

Years 3 & 4 - English Reading - Word Reading 3/4.RWR - apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet Not Met Shallow **Functional** Emerging Developing Deepening 3/4.RWR - read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word. Not Met Shallow **Functional** Emerging Developing Deepening

Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

At this stage, teaching comprehension should be taking precedence over teaching word reading directly. Any focus on word reading should support the development of vocabulary.

When pupils are taught to read longer words, they should be supported to test out different pronunciations. They will attempt to match what they decode to words they may have already heard but may not have seen in print [for example, in reading 'technical', the pronunciation /tɛtʃnɪkəl/ ('tetchnical') might not sound familiar, but /tɛknɪkəl/ ('teknical') should].



Years 3 & 4 - English

Reading - Comprehension						
Pupils should develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:						
3/4.RC - listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - reading b	oooks that are struc	ctured in different v	vays and reading fo	or a range of purpo	ses	
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - using dict	tionaries to check t	he meaning of wor	ds that they have r	ead		
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - discussin	g words and phrase	es that capture the	reader's interest a	nd imagination		
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
Pupils should be taught to understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by: 3/4.RC - checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - asking questions to improve their understanding of a text						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	

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3/4.RC - predicting what might happen from details stated and implied						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC - identifyi	3/4.RC - identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these					
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC – identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC – pupils should be able to retrieve and record information from non-fiction						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.RC – pupils should be able to participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	

Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

The focus should continue to be on pupils' comprehension as a primary element in reading. The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. This is why the programmes of study for comprehension in years 3 and 4 and years 5 and 6 are similar: the complexity of the writing increases the level of challenge.

Pupils should be taught to recognise themes in what they read, such as the triumph of good over evil or the use of magical devices in fairy stories and folk tales.

They should also learn the conventions of different types of writing (for example, the greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings in instructions). Pupils should be taught to use the skills they have learnt earlier and continue to apply these skills to read for different reasons, including for pleasure, or to find out information and the meaning of new words.

Pupils should continue to have opportunities to listen frequently to stories, poems, nonfiction and other writing, including whole books and not just extracts, so that they build on what was taught previously. In this way, they also meet books and authors that they might not choose themselves. Pupils should also have opportunities to exercise choice in selecting books and be taught how to do so, with teachers making use of any library services and expertise to support this.

Reading, re-reading, and rehearsing poems and plays for presentation and performance give pupils opportunities to discuss language, including vocabulary, extending their interest in the meaning and origin of words. Pupils should be encouraged to use drama approaches to understand how to perform plays and poems to support their understanding of the meaning. These activities also provide them with an incentive to find out what expression is required, so feeding into comprehension.

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In using non-fiction, pupils should know what information they need to look for before they begin and be clear about the task. They should be shown how to use contents pages and indexes to locate information.

Pupils should have guidance about the kinds of explanations and questions that are expected from them. They should help to develop, agree on, and evaluate rules for effective discussion. The expectation should be that all pupils take part.





Years 3 & 4 - English Writing - transcription							
							Spelling
3/4.WTS – use fu	rther prefixes and	suffixes and unders	tand how to add th	nem (English Apper	ndix 1)		
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional		
- / . M.T.C							
3/4.WTS – spell f	3/4.WTS – spell further homophones						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional		
2/4 W/TC II -		It /F aliab	A				
3/4. W 15 – spell V	3/4.WTS – spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1)						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional		
3/4.WTS – place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals [for example, girls', boys'] and in words with irregular plurals [for example, children's]							
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional		
3/4.WTS – use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary							
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional		
3/4.WTS – write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far							
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional		

Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Pupils should learn to spell new words correctly and have plenty of practice in spelling them.

As in years 1 and 2, pupils should continue to be supported in understanding and applying the concepts of word structure (see English Appendix 2).

Pupils need sufficient knowledge of spelling in order to use dictionaries efficiently.





Years 3 & 4 - English Writing - transcription Handwriting 3/4.WTH – use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined Not Met Shallow **Emerging** Developing **Functional** Deepening 3/4.WTH – increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting [for example, by ensuring that the down strokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch]. Not Met Shallow **Emerging** Developing Deepening Functional

Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Pupils should be using joined handwriting throughout their independent writing. Handwriting should continue to be taught, with the aim of increasing the fluency with which pupils are able to write down what they want to say. This, in turn, will support their composition and spelling.



Years 3 & 4 - English

Writing - composition						
Pupils should be ta	ught to plan their	writing by:				
3/4.WC – discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC – discussir	ng and recording ide	eas				
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
Pupils should be taught to draft and write by: 3/4.WC – composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2)						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC - organising paragraphs around a theme						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC - in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC - in non-na	rrative material, us	ing simple organisa	tional devices [for e	example, headings a	and sub-headings]	
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
Pupils should be taught to evaluate and edit by: 3/4.WC - assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC - proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC – Pupils s	hould be taught to	o proof-read for sp	elling and punctuat	tion errors		
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	
3/4.WC - Pupils should be taught to read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.						
Not Met	Shallow	Emerging	Developing	Deepening	Functional	

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Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Pupils should continue to have opportunities to write for a range of real purposes and audiences as part of their work across the curriculum. These purposes and audiences should underpin the decisions about the form the writing should take, such as a narrative, an explanation or a description.

Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the skills and processes that are essential for writing: that is, thinking aloud to explore and collect ideas, drafting, and re-reading to check their meaning is clear, including doing so as the writing develops. Pupils should be taught to monitor whether their own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor their reading, checking at different levels.



Years 3 & 4 - English

Writing - vocabulary, grammar and punctuation

Pupils should be taught to develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: 3/4.WVGP – extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although Not Met Shallow **Emerging** Developing Deepening **Functional** learn how to use 3/4.WVGP - using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense **Shallow** Not Met **Emerging** Developing **Functional** Deepening 3/4.WVGP – choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition Shallow Developing **Functional** Not Met **Emerging** Deepening 3/4.WVGP - using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause Not Met Shallow **Emerging** Developing Deepening **Functional** 3/4.WVGP - using fronted adverbials **Shallow** Not Met **Emerging** Developing Deepening **Functional** 3/4.WVGP - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 **Functional** Not Met Shallow **Emerging** Developing Deepening Pupils should be taught to indicate grammatical and other features by: 3/4.WVGP - using commas after fronted adverbials Not Met Shallow **Emerging Functional** Developing Deepening 3/4.WVGP - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns Not Met Shallow **Emerging** Developing Deepening **Functional** 3/4.WVGP - using and punctuating direct speech **Shallow Functional** Not Met **Emerging** Developing Deepening 3/4.WVGP - Pupils should be taught to use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. Shallow Not Met **Emerging** Developing Deepening **Functional**

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Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read.

At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters].