

#### Music development plan summary: Harry Hotspur CE Primary School

#### **Overview**

Detail	Information
Academic year that this summary covers	24/25
Date this summary was published	
Date this summary will be reviewed	
Name of the school music lead	Mr G Johnston
Name of school leadership team member with responsibility for music (if different)	Mr G Johnston
Name of local music hub	Music Partnership North <a href="https://www.northumberland.gov.uk/Education/Music-Service.aspx">https://www.northumberland.gov.uk/Education/Music-Service.aspx</a>
Name of other music education organisation(s) (if partnership in place)	

This is a summary of how our school delivers music education to all our pupils across three areas – curriculum music, co-curricular provision and musical experiences – and what changes we are planning in future years. This information is to help pupils and parents or carers understand what our school offers and who we work with to support our pupils' music education.



#### Part A: Curriculum music

This is about what we teach in lesson time, how much time is spent teaching music and any music qualifications or awards that pupils can achieve.



#### **MUSIC**

#### **National Curriculum Expectations**

#### **Purpose of Study**

Music is a universal language that embodies one of the highest forms of creativity. A high quality music education should engage and inspire pupils to develop a love of music and their talent as musicians, and so increase their self-confidence, creativity and sense of achievement. As pupils progress, they should develop a critical engagement with music, allowing them to compose, and to listen with discrimination to the best in the musical canon.

#### Aims

The national curriculum for history aims to ensure that all pupils:

- perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians
- learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence
- understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.



#### • Statutory and Non-Statutory Frameworks:

• EYFS		• KS1		• LKS2		• UKS2	
• Nursery	• Reception	Year 1	• Year 2	• Year 3	• Year 4	• Year 5	Year 6
<ul> <li>Listen with increased attention to sounds.</li> <li>Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.</li> <li>Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Development Matters:         <ul> <li>Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> <li>Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.</li> <li>Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	and creative songs and spand rhymes  play tuned a struments m  listen with cand underst range of high and recorde  experiment lect and com	ught to: ces expressively ly by singing beaking chants  Ind untuned in- husically concentration anding to a h-quality live d music with, create, se- hine sounds us- related dimen-	<ul> <li>and playing control and control a</li></ul>	ught to: form in solo and e musical instrumer expression nd compose music limensions of mus ttention to detail erstand staff and nd understand a drawn from diffe	nts with increasing for a range of pusic and recall sounds other musical not wide range of high rent traditions an	h-quality live and rec- id from great com-



of familiar songs. Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know.  Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.	
Statutory Framework for the early years foundation stage  ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive  ELG  Children at the expected level of development will:  - Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs;  - Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when	Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.
appropriate try to move in time with music.	



Music at St Michael's CE Primary School

Our music curriculum gives all pupils the opportunity to learn about and develop a respect for a range of musicians: historical and modern; their lives, techniques and inspirations. Children use this as stimulus as they show resilience in mastering disciplinary knowledge in music. They take responsibility for improving their work in response to feedback.



#### **Big Ideas**

#### **Listen and Appraise:**

Children explore and express ideas and feelings about music and also reflect on and improve own and others' work in relation to its intended effect.

#### **Create and compose:**

Children create music patterns moving onto exploring, choosing, combining and organising musical ideas with musical structures.

#### **Perform and Share**

Children learn to use their voices expressively, controlling their pitch and play tuned and unturned percussion with increasing accuracy.

# 'Without music, life would be a mistake.'

Friedrich Nietzsche (German Philosopher)





Links with other subjects	Pedagogy	Progress	Support
<ul> <li>English</li> <li>High quality texts</li> <li>Vocabulary and non-fiction writing</li> <li>Reasoning and inference</li> </ul> Maths <ul> <li>Number, measuring, direction, handling data</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Low stakes quizzing for long term memory</li> <li>Varied teaching and learning activities</li> <li>Thoughtful sequencing of content</li> <li>Specific teaching of vocabulary</li> <li>Higher order thinking tasks</li> <li>The opportunity to perform</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Units of work are carefully sequenced so prior knowledge and concepts are built upon</li> <li>Regular formative assessment and assessment for learning (including low-stakes quizzing) ensures gaps are filled</li> <li>Effective questioning and higher order thinking features in every lesson</li> <li>Progress and attainment within units is recorded and shared with all teaching staff</li> <li>Opportunities are provided for revisiting content or applying learning at greater depth.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For staff:</li> <li>National Curriculum</li> <li>Charanga</li> <li>Knowledge organisers (from Charanga)</li> <li>For Pupils:</li> <li>Ambitious targets</li> <li>Quality first planning and teaching to meet all needs</li> <li>Guidance from individual support plans</li> <li>Resources chosen which are accessible</li> <li>Children requiring support do not miss the same lesson every week</li> </ul>



Long term plan over a 2-year cycle:

**Curriculum model based on Charanga: Model Music curriculum** 

#### September 2024 then 2026

	Aut 1	Aut 2	Spr 1	Spr 2	Sum 1	Sum 2	
EYFS	Me!		My S	tories	Everyone!		
	explore: growing toys, ho		Christmas, Fe	our imagination, stivals, Fairies, re, Superheroes, nce upon a time	explore: family, friends, people and music from around the world		
KS1	My Musical	Playing in an	Exploring	Recognising	Having Fun	Our Big	
	Heartbeat	orchestra	Sounds	Different Sounds	with Improvisation	Concert	
LKS2	Whole class	Whole class	Whole class	Whole class	Whole class	Whole class	
	tuition (violin)	tuition (violin)	tuition (violin)	tuition (violin)	tuition (violin)	tuition (violin)	
	Writing Music	Explore Feelings		Feelings		The Show Must	
	Down	When You Play	Compose	Through	Enjoying	Go On	
			Using Your Imagination	Music	Improvisation		
UKS2	Melody and Harmony in Music	Developing Ensemble Skills	Composing and Chords	Musical Styles Connect Us	Freedom to Improvise	Farewell Tour	



#### September 2025 then 2027

	Aut 1	Aut 2	Spr 1	Spr 2	Sum 1	Sum 2	
EYFS	FS Our World  explore: animals, jungle, minibeasts,			ar Funk	Reflect, rewind and replay Consolidation of learning and contextualising the history of		
	night and day,	night and day, sand and water, seaside, seasons, weather, sea, space		music			
KS1	Whole class tuition (violin) with Arts award	Whole class tuition (violin) with Arts award	Whole class tuition (violin) with	Whole class tuition (violin) with Arts	Whole class tuition (violin) with	Whole class tuition (violin) with Arts	
	Pulse, Rhythm and Pitch	Dance, Sing and Play	Investing a Musical Story	award  Learning to  Listen	Arts award  Exploring  Improvisation	award  Let's Perform  Together!	
LKS2	Musical Structures	Playing in a Band	Compose with Your Friends	More Musical Styles	Expression and Improvi- sation	Opening Night	
UKS2	Music and Technology	Sing and Play in Different Styles	Creative Composition	Enjoying Musical Styles	Improvising with Confidence	Battle of the Bands!	



