Key Knowledge Skills and Expectations for Year 2 (2020-2021)

(Any statements highlighted in yellow are the knowledge we want this year group to remember going forward)

Red italic font is challenge

Science

Observing closely

- Use <see, touch, smell, hear or taste> to help them to ask and answer questions.
- Use some scientific words to describe what they have seen and measured.
- Compare several things.
- Use microscopes to find out about small creatures and plants.
- Use equipment such as thermometers and rain gauges to help observe changes to local environment as the year progresses.
- Suggest ways of finding out through listening, hearing, smelling, touching and tasting.

Performing Tests

- Carry out a simple fair test.
- Explain why it might not be fair to compare two things.
- Say whether things happened as they expected.
- Suggest how to find things out.
- Use prompts to find things out.
- Draw conclusions from fair tests and explain what has been found out
- Say whether things happened as they
 Suggest more than one way of grouping expected and if not why not.

Identifying and Classifying

- Organise things into groups according to a given criteria, e.g. deciduous and coniferous trees..
- Find simple patterns (or associations).
- Identify animals and plants by a specific criteria, eg, lay eggs or not; have feathers or not.

Recording findings

- Use <text, diagrams, pictures, charts, tables> to record their observations.
- Measure using <simple equipment>.

- animals and plants and explain their reasons. information to find things out.
- Use information from books and online

Living Things & their Habitats

- Match certain living things to the habitats they are found in.
- Explain the differences between living and non-living things.
- Describe some of the life processes common to plants and animals, including humans.
- Decide whether something is living, dead or non-living.
- Describe how a habitat provides for the basic needs of things living there, plants and animals.
- Describe a range of different habitats.
- Describe how plants and animals are suited to their habitat.
- Name some different sources of food for animals.
- Know about and explain a simple food chain.
- Name some characteristics of an animal that help it to live in a particular habitat.
- Describe what animals need to survive and link this to their habitats.

Animals, including humans

- Describe what animals need to survive.
- Explain that animals grow and reproduce.
- Explain why animals have offspring which grow into adults.
- Describe the life cycle of some living things. (e.g. egg, chick, chicken and humans)
- Explain the basic needs of animals, including humans for survival. (water, food, air)
- Describe why exercise, balanced diet and hygiene are important for humans.
- Explain that animals reproduce in different ways.

Plants

- Describe what plants need to survive.
- Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.
- Find out & describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

- Describe what plants need to survive and link it to where they are found.
- Explain that plants grow and reproduce in different ways.

Classifying and grouping materials

- Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.
- Compare and group together a variety of materials based on their simple physical properties.

- Describe the properties of different materials using words like, transparent or opaque, flexible, etc.
- Sort materials into groups and say why they have sorted them in that way.
- Say which materials are natural and which are man-made.

Changing materials

- Explore how the shapes of solid objects can be changed. (squashing, bending, twisting, stretching)
- Find out about people who developed useful new materials. (John Dunlop, Charles Macintosh, John McAdam)
- Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, cardboard for particular uses.
- Explain how things move on different surfaces.
- Explain how materials are changed by heating and cooling.
- Explain how materials are changed by bending, twisting and stretching.
- Tell which materials cannot be changed back after being heated, cooled, bent, stretched or twisted.

Chronological understanding

- Use words and phrases like: before I was born, when I was younger.
- Use phrases and words like: 'before', 'after', 'past', 'present', 'then' and 'now'; in their historical learning.
- Use the words 'past' and 'present' accurately.
- Use a range of appropriate words and phrases to describe the past.
- Sequence a set of events in chronological order and give reasons for their order.

- Sequence a set of objects in chronological order and give reasons for their order.
- Sequence events about their own life.
- Sequence events about the life of a famous person.
- Try to work out how long ago an event happened.

Knowledge and interpretation

- Recount the life of someone famous from Britain who lived in the past giving attention to what they did earlier and what they did later.
- Know about a famous person from outside the UK and explain why they are famous.
- Explain how their local area was different in the past.
- Recount some interesting facts from an historical event, such as where the 'Fire of London' started.
- Give examples of things that are different in their life from that of their grandparents when they were young and even further back in time buildings tools, toys etc.
- Know what we use today instead of a number of older artefacts.
- Know that children's lives today, are different to those of children long ago.
- Explain why Britain has a special history by naming some famous events and some famous people.
- Explain what is meant by a parliament. (Parliament Wk?)
- Give examples of things that are different in their life from that of a long time ago in a specific period of history such as the Victorian times.
- Explain why someone in the past acted in the way they did.
- Explain why their locality (as wide as it needs to be) is associated with a special historical event.
- Explain what is meant by a democracy and why it is a good thing.

Historical enquiry

- Find out something about the past by talking to an older person.
- Answer questions by using a specific source, such as an information book.
- Research the life of a famous Briton from the past using different resources to help them.
- Research about a famous event that happens in Britain and why it has been happening for some time.
- Research the life of someone who used to live in their area using the Internet and other sources to find out about them.

