Course title: A-Level English Language Exam board: EDEXCEL Specification code: 9EN0

## How will students be assessed?

Students will sit three external exams at the end of Year 13 and complete one piece of coursework "Crating Language".

1 - Language Variation
2 - Child Language
3 - Investigating Language
4 - Crafting Language
Examination 20%
Examination 25%
Coursework 20%

Mock Exam Jan: Section A style response (Essays on Language Variation – Identity and Change (both a single piece of data).

Mock Exam June: Comparative essays on Change and Identity from Language Paper 1.

Half term	Teacher 1 - LET Key content	Teacher 2- YR Key content
1 (8 weeks)	6 WEEKS  Language and Context/The Frameworks  Lexis/Semantics  Grammar/Morphology/Syntax  Pragmatics  1 WEEK  REVISION STRATEGIES FOR LEARNING ALL KEY TERMINOLOGY	6 WEEKS  Language and Context/The Frameworks  • Phonology  • Graphology  • Discourse  1 WEEK  PRACTISE TEXTUAL ANALYSIS
	1 WEEK Act Now work on Terminology Test, begin working towards Spoken Language.	1 WEEK Act Now work on Assessment, begin working towards Written and Multimodal Language.
2 (7 weeks)	3 WEEKS	3 WEEKS
	LANGUAGE AND CONTEXT	LANGUAGE AND CONTEXT
	SPOKEN LANGUAGE - REAL and REPRESENTED  • Focus on phonetics, phonology and prosody.  • Students to develop confidence in applying technical terminology related to "spoken discourse" e.g.  • Non fluency features  • Adjacency pairs and turn-taking  • Politeness and face  • Leech, Levinson and Brown  • Grice's maxims  • dialect, sociolect and idiolect	<ul> <li>WRITTEN and MULTIMODAL LANGUAGE</li> <li>Context when handling written and multimodal language.</li> <li>Similarities and differences between handling spoken and written data.</li> <li>Applying frameworks to a handwritten note.</li> <li>Applying informality and formality scales.</li> <li>The impact of technology.</li> <li>Subject specific language in written / multimodal texts - the case for and against.</li> <li>Possible data examples:</li> </ul>

Blogs: travel/personal

	Social Media	
	<b>4 WEEKS</b> Component 1: Language Variation Variation Over Time	<b>4 WEEKS</b> Component 1: Language Variation Individual Variation
	Analyse the development of English as a national language. Consider the effect of historical variation across the language frameworks for example changes in: lexis – borrowing, affixation, compounding, blending, conversion, clipping, initialism, acronyms, back-formation, archaisms/obsolete words, neologisms, coinage, back-formation semantics – amelioration, pejoration, broadening, generalisation, expansion, extension, narrowing, specialisation, restrictions grammar, phonology, graphology.	Students will explore how language choices reflect and construct the identity or identities of the user and vary depending on the contexts of production and reception.  Students will demonstrate critical understanding of concepts and issues, exploring attitudes to language and using a descriptive approach to evaluate how an individual's language choices are affected by:  • the mode, field, function and audience • geographical factors • social factors, such as gender, age, ethnicity and other social identities.
	ENRICHMENT: Students will read Chapter 17 Progress or decay? – Language Change Progress or Decay? By Jean Aitchison	
3 (6 weeks)	5 WEEKS Component 1: Language Variation Variation Over Time Continued  ENRICHMENT: Students will read Chapter 8 Early Modern English from The English Language by Barber, Beal and Shaw	5 WEEKS Component 1: Language Variation Individual Variation (Continuation of gender, then sexuality, age, ethnicity & occupation.)  ENRICHMENT Students will read AND complete built in exercises from IDENTITY: GENDER – CHAPTER 5 OF 'LANGUAGE AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS' BY AMANDA COULTAS
4 (5 weeks)	5 WEEKS	5 WEEKS
	Component 1: Language Variation	Component 1: Language Variation
	Variation Over Time continued	Individual Variation (continued)
		ENRICHMENT: Students will read AND complete built in exercises from IDENTITY: REGIONAL TALK – CHAPTER 6 OF 'LANGUAGE AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS' BY AMANDA COULTAS
5 (6 weeks)	6 WEEKS	6 WEEKS
	Component 2: Child Language Acquisition (Spoken)	Component 2: Child Language Acquisition (Written)

Introduction to key CLA theory and Students will begin to explore the following aspects of children's written language research development: Focus on spoken channels. • the transition from speech to writing: the use of drawing, gesture and writing to create Students to develop confidence in applying meaning technical terminology related to CLA e.g. • early forms of writing such as drawing, scribbling, letter-like forms, random letters Stages of language acquisition • the development of letter forms, capital • Overextension, underextension, letters, linearity and directionality; the link overgeneralisaion between letters, sounds and early spelling Substitution, deletion (graphology) Child-directed speech (CDS), • the effect of learnt reading strategies on caretaker language, motherese spelling (morphology) • the vocabulary choices (lexis) and sentence structures (syntax) in early writing **ENRICHMENT: Students will read** • the development of narrative and **Chapter 3 Silent Rehearsals from The** descriptive skills (discourse). Infinite Gift by Charles Yang 6 (7 weeks) 4 WEEKS 4 WEEKS Component 2: Child Language Acquisition Component 2: Child Language Acquisition (Speech) Continued (Writing) Continued Individual Variation REVISION FOR MOCK 1 WEEK 1 WEEK MOCK EXAMS Week beginning 17th June MOCK EXAMS Week beginning 17th June 2 WEEKS: 2 WEEKS: Students completing ACT NOW work on Students completing ACT NOW work on MOCK EXAMS. MOCK EXAMS.