#### **Skills Progression EYFS**

Skills Progression	EYFS
Listen and respond	To learn that music can touch your feelings.
	• To enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or Pop stars.
	Find the pulse by copying a character in a nursery rhyme, imagining a similar
Explore and create	character or object and finding different ways to keep the pulse.
	● To sing along with a pre-recorded song and add actions. ● To sing along with
Singing	the backing track.
	Perform any of the nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or dance.
Share and perform	Perform any nursery rhymes or songs adding a simple instrumental part.
	Record the performance to talk about.



Activities: percussion, instruments and instruments and voices. improvisation within major and minor instruments	y percussion,  Use body percussion, instruments and voices.
Activities:  percussion, instruments and instruments and voices.  improvisation within major and minor instruments	
Music, Improvise Improvise Together  Find and keep a steady beat together.  Begin to move in time with a steady beat/pulse. Copy back simple pitch, tempo, dynamics  Explore the time signatures of 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. Internalise, keep and move in time with a steady beat in 4/4. Justernalise, beat in 4/4. Justernalise, their own rhythmic and time with a steady beat in 4/4. Justernalise, keep and move in time with a steady beat in 4/4. Justernalise, laternalise, keep and move in time with a steady beat in 4/4. Justernalise, laternalise, and begin to create personal musical lideas using the given notes for the unit.  Understand the difference between organity in time.  Steady beat in 4/4. Justernalise, keep and move in time with a steady beat in 4/4. Justernalise, laternalise, beat in 4/4. Justernalise, laternalise, beat in 4/4. Justernalise,	Explore the time signatures of 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8.  Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic made of dotted minims, dotted s, crotchets, dotted triplet quavers, semiquavers and ts, by ear or from  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, C, D,



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follow a steady	crotchets, quavers and		quavers, semiquavers and	
beat.	their equivalent rests.		their rests, by ear or from	
			notation.	
Begin to	Copy back and			
understand that	improvise simple		Copy back various melodic	
the speed of the	rhythmic patterns		patterns	
beat can change,	using semibreves,			
creating a faster or	minims, dotted			
slower pace	crotchets, crotchets,			
(tempo). Play	quavers and their			
copy-back	rests.			
rhythms, copy a				
leader, and invent	Copy back and			
rhythms for others	improvise simple			
to copy on	melodic patterns			
untuned and	using the notes: C, D, E			
tuned percussion.	G, A, B F, G, A A, B, C			
Create rhythms	Understand the			
using word	beginnings of formal			
phrases as a	notation, linking			
starting point.	sounds to symbols,			
Recognise long	and understand that			
and short sounds,	music has its own			
and match them	language.			
to syllables and				
movement.	Start learning about			
	basic music theory:			
	<ul> <li>Introduce and</li> </ul>			
	understand the			
	differences between			



			I		T	<u> </u>
			crotchets and paired			
			quavers.			
			<ul> <li>Play and sing in the</li> </ul>			
			time signatures of 2/4,			
			3/4 and 4/4.			
			<ul> <li>Create rhythms</li> </ul>			
			using word phrases as			
			a starting point.			
			Identify the names			
			of some pitched notes			
			on a stave.			
			• Identify if a song is			
			major or minor in			
			tonality.			
			touty.			
Listening:	Move, dance and	Find and try to	Talk about the style of	Talk about the words	Talk about feelings created	Talk about feelings created by the
	respond in any way	keep a steady	the music.	of the song. Think	by the music. Justify a	music. Justify a personal opinion
(Listen and	they can when	beat. Invent		about why the song	personal opinion with	with reference to the musical
respond)	listening.	different actions	Share their thoughts	or piece of music was	reference to the musical	elements. Identify 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 6/8
	iisteriirig.	to move in time	and feelings about the	written. Find and	elements.	and 5/4 metre.
Flowenter	Describe their	with the music.	music together. Find	demonstrate the	ciemenes.	and 3/ Timetre.
Elements:	thoughts and	with the masic.	the beat or groove of	steady beat. Identify	Find and demonstrate the	Identify the following instruments
pulse, rhythm,	feelings when	Move, dance and	the music. Invent	2/4, 3/4, and 4/4	steady beat. Identify 2/4, 3/4,	by ear and through a range of
pitch, tempo,	listening to the	respond with their	different actions to	metre. Identify the	4/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre.	media: bass guitar; electric guitar;
	music, including	bodies in any way	move in time with the	tempo as fast, slow or	Identify instruments by ear	percussion; sections of the
dynamics,	why they like or	they can.	music. Talk about	•	and through a range of	orchestra such as brass, woodwind
timbre,	· ·	triey Cari.	what the song or	steady.	media. Discuss the structure	
	don't like the music.	Describe their	_	Diaguagetha		and strings; electric organ; congas;
texture,	Talk about any		piece of music means.	Discuss the	of the music with reference	piano and synthesisers; and vocal
structure	Talk about any	thoughts and		structures of songs.	to the verses, bridge, repeat	techniques such as scat singing.
	instruments they	feelings when		Explain what a main	signs, chorus and final	Identify the sound of a Gospel



