

St Paulinus Catholic Primary School, a Catholic Voluntary Academy





Relationship and Health Education Policy

Written By	CES and NPCA	T Trust	
Date Written	Autumn 2020		
Approved by:			(Governing Body
Approved by:		(Head Teacher)	
Adopted Date:	Spring 2021		
Review Date:	Spring 2023		



Contents

1	INTRODUCTION	3
2	DEFINING RELATIONSHIP AND SEX EDUCATION	4
3	STATUTORY CURRICULUM REQUIREMENTS	4
4	RATIONALE	5
5	VALUES AND VIRTUES	5
6	AIM OF RHE	6
7	INCLUSION AND DIFFERENTIATED LEARNING	7
8	EQUALITY OBLIGATIONS	7
9	BROAD CONTENT OF RHE	8
10	PARENTS AND CARERS	8
11	BALANCED CURRICULUM	9
12	RESPONSIBILITIES	9
13	RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER POLICIES AND CURRICULUM SUBJECTS	11
14	CHILDREN'S QUESTIONS	11
15	SUPPORTING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE WHO ARE AT RISK	12
16	CONFIDENTIALITY AND ADVICE	12
17	MONITORING AND EVALUATION	12



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Mission Statement of the Nicholas Postgate Catholic Academy Trust states:

Within the Nicholas Postgate Catholic Academy Trust we envisage learning taking place in communities inspired by the Spirit of Christ. where Christ's commandment to love God and neighbour inspires a caring ethos that is expressed in relationships within and beyond our schools.

All our schools promote the dignity, self-esteem and full development of each person, who is made in the image of and uniquely loved by God. All our schools are inclusive and are respectful of, and engage with, people of all beliefs.

Our schools are communities of faith, service, prayer and worship. Within our schools we have a culture of tolerance, where people of diverse identities are recognised, welcomed, respected and cherished. We seek to make a difference to all groups of children, especially ensuring the most vulnerable in our society are not disadvantaged.

Our schools work in partnership with families and parishes to promote strong, positive links. Every school in the trust is on a journey of continual improvement, aspiring for excellence, year-on-year.

- 1.2 This policy sets out the intentions of the governors and teachers, in partnership with pupils and parents, the rationale for, and approach to relationships and health education (RHE) in St Paulinus Catholic Primary School in the context of the trust's mission statement.
- 1.3 This policy has been based on the model provided by the Catholic Education Service and has been informed by the following suggested consultation:

The consultation process

- pupil focus groups / school council
- questionnaires to parents / carers, any meetings etc.
- review of RHE curriculum content with staff and pupils
- consultation with wider school community e.g. school nurse
- · consultation with school governors



1.4 Implementation and Review of Policy

- 1.4a Implementation of the policy will take place after consultation with the Governors in the Summer Term of 2021.
- 1.4b This policy will be reviewed every 2 years by the Head teacher, RHE Coordinator, the Governing Body and Staff. The next review date **Spring** 2023.

1.5 **Dissemination**

The draft policy will be given to all members of the Governing Body, and all teaching and non-teaching members of staff. Copies of the document will be available to all parents through the school's website and a copy is available in the school office. Details of the content of the RHE curriculum will also be published on the school's website.

2 DEFINING RELATIONSHIP SEX AND HEALTH EDUCATION

2.1. The DfE guidance states that "children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way"¹. It is about the development of the pupil's knowledge and understanding of her or him as a sexual being, about what it means to be fully human, called to live in right relationships with self and others and being enabled to make moral decisions in conscience. In primary schools the focus should be on "teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults."² This would include the topics of families and the people who care for me, caring friendships, respectful relationships, online relationships and being safe.

3 STATUTORY CURRICULUM REQUIREMENTS

3.1 The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) compulsory for all pupils receiving secondary education. They also make Health Education compulsory

¹ Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education: Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, head teachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers Page 4

² Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education: Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, head teachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers Page 19
NPCAT Relationships and Health Education Policy / Primary / September 2020
Page 4



in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools.

The Relationships Education, RSE, and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019 have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools. Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools and our focus is on Relationships Education.

