

Y8 Autumn Term Curriculum Overview



English

Subject skills:

- Identify and understand the main ideas, viewpoints, themes and purposes in texts.
- Make a personal response to a text and provide some textual reference in support.
- Understand how readers choose and respond to texts.
- Understand the different ways in which texts can reflect their social, cultural and historical contexts and/or the literary traditions in which they were written.
- Select from a range of strategies the most appropriate ways to locate and retrieve information and ideas from a variety of texts.
- Select quotations to match points with increasing precision showing an increasing ability to draw on other sources to develop and argument.
- Make multiple inferences to show wider critical thinking.
- Make comments that are securely based in textual evidence and identify different layers of meaning, with some attempt to explore these meanings in detail.
- Identify a range of literary and grammatical features used by the writer and explain the purpose of these and the effect on the reader.
- Explain how different authors use literal and figurative techniques (MAPSO) to create imagery.
- Identify and explain how structural or presentational choices support the writer's theme or purpose.
- Identify and explain how a range of features relating to organisation at text level contribute to the effects achieved e.g. building up to a surprising ending or changing perspectives in the text.

Texts: Trash by Andy Mulligan Selection of WWI poetry

- What extreme poverty is and what it's like for children living in it.
- The purpose and effect of using multiple narrators in a text.
- How to make multiple inferences from a text.
- How to switch narrators within a piece of writing effectively.
- Recognising persuasive techniques and adapting language to suit audience and purpose.
- How to use specific linguistic features and structural devices to enhance their work and recognising how a writer uses them to effect.
- How to create an effect on the reader, through a variety of literary techniques and crafting their own writing modelled on what they have read.
- Key contextual details surrounding WW1: e.g. countries involved, causes, trenches, warfare, impact on soldiers and families.
- How poetry helps to understand the impact of war.
- How the events of the war were communicated to civilians back home.
- How to write emotively in role.
- What propaganda is and how/why it was used during WW1
- How to analyse a text for language (AFOREST) and layout (CHUBBFUSH)
- How to annotate a poem using SMILE.
- The key context of Jessie Pope and John McCrae.
- The effects of using figurative language in poetry.

- Write confidently for a clear purpose and has a strong awareness of the audience.
- Deliberately choose features of the appropriate form sometimes for effect.
- Organise writing in a suitable format and make appropriate and deliberate and sometimes ambitious choices about presentation to convey ideas clearly.
- use paragraphs deliberately and consistently to make ideas and purpose of the writing clear.
- Within paragraphs, main ideas are developed appropriately for the task.
- Use a range of appropriate and well-chosen cohesive devices within and across sentences and paragraphs.

- Who Wilfred Owen is, his role during WW1 and why he is considered to be the most well-known war poet.
- How to write comparatively using PETE.
- The physical and emotional impact of witnessing a gas attack during WW1.
- The events of the Christmas Truce and its impact on WW1/soldiers.
- The differences between verse and prose.
- The importance of WW1 and why it is still studied today.

Maths

Subject skills:

Ratio and Scale

- Understand ratio and its link to multiplication.
- Use ratio notation.
- · Reduce ratios to simplest form.
- · Solve ratio problems.

Multiplicative Change

- Use scale factors, linking to ratio, to solve simple direct proportion problems.
- Scale diagrams and maps.

Multiplying and dividing fractions

- Multiplying and dividing a fraction by an integer.
- Multiplying and dividing a fraction by a fraction.

Working in the Cartesian plane

- Plotting and interpreting straight line graphs.
- Equations of lines parallel to the axes (e.g. y=2 and x=3).
- Finding the equation of a straight line (y=mx+c).
- Model situations by translating them into expressions, formulae and graphs.

Representing data

- Using scatter graphs and correlation.
- Designing and using one and two-way tables.
- Listing outcomes.

Probability

Subject knowledge:

Ratio and Scale

Know the link between ratio and multiplication

Multiplicative Change

Understand and use scale drawings and maps.

Multiplying and dividing fractions

Know strategies for dividing fractions by fractions

Working in the Cartesian plane

• Know how to use equations with graphs.