might hear and	hearing the music.	Talk about the style of	theme is and identify	chorus, improvisation, call	choir and soloist, a Rock band, a
perhaps identify	Describe what	the music. Identify and	when it is repeated.	and response, and AB form.	symphony orchestra and A
them.	they see in their	describe their feelings	Identify:		cappella groups. Discuss the
	individual	when hearing the		Explain a bridge passage and	structure of the music with
Recognise some	imaginations	music, including why	<ul> <li>Call and response</li> </ul>	its position in a song. Recall	reference to the verse, chorus,
band and orchestral	when listening to	they like or don't like		by ear memorable phrases	bridge and instrumental break.
instruments. Identify	the piece of music.	the music.	• A solo	heard in the music. Explain	
a fast or slow tempo.			vocal/instrumental	the role of a main theme in	Explain a bridge passage and its
Identify loud and	Talk about why	Use appropriate	line and the rest of	musical structure.	position in a song. Recall by ear
quiet sounds as an	they like or don't	musical language to	the ensemble		memorable phrases heard in the
introduction to	like the music. Talk	describe and discuss		Understand what a musical	music. Explain the role of a main
understanding	about any other	the music.	A change in texture	introduction is and know its	theme in musical structure.
dynamics.	music they have		- The articulation of	purpose. Explain rapping.	Understand what a musical
	heard that is	Start to use musical	certain words	Identify major and minor	introduction and outro are and
Talk about any other	similar.	concepts and		tonalities. Recognise the	know their purpose. Identify major
music they have		elements more	Programme music	sound and notes of the	and minor tonalities and chord
heard that is similar.	Identify a fast or	confidently when		pentatonic and Blues scales,	triads. Identify the musical style of
Begin to understand	slow tempo.	talking about the	Know and	by ear and from notation.	a song, using some musical
where the music fits		music.	understand what a	Identify the musical style of a	vocabulary to discuss its musical
in the world.	Mark the beat of a		musical introduction	song or piece of music.	elements.
	listening piece by	Recognise that some	is and its purpose.	Recognise the following	
Begin to understand	tapping or	instruments are band	Recall by ear	styles and any key musical	Recognise the following styles and
different styles of	clapping, and	instruments and some	memorable phrases	features that distinguish	any key musical features that
music.	recognise tempo	are orchestral	heard in the music.	each style: 20th and 21st	distinguish the style: 20th and 21st
	as well as changes	instruments. Identify	Identify major and	Century Orchestral, Gospel,	Century Orchestral, Soul, Pop, Hip
	in tempo. Identify	specific instruments if	minor tonalities.	Pop, Minimalism, Rock 'n'	Hop, Jazz: Swing, Rock, Disco,
	loud and quiet	they can.	Recognise the sound	Roll, South African Pop, Jazz:	Romantic, Zimbabwean Pop, R&B,
	sounds as an	T 11 1 1 1 1	and notes of the	Contemporary, Reggae, Film	Folk, Gospel, Salsa, Reggae,
	introduction to	Talk about where the	pentatonic scale by	Music, Hip Hop, Funk,	Musicals and Film Music.
	understanding	music fits into the	ear and from	Romantic and Musicals.	
	dynamics.	world. Think about	notation. Describe		
		and discuss why the	legato and staccato.		
		song or piece of music	regulo una staccato.		



		Walk in time to the	was written and what	Recognise the style		
		beat of a piece of	it might mean.	of music they are		
		music.		listening to.		
			Discuss the style of the	Recognise the		
		Describe	music and any other	following styles and		
		differences in	music they have heard	any important		
		tempo and	that is similar.	musical features that		
		dynamics with		distinguish each		
		more confidence.		style: 20th and 21st		
		Recognise some		Century Orchestral,		
		band and		Reggae, Soul, R&B,		
		orchestral		Pop, Folk, Jazz, Disco,		
		instruments.		Musicals, Classical,		
		Continue to talk		Rock, Gospel,		
		about where		Romantic, Choral,		
		music might fit		Funk and Electronic		
		into the world.		Dance Music.		
		Begin to				
		understand that				
		there are different				
		styles of music.				
		Discuss the style(s)				
		of the music.				
		Discuss what the				
		song or piece of				
		music might be				
		about.				
A stinite	Sing, rap or rhyme	Sing as part of a	Sing as part of a choir	Sing as part of a choir	Sing in unison and parts, and	Rehearse and learn songs from
Activity:	as part of a	choir.	and in unison. Have a	with awareness of	as part of a smaller group.	memory and/or with notation.
singing (learn	choir/group. Begin	CHOII.	go at singing a solo.	size: the larger the	as part of a sinuffer group.	Sing a broad range of songs as
	to demonstrate	Have a go at	30 at 511191119 a 5010.	choir, the thicker and	Sing a second part in a song.	part of a choir, including those
	good singing	singing a solo.		and and anexer and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	that involve syncopated rhythms,
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to sing the	posture – standing	Demonstrate	Demonstrate good	richer the musical	Rehearse and learn songs	with a good sense of ensemble
song)	up straight with	good singing	singing posture. Sing	texture.	from memory and/or with	and performance.
33119)	relaxed shoulders.	posture. Sing	the unit songs from		notation. Sing in 2/4, 3/4,	
-1		songs from	memory.	Rehearse and learn	4/4, 5/4 and 6/8 metre. Sing	This should include observing
Elements:	Sing unit songs from	memory.		songs from memory	'on pitch' and 'in time'.	rhythm, phrasing, accurate
pulse, rhythm,	memory.		Sing with attention to	and/or with notation.		pitching and appropriate style.
pitch, tempo,		Sing with more	clear diction.		Self-correct if lost or out of	Continue to sing in parts, where
	Perhaps have a go at	pitch accuracy.		Sing in different time	time.	appropriate.
dynamics,	singing a solo.	Understand and	Sing more	signatures: 2/4, 3/4		
structure		follow the leader	expressively, with	and 4/4.	Sing expressively, with	Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8.
	Try to understand	or conductor.	attention to breathing	Demonstrate good	attention to breathing and	Demonstrate and maintain good
	the meaning of the		and phrasing.	singing posture.	phrasing.	posture and breath control whilst
	song.	Sing and try to		Demonstrate vowel		singing.
		communicate the	Discuss what the song	sounds, blended	Sing expressively, with	
	Try to follow the	meaning of the	or piece of music	sounds and	attention to dynamics and	Sing with and without an
	leader or conductor.	words.	might be about.	consonants.	articulation. Develop	accompaniment. Sing syncopated
	Add actions and/or				confidence as a soloist.	melodic patterns. Lead a singing
	movement to a	Listen for being	Follow the leader or	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in		rehearsal. Talk about the different
	song.	'in time' or 'out of	conductor confidently.	time'.	Talk about the different	styles of singing used in the
		time'.			styles of singing used for	various styles of song visited
			Sing with attention to	Sing expressively,	different styles of song.	throughout this year.
		Add actions and	the meaning of the	with attention to		
		perhaps	words.	breathing and	Talk confidently about how	Discuss with one another how
		movement to a		phrasing.	connected they feel to the	connected they are to the music
		song.	Listen for being 'in		music and how it connects	and songs, and how the songs and
			time' or 'out of time',	Sing expressively,	to the world.	styles are connected to the world.
			with an awareness of	with attention to		
			following the beat.	staccato and legato.	Respond to a leader or	
			Perform actions	Talk about the	conductor.	
			confidently and in	different styles of		
			time.	singing used for		
				different styles of		
			Sing a widening range	song.		
			of unison songs, of			