- 3.2 The content of our teaching is everything that primary schools should teach about relationships and health, including puberty. The national curriculum for science also includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals.
- 3.3 We provide additional guidance, support and resources for parents/carers if they wish to cover any additional content on sex education to meet the needs of their children. Many primary schools already choose to teach some aspects of sex education and will continue to do so, although it is not a requirement
- 1 1. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-education/introduction-to-requirements

4 RATIONALE

'I have come that you might have life and have it to the full' (John 10v10)

- 4.1 We are involved in relationships and sex education precisely because of our Christian beliefs about God and about the human person. The belief in the unique dignity of the human person made in the image and likeness of God underpins the approach to all education in a Catholic school. Our approach to RHE therefore is rooted in the Catholic Church's teaching of the human person and presented in a positive framework of Christian ideals.
- 4.2 At the heart of the Christian life is the Trinity; Father, Son and Spirit in communion, united in loving a relationship and embracing all people and all creation. As a consequence of the Christian belief that we are made in the image and likeness of God, gender and sexuality are seen as God's gift, reflect God's beauty, and share in the divine creativity. RHE, therefore, will be placed firmly within the context of relationship as it is there that sexuality grows and develops.
- 4.3 Following the guidance of the Bishops of England and Wales and as advocated by the DFE (and the Welsh Assembly Government) RHE will be firmly embedded in the Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) framework as it is concerned with nurturing human wholeness and integral to the physical, spiritual, emotional, moral, social and intellectual development of pupils. It is centred on Christ's vision of being human as good news and



will be positive and prudent, showing the potential for development, while enabling the dangers and risks involved to be understood and appreciated.

4.4 All RHE will be in accordance with the Church's moral teaching. It will emphasise the central importance of marriage and the family whilst acknowledging that all pupils have a fundamental right to have their life respected whatever household they come from. It will also prepare pupils for life in modern Britain.

5 **VALUES AND VIRTUES**

Our programme enshrines Catholic values relating to the importance of stable relationships, marriage and family life. It also promotes those virtues which are essential in responding to God's call to love others with a proper respect for their dignity and the dignity of the human body. The following virtues will be explicitly explored and promoted: faithfulness, fruitfulness, chastity, integrity, prudence, mercy and compassion.

6 AIM OF RHE AND THE MISSION STATEMENT

- The Trust Mission Statement commits us to the education of the whole child (spiritual, physical, intellectual, moral, social, cultural, emotional) and we believe that RHE is an integral part of this education. We will endeavour to raise pupils' self-esteem, help them to grow in knowledge and understanding, recognise the value of all persons and develop caring and sensitive attitudes. It is in this context that we commit ourselves:
- 6.2 In partnership with parents, to provide children and young people with a "positive and prudent sexual education" which is compatible with their physical, cognitive, psychological, and spiritual maturity, and rooted in a Catholic vision of education and the human person.

6.3 **Objectives**

- 6.3a To develop the following **attitudes and virtues**:
 - reverence for the gift of human sexuality and fertility;
 - respect for the dignity of every human being in their own person and in the person of others:
 - joy in the goodness of the created world and their own bodily natures;
 - responsibility for their own actions and a recognition of the impact of these on others:
 - recognising and valuing their own sexual identity and that of others;
 - celebrating the gift of life-long, self-giving love;

³ Gravissimum Educationis 1



- recognising the importance of marriage and family life;
- fidelity in relationships.

6.3b To develop the following **personal and social skills**:

- making sound judgements and good choices which have integrity, and which are respectful of the individual's commitments;
- loving and being loved, and the ability to form friendships and loving, stable relationships free from exploitation, abuse and bullying;
- managing emotions within relationships, and when relationships break down, with confidence, sensitivity and dignity;
- managing conflict positively, recognising the value of difference;
- cultivating humility, mercy and compassion, learning to forgive and be forgiven;
- developing self-esteem and confidence, demonstrating self-respect and empathy for others;
- building resilience and the ability to resist unwanted pressures, recognising the influence and impact of the media, internet and peer groups and so developing the ability to assess pressures and respond appropriately;
- assessing risks and managing behaviours in order to minimise the risk to health and personal integrity.

6.3c To know and understand:

- the Church's teaching on relationships and the nature and meaning of sexual love;
- the Church's teaching on marriage and the importance of marriage and family life;
- the centrality and importance of virtue in guiding human living and loving;
- the physical and psychological changes that accompany puberty;
- the facts about human reproduction, how love is expressed sexually and how sexual love plays an essential and sacred role in procreation;

7 INCLUSION AND DIFFERENTIATED LEARNING

7.1 We will ensure RHE is sensitive to the different needs of individual pupils in respect to pupils' different abilities, levels of maturity and personal circumstances; for example, their own sexual orientation, faith or culture and is taught in a way that does not subject pupils to discrimination. Lessons will also help children to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber-bullying), use of prejudice-based language and how to respond and ask for help. (In looking at these questions, it is important to draw links to the school's inclusion policy).

Cample Control of the Control of the

NICHOLAS POSTGATE CATHOLIC ACADEMY TRUST

8 EQUALITY OBLIGATIONS

- 8.1 Those within Nicholas Postgate Catholic Academy Trust who have responsibilities defined within this policy will carry out their duties with regard to the Trust's Equality Statement and commitment to abide by the Equality Act 2010.
- 8.2 Governors will ensure that the school strives to do the best for all of the pupils, irrespective of disability, educational needs, race, nationality, ethnic or national origin, pregnancy, maternity, sex, gender identity, religion or sexual orientation or whether they are looked-after children.

9 BROAD CONTENT OF RHE

9.1 Three aspects of RHE - attitudes and values, knowledge and understanding, and personal and social skills will be provided in three inter-related ways: the whole school / ethos dimension; a cross-curricular dimension and a specific relationships and sex curriculum.

9.2 Programme / Resources

Appendices to this policy provide further information about the programme and resources for suggested use.

9.3 Teaching strategies will include:

- establishing ground rules
- distancing techniques
- discussion
- project learning
- reflection
- experiential
- active
- brainstorming
- film & video
- group work
- role-play
- trigger drawings
- values clarification
- 9.4 Pupil's learning will be assessed by class teachers to enable them to share progress and understanding with parents and carers.

10 PARENTS AND CARERS



- 10.1 We recognise that parents (and other carers who stand in their place) are the primary educators of their children. As a Catholic school, we provide the principal means by which the Church assists parents and carers in educating their children. Therefore the school will support parents and carers by providing material to be shared with their children at home and workshops to help parents/carers to find out more. Parents/carers will be informed by letter when the more sensitive aspects of RHE will be covered in order that they can be prepared to talk and answer questions about their children's learning.
- 10.2 Parents must be consulted before this policy is ratified by the governors. They will be consulted at every stage of the development of the RHE programme, as well as during the process of monitoring, review and evaluation. They will be able to view the resources used by the school in the RHE programme. Our aim is that, at the end of the consultation process, every parent and carer will have full confidence in the school's RHE programme to meet their child's needs.
- 10.4 The Consultation period will be extended into the Spring Term of 2021 and ratified within that term by governors.
- 10.5 Parents continue to have *the right to withdraw* their children from Sex Education except in those elements which are required by the National Curriculum science orders. Should parents wish to withdraw their children they are asked to notify the school by contacting the headteacher. The school will provide support by providing material for parents to help the children with their learning.
- 10.6 We believe that the controlled environment of the classroom is the safest place for this curriculum to be followed. Please refer to the DfE guidance Page 17 for further details on the right to be excused from sex education (commonly referred to as the right to withdraw).

11 BALANCED CURRICULUM

- 11.1 Whilst promoting Catholic values and virtues and teaching in accordance with Church teaching, we will ensure that pupils are offered a balanced programme by providing an RHE programme that offers a range of viewpoints on issues.
- 11.2 Pupils will also receive clear scientific information as well as covering the aspects of the law pertaining to RHE. Knowing about facts and enabling young people to explore differing viewpoints is not the same as promoting behaviour and is not incompatible with the school's promotion of Catholic teaching. We will ensure that pupils have access to the learning they need to stay safe, healthy and understand their rights as individuals.

Carrolic Academy

NICHOLAS POSTGATE CATHOLIC ACADEMY TRUST

12 RESPONSIBILITIES

12.1 Teaching the Programme

- 12.1a Responsibility for the specific relationships and sex education programme lays with class teachers.
- 12.1b However, all staff will be involved in developing the attitudes and values aspect of the RHE programme. They will be role models for pupils of good, healthy, wholesome relationships as between staff, other adults and pupils. They will also be contributing to the development of pupils' personal and social skills.

12.2 External Visitors

- 12.2a The school will often call upon help and guidance from outside agencies and health specialists to deliver aspects of RHE. Such visits will always complement the current programme and never substitute or replace teacher led sessions. It is important that any external visitor is clear about their role and responsibility whilst they are in school delivering a session. Any visitor must adhere to our code of practice developed in line with CES guidance 'Checklist for External Speakers to Schools ⁴.
- 12.2b Health professionals should follow the school's policies, minimising the potential for disclosures or inappropriate comments using negotiated ground rules and distancing techniques as other teachers would. They will ensure that all teaching is rooted in Catholic principles and practice.

12.3 Governors

It is the responsibility of governors to:

- draw up the RHE policy, in consultation with parents and teachers;
- ensure that the policy is in line with the strategic aims and values of the Trust:
- ensure that the policy is available to parents;
- ensure that the policy is in accordance with other whole school policies, e.g., SEND, the ethos of the school and our Christian beliefs;
- ensure that parents know of their right to withdraw their children;
- ensure that a member of the governing body shares in the monitoring and evaluation of the programme, including resources used:
- ensure that the policy provides proper and adequate coverage of relevant National Curriculum science topics and the setting of RHE within PSHE.