Representing data

• Knowing which graphs are appropriate in which situations.

Probability

Recognise the different probability diagrams.

- Using sample space diagrams.
- Using tables.

Science

Continue building on the Year 7 Working Scientifically skills for KS3 and include:

- Use appropriate techniques, apparatus, and materials during fieldwork and laboratory work, paying attention to health and safety.
- Make and record observations and measurements for different investigations; and evaluate the reliability of methods and suggest improvements.
- · Apply mathematical concepts and calculate results.
- Present reasoned explanations, including explaining data in relation to predictions and hypotheses.
- Evaluate data, showing awareness of potential sources of random and systematic error.
- Identify further questions arising from results.
- Use and derive simple equations and carry out appropriate calculations.

Subject knowledge:

Energy and Forces

- Comparing energy values of different foods (from labels) (kJ).
- Fuels and energy resources.
- Energy as a quantity that can be quantified and calculated; the total energy has the same value before and after a change.
- Comparing the starting with the final conditions of a system and describing increases and decreases in the amounts of energy associated with movements, temperature, changes in positions in a field, in elastic distortions and in chemical compositions.
- Other processes that involve energy transfer: changing motion, dropping an object, completing an electrical circuit, stretching a spring, metabolism of food, burning fuels.
- Energy changes on deformation.
- Comparing power ratings of appliances in watts (W, kW).
- Comparing amounts of energy transferred (J, kJ, kWh).
- Domestic fuel bills, fuel use, and costs.
- Forces as pushes or pulls, arising from the interaction between two objects.
- Using force arrows in diagrams, adding forces in one dimension.
- Forces measured in Newtons, measurements of stretch or compression as force is changed.
- Forces: associated with rubbing and friction between surfaces, with pushing things out of the way; resistance to motion of air and water
- Non-contact forces: gravity forces acting at a distance on Earth and in space.
- Gravity force, weight = mass x gravitational field strength (g), on Earth g = 10 N/kg, different on other planets and stars.
- Using force arrows in diagrams, adding forces in one dimension, balanced and unbalanced forces.

Separating Mixtures

- The properties of the different states of matter (solid, liquid, and gas) in terms of the particle model, including gas pressure.
- The properties of the different states of matter (solid, liquid, and gas) in terms of the particle model, including gas pressure.
- Similarities and differences, including density differences, between solids, liquids, and gases.
- The differences in arrangements, in motion, and in closeness of particles explaining shape and density.
- Changes of state in terms of the particle model.
- Energy changes on changes of state (qualitative).
- Reversibility in melting, freezing, evaporation, sublimation, condensation, and dissolving.
- The differences in arrangements, in motion, and in closeness of particles explaining changes of state.
- Diffusion in terms of the particle model.
- Diffusion in liquids and gases driven by differences in concentration.
- The concept of a pure substance.
- Mixtures, including dissolving.
- The identification of pure substances.
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- The identification of pure substances.
- · Mixtures, including dissolving.
- Simple techniques for separating mixtures: filtration, evaporation.
- Simple techniques for separating mixtures: evaporation, distillation.
- Simple techniques for separating mixtures: chromatography.

Art - Abstraction

Subject skills:

- Represent a variety of individual sounds using different types of marks for different sounds.
- Combine marks to create a picture from a piece of music.
- Create a working drawing by responding to music using line, tone, shape and colour.

- The work of Wassily Kandinsky.
- Understand the term, 'abstraction'.
- The work of artist/illusionist M C Escher.
- Understand the term, 'surrealism'.
- Understand how Tim Burton has used the sky in his artworks.

- Use 2B & 6B pencils to shade the missing sections, tonally matching to Escher's pencil work.
- Refresh key ideas of graduated shading technique and tonal value.
- Use pastels to create tone.
- Make an observational drawing of a skull, focusing on tonal value.
- Use DTP photo editing software to create a digital 'layer'.
- Use white and greyscale pencils to create a moody 'Tim Burton' inspired moonlit 'cloudscape'.

• Know how to blend colours to darken the tonal values.