			varying styles and structures.	Talk about how the songs and their styles connect to the world.		
Playing Instruments  Elements: pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre,	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear.  Play a part on a tuned or untuned instrument by ear.  Learn to treat	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear.  Play a part on a tuned or untuned instrument by ear (either Part 1, Part 2 or the optional	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part, by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major.  Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as the violin or	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part, by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major, D major and D minor.  Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts, by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, Eb major, C minor and D minor. Play a part on a tuned instrument, by ear or from notation.  Treat instruments carefully	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts, by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, Eb major, D minor and F minor.  Play a melody, following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave
texture, structure	instruments carefully and with respect. Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.  Learn to play together with everybody while	Easy Part). Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song. Learn to treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play together as a	recorder.  Play a part on a tuned instrument by ear or from notation.  Play the instrumental part they are comfortable with and swap when appropriate.	the unit song. Treat instruments carefully and with respect.  Play the right notes with secure rhythms.  Play together as a group while keeping the beat. Listen to and follow musical	and with respect.  Play the right notes with secure rhythms. Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.  Play together as a group while keeping the beat. Listen to and follow musical	range; make decisions about dynamic range, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).  Play a part on a tuned instrument, by ear or from notation.  Treat instruments carefully and
	keeping in time with a steady beat.  Perform short, repeating rhythm patterns (ostinati or riffs) while keeping	group while keeping in time with a steady beat. Perform short, repeating rhythm patterns (ostinati or riffs) while	Treat instruments carefully and with respect.  Play the right notes with secure rhythms. Play together as a	instructions from a leader.  Play their instruments with good posture and technique.	instructions from a leader.  Play their instruments with good posture. Begin to understand how to rehearse a piece of music in order to improve.	with respect.  Play the right notes with secure rhythms. Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.



	in time with a steady beat.	keeping in time with a steady beat	group while keeping the beat.  Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.  Play their instruments with good posture and technique.			Play together with everybody while keeping the beat. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.  Play their instruments with good posture. Understand how to rehearse a piece of music in order to improve.
						Play a more complex part.
Creating:	Explore	Explore	Explore improvisation	Explore	Explore improvisation within	Explore improvisation within a
Improvise	improvisation within	improvisation	within a major scale,	improvisation within	a major and minor scale,	major scale, using the notes:
	a major and minor scale, using the	within a major scale, using the	using the notes:	a major scale, using the notes:	using the following notes:	C, D, E, F, G
Elements:	notes:	notes:	C, D, E	the notes.	C, D, Eb, F, G	-,-,-,-
pulse, rhythm,				C, D, E		G, A, B♭, C, D
pitch, tempo,	C, D, E	C, D, E	C, D, E, F, G	65564	C, D, E, F, G	
dynamics,	D, E, A	C, G, A	C, D, E, G, A	C, D, E, G, A	C, D, E, G, A	G, A, B, C, D
	D, L, A	C, G, A	C, D, E, G, N	C, D, E, F, G	C, D, L, G, A	F, G, A, C, D
timbre,	F, G, A	G, A, B	G, A, B G, A, B, D, E G,		F, G, A, Bb, C	
texture,			A, B, C, D	D, E, F♯		Improvise over a groove,
structure	D, F, G	F, G, A			D, E, F, G, A	responding to the beat, creating a
	Explore and begin	Begin to create	F, G, A F, G, A, C, D Structure musical	D, E, F♯, A, B		satisfying melodic shape with
	to create personal	personal musical	ideas (eg using echo	Evalere	Improvise over a simple	varied dynamics and articulation.
	musical ideas using	ideas using the	or 'question and	Explore improvisation within	groove, responding to the beat and creating a	Follow a steady beat and stay 'in time'.
	the given notes for	given notes.	answer' phrases) to	a major scale, using	satisfying melodic shape.	diffe.
	the unit.	Understand that	create music that has	more notes.		Become more skilled in
		improvisation is	a beginning, middle		Experiment with using a	improvising, perhaps trying more
	Understand that	about the children	and end. When	Improvise using a	wider range of dynamics,	
	improvisation is	making up their	improvising, follow a	limited range of	including very loud	



				T -	
about the children	own very simple	steady beat and stay	pitches on the	(fortissimo), very quiet	notes and rhythms. Include rests
making up their	tunes on the spot.	'in time'. Become	instruments they are	(pianissimo), moderately	or silent beats.
own very simple	Follow a steady	more skilled in	learning, making use	loud (mezzo forte) and	
tunes on the spot.	beat and stay 'in	improvising; perhaps	of musical features,	moderately quiet (mezzo	Think about creating music with
	time'.	try more notes and	including smooth	piano).	'phrases' made up of notes, rather
Follow a steady beat		rhythms, including	(legato) and		than just lots of notes played one
and stay 'in time'.	Work with	rests or silent beats.	detached (staccato)	Follow a steady beat and	after the other.
Improvise simple	partners and in		articulation.	stay 'in time'. Become more	
vocal patterns using	the class to	Think about creating	Improvise over a	skilled in improvising;	Challenge themselves to play for
'question and	improvise simple	music with 'phrases'	simple chord	perhaps try more notes and	longer periods, both as soloists
answer' phrases.	'question and	made up of notes,	progression /groove.	rhythms.	and in response to others in a
Understand the	answer' phrases,	rather than simply lots			group.
difference between	to be sung and	of notes played one		Become more skilled in	
creating a rhythm	played on	after the other.		improvising; perhaps try to	
pattern and a pitch	untuned			use melodic jumps (intervals)	
pattern.	percussion,			that might get higher and	
	creating a musical			lower.	
	conversation.				
				Explore rhythm patterns	
				created from quavers,	
				crotchets, semiquavers,	
				minims and their rests.	
				Include rests or silent beats.	
				Think about creating music	
				with 'phrases' made up of	
				notes, rather than just lots of	
				notes played one after the	
				other.	
				Include smooth (legato) and	
				detached (staccato)	
				articulation when playing	
				notes.	



