

8	KS1		KS2				
	Year 1	Year 2	Year3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Locational Knowledge	Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.	Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.	Locate and name the continents on a World Map. Locate the main countries of Europe inc. Russia. Identify capital cities of Europe. Locate and name the countries making up the British Isles, with their capital cities. Identify longest rivers in the world, largest deserts, highest mountains. Compare with UK. Identify the position and significance of Equator, N. and S. Hemisphere, Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn	On a world map, locate areas of similar environmental regions, either desert, rainforest or temperate regions. Locate and name the main counties and cities in/around Teesside.	Locate the main countries in Europe and North or South America. Locate and name principal cities. Compare 2 different regions in UK rural/urban. Locate and name the main counties and cities in England. Linking with History, compare land use maps of UK from past with the present, focusing on land use. Identify the position and significance of latitude/longitude and the Greenwich Meridian. Linking with science, time zones, night and day	On a world map locate the main countries in Africa, Asia and Australasia/Oceania. Identify their main environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, and major cities. Linking with local History, map how land use has changed in local area over time. Name and locate the key topographical features including coast, features of erosion, hills, mountains and rivers. Understand how these features have changed over time.	
Place Knowledge	Understand geographical similarities and differences through	Understand geographical similarities and differences through	Understand geographical similarities and differences through	Understand geographical similarities and differences through	Compare a region in UK with a region in N. or S. America with	Compare a region in UK with a region in N. or S. America with	



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	studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom (Thornaby and Teesside) and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country using Barnaby Bear/class bear.	studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom (Thornaby and Teesside) and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country concentrating on islands and sea sides	studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom (Thornaby and Teesside) and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country concentrating on islands and sea sides Compare a region of the UK with a region in Europe, eg. local hilly area with a flat one or under sea level.	the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America.	significant differences and similarities. El Salvador.	significant differences and similarities. El Salvador.
Human &Physical Geography	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. 'OUR LOCAL AREA' Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: 'OUR LOCAL AREA' key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm,	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: 'BEAUTIFUL BEACHES' key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm,	Describe and understand key aspects of: 'RAGING RIVERS' Physical geography including Rivers and the water cycle (focus on River Tees)	Describe and understand key aspects of: 'EXTREME WEATHER' Physical geography including coasts, rivers and the water cycle including transpiration; climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts. Human geography including trade between UK and Europe and ROW	Describe and understand key aspects of : 'MARVELLOUS MOUNTAINS' Physical geography including Mountains, Volcanoes and earthquakes.



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	key physical features, including:, forest, hill, mountain, soil, valley, vegetation,. key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office.	house, office, port, harbour and shop	house, office, port, harbour and shop Describe and understand key aspects of: Physical geography including Rivers and the water cycle (focus on River Tees)			
Geographical Skills & Field work	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment	Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied. Learn the eight points of a compass, 2 figure grid reference (maths co-ordinates), some basic symbols and key (including the use of a simplified Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world Use fieldwork to observe and record the human and physical features in	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied Learn the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references. Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom in the past and present. Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied Extend to 6 figure grid references with teaching of latitude and longitude in depth. Expand map skills to include non-UK countries. Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods,



	the local area using a	range of methods,	including sketch
	range of methods,	including sketch	maps, plans and
	including sketch	maps, plans and	graphs, and digital
	maps, plans and	graphs, and digital	technologies.
	graphs, and digital	technologies.	
	technologies.		