Computing

Subject skills:

E-Safety & Digital Literacy

- Make an inventory of their media choices and how those choices make them feel.
- Create personal guidelines for promoting healthy media balance.
- Explain why information about them and their behaviours is valuable to companies.
- Analyse how certain types of data are used by companies.
- Analyse how different parts of their digital footprint can lead others to draw conclusions -- both positive and negative -about who they are.
- Use the Take a Stand thinking routine to examine a dilemma about digital footprints.
- Recognize "red flag feelings" when using social media and use the Feelings & Options thinking routine to consider ways to handle them.
- Consider the different perspectives of those involved in a cyberbullying incident.
- Identify ways to be an upstander or ally to someone being bullied.
- Problem-solve potential challenges to responding to cyberbullying.
- Apply fair use to real-world examples, making a case for or against.

Subject knowledge:

E-Safety & Digital Literacy

- Know personal strategies for balancing media use.
- Learn three strategies to limit individual data collection by companies.
- Define the term "digital footprint" and explain how it can affect their online privacy.
- Reflect on the positive and negative effects social media use has on their relationships.
- Define the terms "copyright," "public domain," and "fair use."
- Identify the purpose of the Four Factors of Fair Use.

Databases

- Data types
- Table creation
- DB design
- Primary key
- Auto increment
- Data entry
- Queries
- Reports

Databases Demonstrate a wide application of computational thinking to their work. Recognise and understand the function of the main parts of a computer system and how they communicate with one another. • Create physical computing projects which include a range of interactivity to the environment or user. Understand a range of ways to use ICT safely and responsibly. Work with a range of tools, materials, equipment, components and processes and show that they understand their characteristics. Design Technology - Wooden Desk Tidy Subject knowledge: Subject skills: The differences between natural and man-made wood. Design, cut and shape wood. Measure and mark accurately. Current successful designs. Recognise what has been done well and how to improve. Selecting the correct tools. Able to use tools to assemble, join and combine materials. How to use a range of different cutting and sanding tools. Use a ruler correctly and with accuracy. **Food Technology** Subject knowledge: Subject skills: • Cook a repertoire of savoury dishes so that they are able to How to work safely and hygienically with food preparing healthy feed themselves and others a healthy and varied diet. family meals. Become competent in a wider range of cooking techniques – How to use equipment safely. using awareness of taste, texture and aroma to decide how to How to use some high-risk foods, eg, raw meat, safely. season dishes and combine ingredients. Their own practical skills and how to develop them further. Adapt and use their own recipes and present practical work to The function of ingredients. a high standard. The principles of nutrition and health and how to apply them. Apply the principles of nutrition and health. Understand the source, seasonality and characteristics of a broad range of ingredients. Geography - The wider world: World Cities & Focus on Africa Subject skills: Subject knowledge:

- Use and interpret aerial photos.
- Use, interpret and complete line charts.
- Use and interpret atlas maps.
- Complete bar charts.
- Draw conclusions.

- What 'urbanisation' is and why it occurs.
- How urbanised the world is.
- Why cities are located where they are.
- How Rio de Janeiro is urbanising.
- Why people move from rural to urban areas in China.

- Write descriptively.
- Use and interpret ground and satellite photos.
- Draw sketches from photos.
- · Label and annotate sketches.
- Use, interpret and complete choropleth maps.
- Use, interpret and complete proportional symbol maps.
- Understand and use proportion.
- Use and interpret political and physical maps.
- Describe landscapes from photos.
- Understand and use percentage increase.
- Use and interpret climate graphs.
- Understand and use range.
- Complete pictograms.
- Complete map cross-sections.

- The consequences of rural-urban migration in China for rural and urban areas.
- Where megacities are found and why they have grown.
- The challenges and opportunities of living in Jakarta, Indonesia.
- What it's like to live in a squatter settlement.
- India's largest squatter settlement.
- Ways to solve the problems in squatter settlements.
- What makes a city sustainable.
- Examples of how cities can be sustainable.