Currella	Begin to understand	Continue to	Create a simple	Create a melody	Create a melody using	Create a melody using crotchets,
Creating:	that composing is	understand that	melody using	using crotchets,	crotchets, quavers and	quavers and minims, and perhaps
composing			crotchets, minims and	_	•	·
(compose with	like writing a story with music.	composing is like	· ·	minims, quavers and their rests.	minims, and perhaps semibreves and	semibreves and semiquavers, plus
	with music.	writing a story	perhaps paired	their rests.		all equivalent rests.
the song,	Explore sounds and	with music.	quavers:	Use a pentatonic	semiquavers, plus all	Lice a pontatonic and a full scale
create a	create their own	Perform their	C, D	scale:	equivalent rests.	Use a pentatonic and a full scale.
	melody.	simple	(, 0	Scale:	Use a pentatonic and a full	Use major and minor tonality:
graphic score,	melody.		C, D, E	C, D	•	ose major and minor tonanty.
compose with	Perform their simple	composition/s	C, D, L	C, D	scale.	C, D
t a theme,	composition/s using	using two, three,	C, D, E, G	C, D, E	Use major and minor	C, D
	two, three, four or	four or five notes.	C, D, L, G	C, D, L	tonality:	C, D, E
music	five notes.	Start their tune/s	C, D, E, G, A	C, D, E, G	tonanty:	C, D, L
notepad,	live notes.	on note one and	C, D, L, G, N	C, D, L, G	F, G	C, D, E, F
quickbeats)	Use simple notation	end it on note	Start and end on the	C, D, E, G, A	1,0	3, 2, 2, .
	if appropriate:	one. Use simple	note C (pentatonic on	3, 2, 2, 3, 1	F, G, A	C, D, E, F, G
Elements:	п арргорпасе.	notation if	C). C, D	Start and end on the	1,75,71	
Elements:	• Create a simple	appropriate:	, ,, ,, =	note C (pentatonic	F, G, A, Bb	Start and end on the note C (C
pulse, rhythm,	melody using	• Create a simple	C, D, E	on C).	1, 3, 1, 00	major).
pitch, tempo,	crotchets and	melody using		-,-	F, G, A, Bb, C	
	minims.	crotchets and	C, D, E, F	C, D	1 , d, A, Db, C	G, A
dynamics					Start and end on the note F	
	C, D	minims.	C, D, E, F, G	C, D, E	(F major).	G, A, B
	(,)	C, D			(i major).	
	C, D, E	C, D	Start and end on the	C, D, E, F	G, A	G, A, B, D
	, , , , _	C, D, E	note C (C major).		5,71	
	C, D, E, F	C, D, L		C, D, E, F, G	G, A, B	G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the
	, , ,	C, D, E, F	F, G		-7.7-	note G (pentatonic on G).
	C, D, E, F, G	C/ 5/ 2/ .		Start and end on the	G, A, B, C	
		C, D, E, F, G	F, G, A	note C (C major).		G, Bb
	Start and end on the	-, -, -, -, -			G, A, B, C, D	
	note C.		F, G, A, B♭	A, B		G, Bb,
				A, B, C		



	F, G	Start and end on	F, G, A, Bb, C	A, B, C, D	Start and end on the note G	C G, Bb, C, D
		the note C (C			(G major).	
	F, G, A	major).	Start and end on the	A, B, C, D, E		G, Bb, C, D, F
			note F (F major).		G, A	
	F, G, A, C	G, A		Start and end on the		Start and end on the note G (minor
	F. C. A. C. D. C		G, A	note A (A minor).	G, A, B	pentatonic on G).
	F, G, A, C, D Start	G, A, B		D.F.		
	and end on the note F.	G, A, B, D	G, A, B	D, E	G, A, B, D	D, E
	Γ.	G, A, B, D	G, A, B, D	D, E, F	G, A, B, D, E	0.5.5
	D, F	G, A, B, D, E	G, A, B, D	<i>5</i> , <u>2</u> , 1	G, N, D, D, L	D, E, F
	_,.	-,.,0,0,	G, A, B, D, E	D, E, F, G	Start and end on the note G	D, E, F, G
	D, F, G	Start and end on	-, - , -, -, -	·	(pentatonic on G).	0, 1, 1, 0
		the note G	Start and end on the	D, E, F, G, A		D, E, F, G, A Start and end on the
	D, F, G, A	(pentatonic on G).	note G (pentatonic on		Understand how chord triads	note D (D minor).
		F, G	G).	Start and end on the	are formed and play them on	·
	D, F, G, A, C			note D (D minor).	tuned percussion, melodic	F, G
		F, G, A			instruments or keyboards.	
	Start and end on the			G, A		F, G, A
	note D.	F, G, A, C	Successfully create a	G, A, B	Perform simple, chordal	
	Begin to explore and	F, G, A, C, D	melody in keeping	G, A, B	accompaniments. Create a	F, G, A, Bb
	create using graphic	r, G, A, C, D	with the style of the	G, A, B, D	melody using crotchets,	
	scores:	Start and end on	backing track. This could include:	3, 1, 2, 2	quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and	F, G, A, Bb, C
	scores.	the note F	could include:	G, A, B, D, E	semiquavers, plus all	S
	Create musical	(pentatonic on F).	• Composing over a		equivalent rests.	Start and end on the note F (F major).
	sound effects and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	simple chord	Start and end on the	equivalent rests.	111ajUI ).
	short sequences of		progression	note G (pentatonic	Use a pentatonic and a full	F, G
	sounds in response			on G).	scale, as well as major and	', -
	to music and video	Explore and create	<ul> <li>Composing over a</li> </ul>	6 6 11	minor tonalities.	F, G, A
	stimuli.	graphic scores:	simple groove	Successfully create a		
				melody in keeping	Understand the structure of	F, G, A, C
	• Use graphic	Create musical		with the style of the	the composition.	
	symbols, dot	sound effects and		backing track.		



