

# **Curriculum Overview**

# **Portway Primary School**





# Year 4

Term – Summer 2

# **Science Biology - Animals including humans**

This year we have increased our learning through investigation. Each half term we have a concluding investigation question that we try to solve based on what we have learnt during the half term. Our question this term is:

#### What can teeth tell us about an animal's diet?

In order to answer this question they will be learning: That animals can be herbivore, omnivore and carnivores and they can gather their nutrients in a variety of ways. They will observe how food is broken down depending on the type of food. They will also understand how different teeth has different functions where they will be able to recognise similarities and differences.

Year 4 will be able to make predictions and explain their reasons using simple scientific vocabulary to communicate their findings which are appropriate for different audiences.

This term we will be learning about...

# **The Victorians**



We will be visiting The Ragged School Museum on: **Friday 12th July**.

## **Humanities**

Please refer to the fact organiser at the end of this document for details about our History topic: The Victorians.

### DT

Year 4 will learn about international foods, with a focus on European cuisines as well as their own national dishes. They will learn important facts about nutrition, allergies, and the healthiness of different foods. Additionally, they will explore why people around the world eat certain foods, gaining insights into dietary choices influenced by culture, geography, and tradition.

# **RSHE - My changes**

This term the children will learn the biological changes within a male and female body. Both animals and humans go through life cycles which show key changes in life. Boys' and girls' bodies need to change as they grow older and their bodies develop in ways so they can make babies.



















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# Ofsted Outstanding Provider



# **Portway Primary School**

# **English**

This half term, pupils will be reading the story 'Oliver Twist' by Charles Dickens. The children will write a diary entry from Oliver's point of view. They will be using a variety of techniques for starting sentences, including; fronted adverbials, words ending in 'ing' or 'ed' and similes. In Reading, Year 4 will be reusing their skills to identify themes and evaluating how useful a text is. Later on, pupils will read traditional tales. The children will write a letter to persuade. Year 4 will develop their skills in using a range of conjunctions, persuasive language and using standard English. In Reading, the children will be able to identify how language can contribute to meaning.

#### RE

Year 4 pupils will be exploring and discussing reasons why people may choose to get married or not. Using this information, they will begin to express their own views about marriage. They will be researching how Hindu and Muslim weddings are organised and they will be identifying the similarities and differences between them.

# **Mathematics**

This half term will be looking at data, statistics, geometry involving angles and 2d shapes before moving on the position and direction. Children will explore charts, tables and graphs and solve problems involving all three. Children will develop their understanding of angles in 2d shapes and explore lines of symmetry. Finally, children will learn to reason and explore position on a grid and develop their language and explaining things around this subject.

Children will take their multiplication Tables Check (MTC) in the middle of June as the purpose of the MTC is to determine whether pupils can fluently recall their multiplication tables. This will complete our mathematics journey.

# **Computing**

In this unit, pupils will start to Choose relevant sprite and backdrops for a game they will plan algorithms and create them and include how to show, hide, and move blocks. The children will run their code and explain how it meets the requirements of the task and identify how their project could be improved. Finally children will Evaluate how successfully they met the task and what they could do to improve on their Algorithms.

# You might like to join in with our learning at home by:

#### Reading

Read everyday and record this in the reading record - try a range of text types.

#### Watching

Horrible histories: Vile Victorians -

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HVGaumifWkE

#### **Doing**

Revise times table facts up to 12x12 and use Times Table Rockstars daily to build timestable fluency.

#### **Visiting**

Ragged School Museum

https://raggedschoolmuseum.org.uk/

















# **Year 4 - History. Final Enquiry: How good was it to live in Victorian times?**

Theme	Learning Goal	Key Questions to be asked
were determined by where they lived and worked What was life	The lives of Victorian people	What was life like before Queen Victoria?
	What was life like for city workers?	
	they lived and worked.	Did anyone benefit from the new industries?
11/	Victorian children had very different lives from What did children do for work	What did children do for work in the cities?
-(20-		How was work different in the countryside?
d	children today.	How were children's lives changed for the better?
The British empire who the Victorian		What was the British Empire?
	who the Victorians were.	What was gained by being the British Empire?
	who the victorialis were.	What does the Great Exhibition show us about the Victorians?

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Most people lived an agrarian life living and working in small villages their whole lives.

With industrialisation workers moved to cities to be close to factories and workshops.

Factory owners exploited poor workers and became very wealthy. They spent this wealth in the Empir

Due to expensive food and housing every member of the family worked, including children.

Work was different depending on where you lived. Country children worked in mining and textiles.

Primary schooling became compulsory for all. Charities such as Ragged schools enabled schooling for

The empire was at its greatest during the Victorian era. It was said that the sun never set on it.

The empire enabled the cheap purchase of raw materials and quaranteed markets for British products The Great exhibition was held to demonstrate the extent and power of the British empire worldwide.

Ti	imeline of Key events	
1819	Queen Victoria born	
1837	Victoria becomes queen	
1838	Slavery abolished in the empire	
1840	Vctoria marries Albert	
1845	Irish potato famine	
1851	Great Exhibition opens	
1856	A new way to make steel was developed. Steel becomes much cheaper.	
1861	Prince Albert dies. Victoria goes into mourning that lasts the rest of her life.	
1863	London Underground opens	
1880	Schooling made compulsory for children under the age of 10.	
1901	Victoria dies	

Key Person	Reason		
Queen Victoria	Second longest reigning monarch, queen from 1837 to 1901.		
Charles Darwin	Famous botanist who described evolution in "The Origin of Specie		
Prince Albert	Married his cousin victoria. Pushed for change and modernisation in the palace and throughout the empire.		
Alexander Graham Bell	Scottish inventor of the telephone.		
Isambard Kingdom Brunel	Victorian industrialist responsible for many infrastructure projects including railways, clifton bridge and Thames tunnel connecting Rotherhithe to Wapping.		

# Maps

Linday I historical administration of the control o			
compulsory	colony		
hardship	exhibition		
charity			
poverty	question		
wealth	advantage		
factories	disadvantage		
unfairness	impact		
nutrition	justify		
industrial revolution	debate		
federation			

Key Vocabulary

#### **Picture**



Oueen Victoria's family

#### **Useful** websites

https://schoolshistory.org.uk/topics/british-empire/guestions-about-the-british-empire /what-countries-were-in-the-british-empire/

https://www.bbc.co.uk/history/british/victorians/

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/school-radio/history-the-victorians/zh2w47h

https://www.historybombs.com/2022/08/how-did-britain-change-under-queen-victori a/?mc\_cid=2029bed0bc&mc\_eid=2ea6fa4441







#### Historical skills (Discplinary Knowledge)

#### Chronology

Explain how we know about people from the evidence they have left behind.

Name significant events from the past.

State a preference for one thing over another with reference to evidence.

#### Interpretation

Develop an argument for and against a decision.

Draw a conclusion based on evidence from different sources. Demonstrate how one point of view differes from another.