History - The Stuarts

Subject skills:

- Demonstrate and apply chronological thought.
- Outline and evaluate reasons for rebellion.
- Describe the roles of different members of society considering change and continuity after the Tudor period.
- Describing some of the significant values. practices, traditions of the church.
- Developing securely the skill of source analysis.
- Describe some of the main causes and effects of events and changes.
- Explain chains of causation and identify periods of continuity.
- Evaluate effect and consequence.
- make links within and across periods and explain connections.
- Select, organise and deploy source material and relevant. information to produce well-structured narratives, descriptions and explanations.
- Inferring sound evaluations of source material, questioning provence and usefulness.
- Critically analysis interpretations of historic events.

- Britain's political and societal journey through the Normans up to the Tudors.
- James I and the unification of Scotland and England.
- The impact Britain's religious upheaval had for James I as King and for the country as a whole.
- The Gun Powder plot.
- Reasons for, and the impact and consequences of, the Civil war, the Interregnum and Oliver Cromwell.
- The significance of religious conflict, discontent over the Kings' use of power and their economic judgements and policies.
- The significance of the mistakes that led to England becoming a republic and the victorious Parliamentarians sentencing Charles I to death.
- The Great Fire of London accident or arson?

Modern Foreign Languages - C'est Parti and Les Vacances

Subject skills:

- Pick out the main points and details in a short passage/text (including longer texts containing predictable information).
- Identify, understand and give opinions and justifications to prelearned language with new elements to communicate new meanings.
- Express ideas, reasons and factual information in more than one time frame (use of present, past and future).
- Use formal and informal modes of address in their answers with increasing confidence.
- Confidently and independently take part in short conversations.
- Demonstrate a strong understanding of phonic sounds by reading phrases and short texts aloud.
- Pick out the gist and some detail in a variety of text styles and including different time frame.
- Use a dictionary to determine whether verbs are regular or irregular (and may refer to a verb table).
- Write short paragraphs from memory and adapt structures to add new language to express a range of simple, personal ideas and opinion.
- Use more than one time frame and demonstrate knowledge of present, past and near future tenses with regular and irregular key verbs.
- Translate short sentences into French containing language from recent topics.
- Use a variety of negative forms.
- Use comparative and superlative forms.
- Use some modal verbs, including in combination with infinitives.
- Use a wider range of adjectives, connectives, modifiers and time phrases and adverbs in their writing to extend ideas.
- Demonstrate knowledge of agreement of articles, colour, gender and number mostly accurately.

Subject knowledge:

- How to greet someone and to give information about themselves and their lives in conversation.
- Know how to conjugate 'avoir' and 'etre' in the present tense.
- Understanding of the conjugation of regular present tense (ER, IR and RE) verbs.
- Recognise country names and associated nationalities.
- · French speaking countries around the world.
- Description of a holiday location and the area.
- How to ask questions about a holiday experience/location.
- Past tense expressions.
- How to describe the weather.
- Know how to talk about future plans and dreams, and to learn opinion expressions.

Music - Musical Theatre

Subject skills:

· How and what to listen for.

Subject knowledge:

Introduction to musical theatre.

- · Listening with respect.
- Articulating responses.
- Responding to a pulse within pieces of music.
- Performing rhythmic patterns.
- Composing rhythmic patterns.
- Basic vocal techniques.
- Singing as part of a group.
- · Singing with confidence.
- Increase familiarity with a wide range of music and songs from a range of cultures and traditions.

- Andrew Lloyd Webber.
- Singing styles in opera.
- Musical scoring.

PE

Subject skills:

Netball

- Lead a group warm up and skill drill.
- Perform a range of passes on the move with increasing speed and accuracy.
- Perform footwork rule in skills and match situation at speed.
- Perform a range of attacking and defending skills in game situation.
- Perform shooting action from different positions with increasing accuracy.
- Play a 7 a side match, being able to play in at least 4 different positions and understand all the rules.
- Take on the role of umpire in a game

Hockey

- Lead a small group warm up.
- Dribble the ball using the reverse stick with increasing control.
- Dribble the ball and then shoot at goal with control using a range of passes with increasing accuracy.
- Perform a penalty and short corner to corner.
- Tackle after losing the ball effectively.
- Play a 7 v 7 game, understanding the rules and play in attacking and defending positions in the game.

Football

 Perform a pass using inside and outside of foot and understand the importance of receiving correctly.