	1				
notation and stick	short sequences of	<ul> <li>Composing over a</li> </ul>	This could include:	Explain its musical shape,	F, G, A, C, D
notation, as	sounds in	drone.		identifying melodic intervals	
appropriate, to keep	response to music		<ul> <li>Composing over a</li> </ul>	(a melody that leaps) and	Start and end on the note F
a record of	and video stimuli.	Include a home note,	simple chord	melodic steps (a melody that	(pentatonic on F).
composed pieces.		to give a sense of an	progression	moves to the next note).	
	<ul> <li>Use graphic</li> </ul>	ending; coming home.			Plan and compose an eight or 16-
• Create a story,	symbols, dot	Perform their simple	<ul> <li>Composing over a</li> </ul>	Include a home note to give	beat melodic phrase using a
choosing and	notation and stick	composition/s, using	simple groove	a sense of an ending; coming	pentatonic scale, eg C, D, E, G, A,
playing classroom	notation, as	their own choice of		home. Perform their simple	and incorporate rhythmic variety
instruments.	appropriate, to	notes. Give the	<ul> <li>Composing over a</li> </ul>	composition/s, using their	and interest. Play this melody on
	keep a record of	melody a shape.	drone.	own choice of notes.	available tuned percussion and/or
Create and	composed pieces.				orchestral instruments.
perform your own	<ul> <li>Create a story,</li> </ul>	Describe how their	Include a home note	Successfully create a melody	
rhythm patterns	choosing and	melodies were	to give a sense of an	in keeping with the style of	Notate this melody.
with stick notation,	playing classroom	created.	ending; coming	the backing track.	
including crotchets,	instruments.		home.		Either of these melodies can be
quavers and minims.		Start to use simple		Create their composition/s	enhanced with rhythmic or simple
• Use music	• Create and	structures within	Use music	with an awareness of the	chordal accompaniment. Create a
technology, if	perform your own	compositions, eg	technology, if	basic chords in the backing	simple chord progression.
available, to capture,	rhythm patterns	introduction, verse	available, to capture,	track.	
change and	with stick	and chorus or AB	change and combine		Compose a ternary (ABA form)
combine sounds.	notation,	form.	sounds.		piece.
	including				
	crotchets, quavers	Use simple dynamics.	Start to use simple	Music Notepad Compose a	Use available music software/apps
	and minims.		structures within	standalone piece of music	to create and record it, discussing
		Create a tempo	compositions, eg	which includes:	how musical contrasts are
	• Use music	instruction. Compose	introduction, verse		achieved.
	technology, if	song accompaniments	and chorus or AB	• A time signature - A treble	
	available, to	on tuned and untuned	form.	clef	Use music technology, if available,
	capture, change	percussion, using			to capture, change and combine
	and combine	known rhythms and	Use simple dynamics.	<ul><li>Four, six or eight bars</li></ul>	sounds. Create music in response
	sounds.	note values.			to music and video stimuli.
			Create a tempo		
			instruction. Compose		



	 	T		I c
	Use simple rhythmic	song	The correct notes for the	Start to use and understand
	combinations of	accompaniments on	scale and key signature	structures within compositions, eg
	minims, crotchets and	tuned and untuned		introductions, multiple verse and
	paired quavers with	percussion, using	Rhythmic combinations of	chorus sections, AB form or ABA
	their corresponding	known rhythms and	semibreves, minims,	form (ternary form).
	rests to create rhythm	note values.	crotchets and paired	
	patterns.		quavers, with their	Use rhythmic variety. Compose
		Create a melody	corresponding rests	song accompaniments, perhaps
		using crotchets,		using basic chords.
		minims, quavers and	<ul> <li>Expression/dynamics</li> </ul>	
	Music Notepad	their rests.		Use a wider range of dynamics,
	Compose a		Structured musical ideas	including fortissimo (very loud),
	standalone piece of	Use a pentatonic	(eg using echo or 'question	pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo
	music which includes:	scale.	and answer' phrases) to	forte (moderately loud) and mezzo
			create music that has a	piano (moderately quiet). Use a
	<ul> <li>A time signature</li> </ul>	Begin to understand	beginning, middle and end	pentatonic and a full scale, as well
		the structure of the		as major and minor tonalities.
	<ul> <li>A treble clef</li> </ul>	composition.	<ul> <li>A melody that starts and</li> </ul>	
			ends on note one - A	Create a melody using crotchets,
	<ul> <li>Four or six bars</li> </ul>	Explain its musical	description of how their	quavers and minims, and perhaps
		shape, identifying	melodies were created.	semibreves and semiquavers, plus
	<ul> <li>The correct notes for</li> </ul>	melodic intervals (a		all equivalent rests. Explain its
	the scale and key	melody that leaps)		musical shape, identifying melodic
	signature	and melodic steps (a		intervals (a melody that leaps) and
		melody that moves		melodic steps (a melody that
	<ul><li>Rhythmic</li></ul>	to the next note).		moves to the next note).
	combinations of	Perform their simple		
	minims, crotchets and	composition/s using		Include a home note to give a
	paired quavers, with	their own choice of		sense of an ending; coming home.
	their corresponding	notes.		Perform their simple
	rests			composition/s, using their own
				choice of notes.
	<ul><li>Expression</li></ul>			
	/dynamics - A melody			



	that starts and ends	Music Notepad	Successfully create a melody in
	on note one	Compose a	keeping with the style of the
		standalone piece of	backing track and describe how
	A description of how	music which	their melodies were created.
	their melodies were	includes:	
	created.		Create their composition/s with an
		A time signature	awareness of the basic chords in
			the backing track.
		• A treble clef	
		• Four or six bars	
			Music Notepad Compose a
		The correct notes	standalone piece of music which
		for the scale and key	includes:
		signature	
			• A time signature
		Rhythmic	
		combinations of	• A treble clef
		minims, crotchets	
		and paired quavers,	• Four, six, eight or 12 bars
		with their	
		corresponding rests	• The correct notes for the scale
			and key signature
		•	
		Expression/dynamics	<ul> <li>Rhythmic combinations of</li> </ul>
		- Structured musical	semibreves, minims, crotchets,
		ideas (eg using echo	paired quavers, semiquavers and
		or 'question and	their rests
		answer' phrases) to	
		create music that has	<ul><li>Expression/dynamics</li></ul>
		a beginning, middle	
		and end	<ul> <li>Structured musical ideas (eg</li> </ul>
			using echo or 'question and
			answer' phrases) to create music



				• A melody that starts and ends on note one		that has a beginning, middle and end.  • A melody that starts and ends on
				A description of how their melodies were created.		<ul><li>A description of how their melodies were created.</li></ul>
Elements: pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure	Rehearse a song and perform it to an audience, explaining why the song was chosen. Add actions and perhaps movement to the song. Perform the song from memory. Follow the leader or conductor.  Talk about the performance afterwards, expressing what was enjoyed and what they think could	Rehearse a song and then perform it to an audience, explaining why the song was chosen. Add actions to the song. Show a simple understanding of the Musical Spotlight and Social Question, and how they have influenced the performance. Perform the song from memory.	Plan, rehearse and perform for an audience a song that has been learnt in the lesson, from memory or with notation, and with confidence.  Explain why the song was chosen. Show their understanding of the Musical Spotlight and Social Question, and how they have influenced their performance. Follow the leader or conductor.	Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to share what has been learnt in the lessons. Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notation.  Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a small range, as a whole class or in small groups. Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed	Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for a friendly but unfamiliar audience.  Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as well as with the whole class.  Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements, combining acoustic instruments to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra.  Perform from memory or with notation, with	Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event, for an unfamiliar audience, with a detailed understanding of the musical, cultural and historical contexts. Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience. Perform from memory or with notation. Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance. Understand the importance of the performing space and how to use it. Rehearse and lead parts of the performance, individually or as a group.
	have been better.  When planning, rehearsing, introducing and	Follow the leader or conductor. Continue to play tuned and untuned instruments musically within	Talk about the strengths of the performance, how they felt and what they would like to change. Introduce the	passages within the rehearsal and performance. Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural	confidence and accuracy. Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages	Record the performance and compare it to a previous one.  Collect feedback from the audience and reflect on how the