- Say at least two ways they can find out about the past, e.g. using books and the internet.
- Explain why eye-witness accounts may vary.
- Research about a famous event that happens somewhere else in the world and why it has been happening for some time

Geographical Enquiry

- Label a diagram or photograph using some geographical words.
- Find out about a locality by using different sources of evidence.
- Find out about a locality by asking some relevant questions to someone else.
- Say what they like and don't like about their locality and another locality like the seaside.
- Know and use the technologies; left, right, below, next to
- Make inferences by looking at a weather chart.
- Make plausible predictions about what the weather may be like in different parts of the world.

Physical Geography

- their own locality.
- Explain what makes a locality special.
- Describe some places which are not near the school.
- Describe a place outside Europe using geographical words — what are the main differences between this place and a place in England..
- Describe some of the features associated with an island.
- Describe the key features of a place, using words like, beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, valley.
- Find the longest and shortest route using a map.
- Use a map, photographs, film or plan to describe a contrasting locality outside Europe.

Human Geography

- Describe some physical features of Describe some human features of their own locality, such as the jobs people do.
 - Explain how the jobs people do may be different in different parts of the world.
 - Do people ever spoil the area? How?
 - Do people try to make the area better? How?
 - Explain what facilities a town or village might need.
 - Explain some of the advantages and disadvantages of living in a city or a village.
 - different people.

Geographical Knowledge

- Name the 7 continents of the world and find them in an atlas.
- Name the world's 5 oceans and find them in an atlas.
- Name the major cities of England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland.
- Find where they live on a map of the UK.

- Explain how the weather affects Locate some of the world's major rivers and mountain ranges?
 - Point out the North, South, East and West associated with maps and compass?

Algorithms and Programs

- Predict the outcomes of a set of instructions.(Logical reasoning.)
- Use right angle turns.
- Use the repeat commands.
- Test and amend a set of instructions.
- Write a simple program and test it.
- Predict what the outcome of a simple program will be.

Data Retrieving and Organising

- Find information on a website.
- Click links in a website.
- Print a web page to use as a resource.
- Experiment with text, pictures and animation to make a simple slide show.

Create a presentation in a small group and record the narration.
Record sounds into software and play back.
Insert pre-recorded sounds into a presentation.
Capture still and moving images.

• Use the shape tools to draw.

Communicating

- Send and reply to messages sent by a safe email partner (within school).
- Word process a piece of text.
- Insert/delete a word using the mouse and arrow keys.
- Highlight text to change its format (B, U, I).

Knowledge & understanding

- Understand the different methods of communication (e.g. email, online forums etc).
- Know you should only open email from a known source.
- Know the difference between email and communication systems such as blogs and wikis.
- Know that websites sometimes include pop-ups that take them away from the main site.
- Know that bookmarking is a way to find safe sites again quickly.
- Begin to evaluate websites and know that everything on the internet is not true.
- Know that it is not always possible to copy some text and pictures from the internet.
- Know that personal information should not be shared online.
- Know they must tell a trusted adult immediately if anyone tries to meet them via the internet
- Know how technology is used in and outside school

Skills

- Follow the school's safer internet rules.
- Use the search engines agreed by the school.
- Act if they find something inappropriate online or something they are unsure of (including identifying people who can help; minimising screen; online reporting using school system etc).
- Use the internet for learning and communicating with others, making choices when navigating through sites.
- Send and receive email as a class.
- Recognise advertising on websites and learn to ignore it.
- Use a password to access the secure network.
- Know where to go for help if concerned.

Drawing

- Know how to use three different grades of pencil in their drawing (4B, 8B, HB).
- Know how to use charcoal, pencil and pastels.
- Create different tones using light and dark.
- Show patterns and texture in their drawings.
- Know how to use a viewfinder to focus on a specific part of an artefact before drawing it.

3D/ Textiles

- Know how to make a clay pot.
- Know how to join two finger pots together.
- Add line and shape to their work.
- Join fabric using glue.
- Sew fabrics together.
- Create part of a class patchwork.

Painting

- Know how to mix paint to create all the secondary colours.
- Mix and match colours, predict outcomes.
- Know how to mix their own brown.
- Know how to make tints by adding white and tones by adding black.

Printing

- Know how to create a print using pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping.
- Create a print like a designer.

Sketch books

- Begin to demonstrate ideas through photographs and in sketch books.
- Set out ideas, using 'annotation' in sketch books.
- Keep notes in sketch books as to how work has been changed.

Collage

- Create individual and group collages.
- Use different kinds of materials on collages and explain why these have been chosen.
- Use repeated patterns in collage.

Use of IT

- Create a picture independently.
- Use simple IT mark-making tools, e.g. brush and pen tools.
- Edit own work.
- Take different photographs of themselves displaying different moods.
- Change photographic images on a computer.

Knowledge

- Link colours to natural and man-made objects.
- Say how other artist/craft makers/designers have used colour, pattern and shape.
- Create a piece of work in response to another artist's work.

Developing, planning and communicating ideas

- Think of ideas and plan what to do next.
- Choose the best tools and materials. Give a reason why these are best.
- Describe designs by using pictures, diagrams, models and words.