Subject knowledge:

Netball

- How a game of netball works.
- Understand the footwork rule.

Hockey

- Grip, Dribbling & Handling.
- Passing and receiving.
- Outwitting opponents/use of space.
- Shooting.
- Defending/block tackle.

Football

- Where passing is used in football.
- The importance of width and playing into space in order to attack.
- How to execute a successful shot on goal, eg, across goal.
- How to head the ball correctly and safely.
- When to defend and how to stop opponents from advancing.

Gymnastics

- Locomotion Partner work.
- Transference of Weight Partner work.
- Balance Individual/Partner work.
- Balance Partner & Group work.

- Perform these passes in a small-sided game.
- Outwit opponents with a variety of passes.
- Perform and accurately replicate different types of dribbling with control, speed and fluency.
- Outwit opponents with the combination of turns and dribbling.
- Perform techniques in a small-sided game making decisions about how best to advance on opposition.
- Appreciate how to adjust shot selection based on opponents positioning.
- Perform the different types of heading in different situation.
- Perform and develop defensive strategies i.e tackling, jockeying, forcing onto weaker foot.

Gymnastics

- Perform a range of different partner balances using certain body parts.
- Link together the partner balances of increasing difficulty to perform a sequence.
- Create their own partner balances and use them in their sequence.
- Use large apparatus to develop their flight onto and over apparatus using springboard and trampette.
- Take on a coaching role, helping others to be able to improve their performance and grade sequences.

Health-Related Fitness

- Complete a timed cross-country run looking at all the fitness components.
- Perform a range of indoor athletics events Triple jump, Long jump, Speed bounce, Chest push, range of relay sprint events, shot putt.
- Take on the role of coach, measuring and timing each of the activities and leading a group through each activity
- Provide advice on how pupils can improve at each event and how they can adapt the activity to make it more challenging.
- Lead a group warm up before completing a fitness circuit.

Balance – Development of group balances.

Health-Related Fitness

- Different methods of warm-up and warm-down.
- Various muscles and how they are affected during a work-out.

 Develop their own fitness circuit of 8 different activities working on developing their fitness levels with increasing intensity, being able to name the muscles being used and understand how to improve the difficulty of the activity.

PSHE

Being Me in My World – pupils will have the opportunity to develop the following skills:

- Negotiating and solving problems.
- Further develop the communication skills of active listening, negotiation, offering and receiving constructive feedback and assertiveness.
- Define what stereotypes are.
- How to access local health services and other sources of support.
- How to safely access sources of support for themselves or their peers.
- Describe the positive feelings that result from doing something positive.

Celebrating Difference – pupils will have the opportunity to develop the following skills:

- Describe what inequality means in the UK.
- Give examples of LGBTQ bullying.
- Describe the steps that can be taken to challenge LGBTQ bullying.

Being Me in My World – pupils will have the opportunity to develop their knowledge about:

- Similarities, differences and diversity of peoples' identities.
- The influence family has on self-identity.
- Stereotypes.
- First impressions and how they can lead to judgements that may be misinformed.

Celebrating Difference – pupils will have the opportunity to develop their knowledge about:

- Individuals who have made a positive contribution despite prejudice and discrimination.
- Examples of social injustice in the UK.
- The benefits of living in a multi-cultural society.
- The emotional impact of LGBTQ bullying on perpetrator and victim.
- How taking positive action can improve mental wellbeing.
- Self-efficacy.
- How respect and equality, or the lack of these, affects relationships.

RE - Old & New Testaments

Subject skills:

- Looking up Bible references successfully: Book, Chapter and Verse.
- Explaining why each interpretation is referred to. For example, the light, the lamb, the bread of life.
- Summarising miracle stories and justifying why Christians believe they are true.
- Identifying why Christians believe in the 'Son of God'.
- Discussing how a belief in Christ shapes the lives of Christians.

- The structure of the Bible the Old and New Testaments.
- The parables that Jesus told and some of the miracles that He performed.
- The many different names / interpretations given to Jesus by Christians.
- The main events in Jesus' life: birth—childhood-temptations-transfiguration-death-resurrection.