 performing the	the performance.	performance with an	context of the song.	within the rehearsal and	audience believed in/supported
song:	Continue to use	understanding of	Communicate the	performance.	the performance.
	the voice	what the song is	meaning of the		
<ul> <li>Introduce the</li> </ul>	expressively and	about and comment	words and articulate	Explain why the song was	Discuss how the performance
performance.	creatively by	on any other relevant	them clearly.	chosen, including its	might change if it were repeated
	singing simple	connections.		composer and the historical	in a larger/smaller performance
<ul><li>Begin to play</li></ul>	songs.		Reflect on the	and cultural context of the	space.
tuned and untuned		Include any actions,	performance and	song.	
instruments	Continue to play	instrumental	how well it suited the		
musically within the	together as a	parts/improvisatory	occasion.	A student will lead part of	
performance.	group /band	ideas/composed		the rehearsal and part of the	
	/ensemble.	passages within the	Discuss and respond	performance.	
<ul> <li>Begin to use the</li> </ul>		rehearsal and in the	to any feedback;		
voice expressively	Talk about the	performance. Reflect	consider how future	Record the performance and	
and creatively by	performance	on feelings about	performances might	compare it to a previous	
singing simple	afterwards; saying	sharing and	be different.	performance; explain how	
songs.	what they enjoyed	performing, eg		well the performance	
	and what they	excitement, nerves,		communicated the mood of	
<ul><li>Begin to play</li></ul>	think could have	enjoyment, etc.		each piece. Discuss and talk	
together as a group	been better.			musically about the	
/band /ensemble. ●				strengths and weaknesses of	
Show their				a performance.	
understanding of					
the Musical				Collect feedback from the	
Spotlight and Social				audience and reflect on how	
Question, and how				future performances might	
they have				be different.	
influenced the					
performance.					



Connecting	Topics include:	Topics include:	Topics include:	Topics include:	Topics include:	Topics include:
across the	a Counting	a Tha inan antan a	a Varra ala sa imarana	a Frianda and maanla	a Cabaal	
	• Counting	• The importance	Your place in your	• Friends and people	• School	Understanding feelings
curriculum	Days of the week	of communication	family	we meet	• Heroes	• Friendship, kindness and respect
	• Days of the week	Working and	Making friends and	How people and	Heroes	Friendship, kindness and respect
	• Parts of the body	playing together	understanding each	children used to live	The solar system	Standing up for democracy and
	or ares or the body	• Stories	other	criliaren usea to live	The solar system	eliminating oppression
	Counting	• Stories	Other	<ul><li>Connecting with</li></ul>	• Space	Chilinating oppicssion
	backwards from 10	• Caring about	Developing morals	history and the way	- Space	Knowing our cultural roots
		other people	and ethics	people lived in the	Freedom	a ture turing our curtain arroots
	Animals from	other people	and curies	past		Engaging to protect and care for
	around the world	Developing	• Using your	Pust	Friendship and building	planet Earth: ecosystems,
		morals and ethics	imagination	Music from	interpersonal relationships	recycling, etc
	• Insects	Music from		different cultures		
		different parts of	Life in different		<ul> <li>Kindness and helping one</li> </ul>	Helping one another and
	• Our planet/our	the world	countries	Music and dancing	another, empathy	empathy
	solar system			Music and freedom		
		<ul> <li>Playing in a</li> </ul>	• The way people		Connecting/interacting	Communicating with others
	• Stories	band together	lived	<ul> <li>Making friends and</li> </ul>	with and understanding	
				building	others	Families, culture and tradition
	<ul><li>Shapes</li></ul>	<ul><li>Nature: the sun</li></ul>	<ul><li>Families</li></ul>	interpersonal		
	F	<ul><li>Looking after</li></ul>		relationships	<ul> <li>Responsibility</li> </ul>	Creativity and using your
	• Friendship and	the planet	Nature, the			imagination
	building		environment	<ul><li>Kindness and</li></ul>	• Families, your place in your	Life in different countries
	relationships	<ul><li>Identity and</li></ul>		empathy	family	• Life in different countries
	• Kindness, respect	accepting one	• Caring for the planet		Using your imagination	Culture and communities
	and helping one	another	History and	Developing morals	• Osing your imagination	Culture and communities
	another		connections with the	and ethics	Life in different countries	Nature, the environment
	unother	• Friendship and	past	• Communication	2 2 in directive countries	Tatale, are environment
	Responsibility	building	past	<ul> <li>Communication, connecting and</li> </ul>	Nature, the environment	History and connections with
	1.0550	relationships		Connecting and		the past
					Connections with history	·
					and the way people lived in	



Families and	• Kindness,	<ul> <li>Kindness and</li> </ul>	interacting with	the past ● Entertainment,	Entertainment, storytelling and
traditions	respect and	helping one another	others	storytelling and folklore	folklore
	empathy				
<ul> <li>Communication</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Connecting and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Responsibility</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Current events and society</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Society and current events</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Responsibility</li> </ul>	interacting with			
<ul><li>Using your</li></ul>		others	• Families, your place	<ul> <li>Social justice and politics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Politics and social justice</li> </ul>
imagination	<ul> <li>Families and</li> </ul>		in your family		
	traditions	<ul> <li>Responsibility</li> </ul>		Acceptance, tolerance and	Acceptance, tolerance and
<ul> <li>Life in different</li> </ul>			<ul><li>Using your</li></ul>	respect	respect
countries	<ul> <li>Communication</li> </ul>	• Entertainment,	imagination		
	<ul><li>Using your</li></ul>	storytelling and		<ul> <li>Personal identity, self-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Personal identity, self-expression</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Nature, the</li></ul>	imagination	folklore	<ul> <li>Life in different</li> </ul>	expression and individuality	and individuality
environment			countries		
	<ul> <li>Life in different</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Society and current</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Culture and communities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Traditions: festivals, holidays,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Connections with</li> </ul>	countries	events	<ul><li>Culture and</li></ul>		celebrations
the past			communities	<ul> <li>Traditions: festivals,</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>Culture and</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Social justice</li> </ul>		holidays, celebrations ●	Environmental protection and
<ul><li>Culture and</li></ul>	communities		<ul> <li>Traditions: festivals,</li> </ul>	Sustainability and	sustainability
communities		<ul><li>Identity and</li></ul>	holidays, celebrations	environmental protection	
	<ul><li>Connections</li></ul>	accepting others			Habitats and ecosystems
<ul> <li>Storytelling and</li> </ul>	with the past		<ul> <li>Nature and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Habitats and ecosystems</li> </ul>	
entertainment		<ul> <li>Expressing yourself</li> </ul>	environmental		Our solar system and caring for
	<ul> <li>Storytelling and</li> </ul>		protection	Our solar system	the planet
<ul> <li>Individuality and</li> </ul>	entertainment	<ul> <li>Culture and</li> </ul>			
self-expression		traditions: festivals,	<ul><li>Habitats and</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Society and</li></ul>	holidays, celebrations	ecosystems		
	current events				
			<ul><li>Entertainment,</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Celebrating</li></ul>		storytelling and		
	differences		folklore		
			Society and current		
			events		
			CACILO		