Textiles

Measure textile.

make something.

have been chosen.

Cut textiles.

Join textiles together to

Explain why certain textiles

Breadth of study

Cooking and nutrition

- Describe the properties of ingredients being used.
- Weigh ingredients to use in a cake.
- Describe ingredients used when making a dish or cake.
- Explain what it means to be hygienic.
- Be hygienic in the kitchen.

Working with tools, equipment, materials and components to make quality products

• Join things (materials/ components) together in different ways.

Evaluating processes and products

- Explain what went well with their work.
- Explain what would be improved if the product was made again.

Mechanisms

- Join materials together as part of a moving product.
- Add some kind of design to their product.

Use of materials

- Measure materials to use in a model or structure.
- Join material in different ways.
- Use joining, folding or rolling to make it stronger.

Construction

- Make sensible choices as to which material to use for their constructions- make a model stronger and more stable.
- Develop own ideas from initial starting points.
- Incorporate some type of movement into models use wheels and axles, when appropriate to do so.
- Consider how to improve constructions.

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Music

Performing

- Sing and follow the melody (tune).
- Sing accurately at a given pitch.
- Perform simple patterns and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse.
- Perform with others.
- Play simple rhythmic patterns on an instrument.
- Sing/clap a pulse increasing or decreasing in tempo.
- Sing/play rhythmic patterns in contrasting tempo; keeping to the pulse.

Composing

- Order sounds to create a beginning, middle and end.
- Create music in response to <different starting points>.
- Choose sounds which create an effect.
- Use symbols to represent sounds.
- Make connections between notations and musical sounds.
- Use simple structures in a piece of music.
- Know that phrases are where we breathe in a song.

Appraising

- Improve own work.
- Listen out for particular things when listening to music.

• Recognise sounds that move by steps and by leaps.

Acquiring and Developing Skills

- Copy and remember actions.
- Repeat and explore actions with control and coordination.

Dance

- Dance imaginatively.
- Change rhythm, speed, level and direction.
- Dance with control and co-ordination.
- Make a sequence by linking sections together.
- Link some movements to show a mood or feeling.

Evaluating and Improving

- Talk about what is different between what they did and what someone else did.
- Say how they could improve based on feedback.

Games

- Use hitting, kicking and/or rolling in a game.
- Stay in a 'zone' during a game.
- Decide where the best place to be is during a game.
- Use one tactic in a game.
- Follow rules.

Health and Fitness

- Show how to exercise safely.
- Describe how their body feels during different activities.
- Explain what their body needs to keep healthy.

Gymnastics

- Plan and show a sequence of movements.
- Use contrast in their sequences.
- Control movements.
- Think of more than one way to create a sequence which follows a set of 'rules'.
- Work on their own and with a partner to create a sequence.

Dance

- Create, improve and perform more complex dance phrases.
- Perform short dances, linking actions fluently and with control.
 - Use dynamic and expressive qualities clearly in their dance.
- Use some simple dance vocabulary to describe and interpret dance.
 - Know how particular activities can help them to be healthy.

Listening and responding

- Understand a range of familiar statements.
- Understand a range of familiar questions.

Speaking

- Give short and simple responses to what they see and hear.
- Name and describe people.
- Name and describe places.
- Name and describe objects.
- Use (set) phrases.

See Column 1

Pronunciation may still be approximate and delivery hesitant, but their meaning is clear.

May need items repeated.

Bonjour, je m'appelle Madame xx. Comment t'appelles tu?
Je m'appelle xxxx
Ca va?
Très bien / mal / comme ci comme ça.
Au revoir!
Children role play meeting and greeting.

Understand classroom commands
Levez-vous, Asseyez-vous, Levez la main,
Ecoutez, Repetez, Silence, Regardez, (use
visuals and ask children to do actions).
Teacher gives instructions and children
repeat.

Play the game 'Jacques Dit' (Simon says?)

Numbers - 1 - 30

Colours - Rouge, Bleu, Vert, Jaune, Orange, Rose, Violet, Marron, Blanc, Noir, Gris

Quel age as-tu? J'ai sept ans. mere, pere, soeur, frere, grand-mere, grand-pere - C'est qui? Voici ma mere

Months of the year.

Reading and responding

- Read and understand short phrases.
- Read aloud single words and phrases.
- Use books or glossaries to find the in class. meanings of new words.

Writing

- Copy a short familiar phrase.
- Write or word-process set phrases we use in class

Change French calendar daily online
Day: lundi, mardi, mercredi etc
Date: lundi, le 6 mars etc
Month: janvier, fevrier, mars etc
Weather: Il fait beau or il fait froid or il fait
chaud (fine, cold or hot)

Remember all days and months start with a lower case letter

Dictionary work
Dual language French books

French date on the board daily

When they write familiar words from memory their spelling may be approximate.

Matching exercises e.g. crickweb.co.uk primarygamesarena french-games.net (beginners and intermediate) digitaldialects.com SALUT