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**PiXL Independence:**

**PE** – Student Booklet

KS4

Health, Fitness and Wellbeing

**Contents:**

1. Quizzes – 10 credits each
2. Reading Task – 50 credits
3. Research Task – 30 credits
4. Website Task – 80 credits
5. Long Answer Questions – 100 credits
6. Videos – 50 credits
7. **Quizzes**

Complete the quizzes.

*10 credits.*

**Multiple Choice Quiz**

1. A healthy lifestyle is:
2. A state of complete physical wellbeing
3. The absence of disease or infirmity
4. A state of complete mental wellbeing
5. A state of complete physical, social and mental wellbeing
6. Which of the following does not contribute to an active, healthy lifestyle?
7. Sensible alcohol consumption
8. Healthy balanced diet
9. Regular exercise
10. Smoking
11. A person’s capacity to carry out life’s activities without getting too tired is known as?
12. Wellbeing
13. Health
14. Fitness
15. Exercise
16. Which of the following is not a fitness component?
17. Muscular endurance
18. Flexibility
19. Fluency
20. Co-ordination
21. Which of the following words does not contribute to a person’s wellbeing?
22. Worry
23. Content
24. Happy
25. Healthy
26. What activity would be classed as sedentary?
27. Sitting and watching TV
28. Walking the dog
29. Going to the gym
30. Gardening
31. Which of the following is not a benefit of completing physical activity?
32. Emotional
33. Skilful
34. Physical
35. Social
36. Which of the following is a physical benefit of sport?
37. Meeting new friends
38. Self esteem
39. Body image
40. Obesity
41. What group does not make up part of a balanced diet?
42. Carbohydrates
43. Protein
44. Sugar
45. Fats
46. Which of the following is not a good source of carbohydrates?
47. Pasta
48. Bread
49. Rice
50. Egg
51. Protein is needed within a balanced diet because:
52. It builds and repairs tissue within the body
53. It provides us with energy for exercising
54. It helps us to lose weight
55. To make the diet more tasty
56. Which of the following is not an example of a mineral?
57. Calcium
58. Potassium
59. Iron
60. Presidium
61. Obesity means a person is:
62. Underweight
63. Overweight
64. Significantly underweight
65. Significantly overweight
66. Fibre would be found in which of the following foods?
67. Wholemeal bread
68. White rice
69. Fish
70. Milk
71. How much of a healthy diet should be made up of carbohydrates?
72. 30%
73. 40%
74. 50%
75. 60%
76. Water is needed as part of the diet to help:
77. Digestion of food
78. Reduce chance of dehydration
79. Reduce risk of injury
80. Be able to sweat
81. Increasing our glycogen stores is also known as?
82. Protein loading
83. Fat loading
84. Carb loading
85. Hydration loading
86. Which of the following statements is false?
87. Carbohydrates provide energy
88. Too many vitamins can damage your health
89. Calcium makes bones stronger
90. Fats are good for you in small doses
91. Which of the following needs to be taken into account before exercising?
92. Eating lots of chocolate
93. Drinking water
94. Eating lots of pasta
95. Drinking lots of fizzy drinks
96. The main measurement of obesity is?
97. Body Mass Index
98. Skinfold measurements
99. Weight
100. Waist measurements

**Fill in the Gap Quiz**

1. A healthy lifestyle is a state of complete \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, mental and social wellbeing.
2. When you sit at a computer all day completing work, it is known as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lifestyle.
3. A performer who needs to keep hydrated before exercise needs to ensure they drink plenty of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are found in pasta, bread and rice.
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are found in dairy products such as cheese, milk and yoghurt.
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a feeling or mental state of being contented, happy, prosperous and healthy.
7. Exercise can make you feel better about yourself and be more confident. This is increasing your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
8. Calcium and zinc are examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ needed by our body as part of a balanced diet.
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is increased by filling your body with carbohydrates for three days leading up to an event.
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fat is in the form of liquid such as vegetable oil and comes from a plant source.
11. Meat, fish and eggs are examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
12. Friendship is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part of increasing a person’s wellbeing.
13. When we exercise more, our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ levels increase and therefore you are less likely to tire quickly.
14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is how quickly you react to a stimulus.
15. Adults should complete \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ minutes of exercise at least \_\_\_\_\_ days per week.
16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the range of movement available at a joint.
17. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is made up of carbohydrates, protein and fats.
18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the proportion of diet which should be protein based within a balanced diet.
19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an essential part of haemoglobin which is needed to transport oxygen around the body.
20. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ within our diet can help to prevent disease.

**Open Ended Quiz**

1. Explain what is meant by the term ‘fitness’.
2. Describe 3 physical benefits of regular exercise.
3. Outline the emotional benefits of regular exercise.
4. Using an example, explain what is meant by the term ‘sedentary’.
5. What makes up a balanced diet?
6. Why is protein essential to a balanced diet?
7. Outline the importance of minerals as a nutrient for an athlete.
8. Discuss what factors need to be considered when looking at sports performers and nutrition.
9. Why is hydration important for a balanced diet?
10. What is meant by the term ‘carb loading’?
11. How can a balanced diet help to prevent obesity?
12. What is meant by the term ‘health’?
13. Outline the important of carbohydrates as a nutrient for an athlete.
14. Explain the social benefits of regular exercise.
15. Describe what is meant by ‘a balanced diet’.
16. Define the term ‘wellbeing’.
17. Why are vitamins an important part of a balanced diet?
18. Explain what changes you would make to a balanced diet for a weight lifter.
19. Explain what changes you would make to a balanced diet for a marathon runner.
20. Outline the advantages and disadvantages of fat as a nutrient within a balanced diet.
21. **Reading Task**

Read and summarise the key ideas within the article – ideally in ten points. Create 5 questions relating to both the article and your specification.

*50 credits.*

<https://www.mnn.com/health/fitness-well-being/blogs/boomers-30-minutes-exercise-will-extend-your-life>

<http://www.independent.co.uk/sport/football/international/harry-kane-england-captain-spurs-tottenham-nutrition-chef-kitchen-2017-goals-a7983456.html>

1. **Research Task**

Research and find an article which supports or disclaims the ideas in the original article. Write a paragraph to summarise your findings. In this paragraph you must provide a sporting example to support your findings.

*30 credits.*

1. **Website Task**

Website task: Select a website and design a power point presentation you could give to a group of students just beginning the GCSE PE course. Include of each slide key notes you could discuss.

*80 credits.*

1. <http://www.teachpe.com/gcse_health/health_fitness.php>
2. <http://www.nutritionist-resource.org.uk/articles/sports-nutrition.html>
3. **Long Answer Questions**

Choose a longer answer question from the question bank below. Write a response to the question. You must include a plan of what you are going to include, a key word board and your final written answer which is completed in full sentences and paragraphs.

*100 credits*

1. Using practical examples explain how health, fitness and wellbeing can lead to a person having an improved performance within sport.
2. Discuss the benefits of physical activity on physical, social and emotional health and the consequences of a sedentary lifestyle on these areas.
3. What dietary advice would you give to a male gymnast when following an exercise programme?
4. Explain the importance of a balanced diet. Use sporting examples to show your understanding of key nutrient groups.
5. Describe the process of carbohydrate loading. Explain how this could benefit a sports performer of your choice.
6. **Videos**

Produce a video that shows the use of the body in a practical way. The video must include key sporting examples and clear explanations of what is occurring within the video.

Try to include the whole unit topic in one video.

*50 credits per topic.*

* Healthy lifestyle
* Fitness
* Wellbeing
* Diet
* Nutrition

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