RAG
- 11. Resolution- Refers to the detail an image holds. RAG
- 12. Aperture- The opening through which light passes to reach the photographic film or plate in a camera RAG
- 13. Shutter speed- The length of time a camera's shutter is open, and therefore the time the photographic film or sensor is exposed to light. RAG
- 14. Saturation- How strong or intense a hue or colour is RAG
- 15. Tripod- A three-legged support that is used to hold a camera steady RAG

Artists Influences





