		<ul><li>Social justice and politics</li></ul>	
		• Acceptance, tolerance and respect	
		<ul> <li>Personal identity, self-expression and individuality</li> </ul>	

#### **Promoting SMSC and British Values in Music**

	Spiritual	Moral		Social	Cultural
•	The chance to reflect on events, opinions, composers, music, songs, instruments and different styles of music through music lessons.  The chance for children of all abilities to partake in collaborative activities and encourage reflection in a positive, non-judgemental way.  Teachers encourage children to make contributions and take part in performances and to listen to those of others. This helps to ensure an ethos of mutual respect and tolerance.  Use of imagination and creativity through composing and im-	<ul> <li>When considering difference viewpoints about various of music and the impact have on individuals, we age children to considere spect the viewpoints of with regards to personal ences.</li> <li>Opportunities to learn a historical attitudes to distance of music.</li> </ul>	us pieces t they encour- r and re- others al prefer-	<ul> <li>The structure of techniques in music give pupils the skills and setting to participate and co-op erate. This helps increase participation as music lessons are generally practical.</li> <li>Music lessons which encourage action and help pupils develop and form relationships give pupils the skills to work in different social contexts.</li> <li>Children of all abilities have access to the music curriculum, and it is often an area where the less able achieve. This inclusive approach models active participation.</li> <li>Participation in music as part of</li> </ul>	Music and performances are chosen carefully and selected so as to understand, accept, respect and celebrate diversity and cultural differences.
	provisation.			<ul> <li>Participation in music as part of a group develops social skills.</li> </ul>	
•	Working as part of a team, listening to others and reflecting upon their own experiences enhance their sense of enjoyment through playing as part of group and feeling part of a team. (performing together and learning the violin in class tuition)				



	Democracy		The Rule of Law	-	ndividual Liberty		Respect	Tolerance of those with different faiths
0	Pieces of group work such as composition and performances allow children to ensure and explore the value of all contributions in a group. Participation by all, as in a democratic system, is encouraged and enabled through initiatives such as whole	0	Freedom of expression is promoted as children have the opportunity to compose and perform creative work.  Working in a group context, either as a whole class or as part of a composition group or ensemble requires sets of clear rules and fair-	0	Music encourages freedom of expression and an exploration of emotions evoked by and shown in music.	0 0 0	and considered reflection. Awareness and appreciati learning about musicians a When composing and liste to respond to the work of the impact of their words of respectful constructive Topic outcomes, performa parents and the wider cor	on of other cultures through and different genres ening, pupils are taught how others, taking into account on others, developing the art criticism.
0	school/key-stage singing. Turn taking, sharing and the safe use of equipment are essential elements of music.	0	ness/respect which are always communicated clearly by teachers. Elements of music are governed by rules and patterns; the children are encouraged to understand these and explore the effect when rules and patterns are not followed.			0	develop a sense of empathy which ties in with promoting tolerance. Pupils are also taught that different pupils may have different opinions about pieces of music. Teachers encourage children to make contributions and take part in performances and to listen to those of others. This helps to ensure an ethos of mutual respect and tolerance.	



#### Part B: Co-curricular music

This is about opportunities for pupils to sing and play music, outside of lesson time, including choirs, ensembles and bands, and how pupils can make progress in music beyond the core curriculum.

We offer whole class violin lessons in Year <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> - this is free. In addition, to this children can choose to have small group lessons on the recorder, flute, clarinet, saxophone or violin. This is at a small cost subsidised by the school.

At Harry Hotspur, we have our own ceilidh band which performs at school events. We also have a saxophone group. We also host an area ceilidh band which includes pupils from local primary schools and the local high school. In addition, we have a school choir which performs at local venues.

Pupils can make progress by loaning instruments from Music Partnership North. They can also join in with ensembles and performing in the local area such as at Christmas, harvest and other school events. Pupils achieve arts award through their participation in music activities in school.

#### **Part C: Musical experiences**

This is about all the other musical events and opportunities that we organise, such as singing in assembly, concerts and shows, and trips to professional concerts.

#### Planned Musical Events:

• Harvest – whole school singing plus performance by school ceilidh band

- Relaunch event whole school singing plus performance by school ceilidh band
- Church Winter Market school choir and school ceilidh band and saxophone group performance
- Christmas in church whole school singing plus performance by school ceilidh band
- Nativity in school whole school singing plus performance by school ceilidh band
- Easter whole school singing plus performance by school ceilidh band
- What a wonderful world Year 3/4 performance in Alnwick Playhouse and the Alnwick Garden
- Alnmouth Arts Festival school ceilidh band performance
- School Ceilidh school ceilidh band performance

#### In the future

This is about what the school is planning for subsequent years.

Improvements we plan to make for subsequent years in music

- Increase timetabled curriculum music to one hour each week of the school year for key stages 1 and 2
- Continue to promote access to lessons across a range of instruments, and voice
- Continue to offer opportunities for the school choir
- Continue to offer opportunities for school ceilidh band and local areas ceilidh band (hosted at school)
- Provide space for rehearsals and individual practice e.g. lunchtime / after school
- Add a termly school performance from specific classes
- Plan opportunity to enjoy live performance at least once a year

#### Further information (optional)

The Department for Education publishes a <u>guide for parents and young people</u> on how they can get involved in music in and out of school, and where they can go to for support beyond the school.

Your local <u>music hub</u>: <u>Music Partnership North – Northumberland</u>.