

Year 7 Science



AUTUMN TERM

Working Scientifically

- Practical skill development
- Working safely in a lab

Organisms

- Animal and plant cell structure
- Specialised cells
- Using microscopes

Energy

- Energy stores and transfers
- Heating and cooling

Matter

- Particle model and states of matter
- Changes of state
- Diffusion

SPRING TERM

Organisms

- Skeletal and muscular systems
- Respiratory and circulatory systems
- Healthy lifestyle

Waves

- Types of wave and their properties
- Sound waves
- Light waves (reflection and refraction)
- The eye and correcting vision

Matter

- Atoms, elements and compounds
- Periodic table
- Elements

SUMMER TERM

Genes

Human reproduction

Earth

- Earth structure
- The universe
- The rock cycle

Reactions

- Metals and non-metals
- Chemical and physical changes
- Acids and alkalis

YEAR 7 CURRICULUM OVERVIEW

Building on core knowledge and skills developed in KS2 Science, including: accurately taking measurements, planning investigations and developing scientific conclusions throughout the course of the year. Students also look at presenting and analysing data. Additionally, **comparing** animal and plant cell structure, **calculating** energy input/output, **evaluating** energy resources, **constructing** ray diagrams, **interpreting** oscilloscopes, **constructing** word equations, **explaining** how lifestyle choices affect our health and **explaining** how specialised cells are adapted to their function.



Year 8 Science



AUTUMN TERM

Organisms

- Healthy diet
- Digestion
- Enzymes

Forces

- Contact and non-contact forces
- Speed
- Gravity
- Work
- Pressure

Matter

- Pure and impure substances
- Separation techniques

SPRING TERM

Electricity

- Series and parallel circuits
- Current and potential difference
- Resistance

Magnetism

- Magnetic force and magnetic fields
- Electromagnets

Ecosystems

- Respiration
- Photosynthesis

Reactions

- Physical and chemical properties of Groups 1/7/0
- Patterns in reactivity

SUMMER TERM

Ecosystems

- Plant reproduction
- Interdependence

Genes

- Variation
- Inheritance
- Evolution

Reactions

- Reactivity series
- Earth's resources
- Materials

YEAR 8 CURRICULUM OVERVIEW

Building on core knowledge and skills developed in year 7 Science, including: **explaining** how the digestive system is adapted to its function, **calculating** weight/work done/pressure, **constructing** distance-time graphs, **planning** methods to investigate photosynthesis, **describing** the process of natural selection, **justifying** separation techniques, **collecting** reliable data and observations to draw conclusions into reactivity, **evaluating** the use of different materials depending on their purpose.



Year 9 Science



AUTUMN TERM

Energy

- Energy stores and transfers
- Energy calculations
- Energy resources

Organisms

- Eukaryotes and prokaryotes
- Microscopes and magnification

Reactions

- Types of reactions including metals and acids, oxidation, combustion and displacement
- Conservation of mass and balancing equations

Earth

- The atmosphere
- Carbon cycle
- Climate

SPRING TERM

Organisms

• Cell transport including diffusion, osmosis and active transport

Waves

- Frequency equation
- Wave properties
- Reflection and refraction
- Visible light

Matter

- Density
- Specific heat capacity

SUMMER TERM

Organisms

- Pathogens and disease
- Body defences
- Aseptic technique
- Vaccinations and monoclonal antibodies

Reactions

- Chemical energy
- Energy level diagrams
- Displacement reactions and extracting metals

YEAR 9 CURRICULUM OVERVIEW

Building on core knowledge and skills developed in year 7 and 8 Science, including: calculating energy and efficiency, make observations and construct word equations for metal reactions, construct methods, graphs and analyse data from the osmosis investigation, compare methods of cell transport, explain how the body defends itself against disease and interpret data to explain the importance of vaccines, explain how the earth's atmosphere has changed and evaluate the evidence for global warming, construct scientific drawings of cells and calculate magnification, carry out investigations into energy changes and interpret results.