⁴ CES Checklist for External Speakers to Schools, 2016 NPCAT Relationships and Health Education Policy / Primary / September 2020 Page 10

Carrollas Post Cyr

NICHOLAS POSTGATE CATHOLIC ACADEMY TRUST

12.4 Headteacher

The Head teacher takes overall delegated responsibility for the implementation of this policy and for liaison with the Governing Body, parents, the Diocesan Schools' Service and the Local Education Authority, also appropriate agencies.

12.5 PSHE/RHE Co-Ordinator

The co-ordinator with the head teacher has a general responsibility for supporting other members of staff in the implementation of this policy and will provide a lead in the dissemination of the information relating to RHE and the provision of in-service training. They may be supported by Senior Leaders and members of staff with responsibility for child protection.

12.6 All Staff

RHE is a whole school issue. All teachers have a responsibility of care; as well as fostering academic progress they should actively contribute to the guardianship and guidance of the physical, moral and spiritual well-being of their pupils. Teachers will be expected to teach RHE in accordance with the Catholic Ethos of the school. Appropriate training will be made available for all staff teaching RHE. All staff have been included in the development of this policy and all staff should be aware of the policy and how it relates to them.

13 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER POLICIES AND CURRICULUM SUBJECTS

- 13.1 This RHE policy is to be delivered as part of the PSHE framework. It includes guidelines about pupil safety and is compatible with the school's other policy documents (for example, Bullying policy, Safeguarding Policy etc.)
- 13.2 Pupils with particular difficulties whether of a physical or intellectual nature will receive appropriately differentiated support in order to enable them to achieve mature knowledge, understanding and skills. Teaching methods will be adapted to meet the varying needs of this group of pupils.
- 13.3 Learning about RHE in PSHE classes will link to/complement learning in those areas identified in the RHE audit.

14 CHILDREN'S QUESTIONS

14.1 The governors want to promote a healthy, positive atmosphere in which RHE can take place. They want to ensure that pupils can ask questions freely, be NPCAT Relationships and Health Education Policy / Primary / September 2020 Page 11



confident that their questions will be answered, and be sure that they will be free from bullying or harassment from other children and young people.

14.2 Controversial or Sensitive issues

There will always be sensitive or controversial issues in the field of RHE. These may be matters of maturity, of personal involvement or experience of children, of disagreement with the official teaching of the Church, of illegal activity or other doubtful, dubious or harmful activity. The governors believe that children are best educated, protected from harm and exploitation by discussing such issues openly within the context of the RHE programme. The use of ground rules, negotiated between teachers and pupils, will help to create a supportive climate for discussion. (See also Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RHE) and Health Education, Managing difficult questions, Page 23 for more detail)

14.3 Some questions may raise issues which it would not be appropriate for teachers to answer during ordinary class time, e.g., where a child or young person's questions hints at abuse, is deliberately tendentious or is of a personal nature.

15 SUPPORTING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE WHO ARE AT RISK

15.1 Children will also need to feel safe and secure in the environment in which RHE takes place. Effective RHE will provide opportunities for discussion of what is and is not appropriate in relationships. Such discussion may well lead to disclosure of a safeguarding issue. Teachers will need to be aware of the needs of their pupils and not let any fears and worries go unnoticed. Where a teacher suspects that a child or young person is a victim of or is at risk of abuse they are required to follow the school's safeguarding policy and immediately inform the designated senior member of staff responsible.

16 CONFIDENTIALITY AND ADVICE

- 16.1 All governors, all teachers, all support staff, all parents and all pupils must be made aware of this policy, particularly as it relates to issues of advice and confidentiality.
- 16.2 All lessons, especially those in the RHE programme, will have the best interests of pupils at heart, enabling them to grow in knowledge and understanding of relationships and sex, developing appropriate personal and social skills and becoming appreciative of the values and attitudes which underpin the Christian understanding of what it means to be fully human.



16.3 Pupils will be encouraged to talk to their parents/carers about the issues which are discussed in the programme. Teachers will always help pupils facing personal difficulties, in line with the school's pastoral care policy. Teachers should explain to pupils that they cannot offer unconditional confidentiality, in matters which are illegal or abusive for instance. Teachers will explain that in such circumstances they would have to inform others, e.g., parents, head teacher, but that the pupils would always be informed first that such action was going to be taken.

17 MONITORING AND EVALUATION

- 17.1 The RHE Co-ordinator will monitor the provision of the various dimensions of the programme by examining plans, schemes of work and samples of pupils work at regular intervals. The programme will be evaluated biannually by means of questionnaires / response sheets / needs assessment given to pupils, and / or by discussion with pupils, staff and parents. The results of the evaluation should be reported to these groups of interested parties and their suggestions sought for improvements.
- 17.2 Governors will consider all such evaluations and suggestions before amending the policy. Governors remain ultimately responsible for the policy.