



# Maths Live

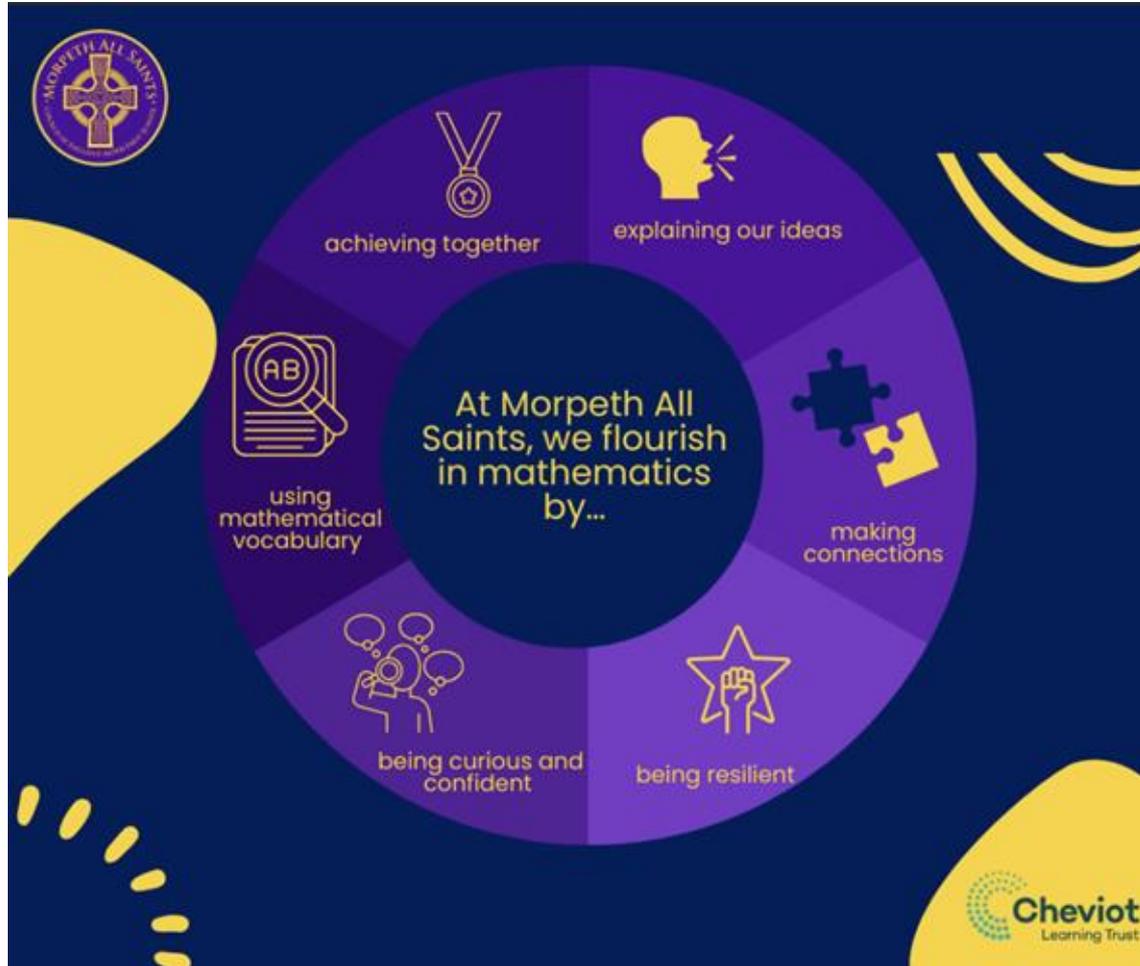
9:40 - 10:00 How we teach maths with Mr O'Halloran  
(Maths lead)

10:00-10:15 Maths observation of learning

Before we start.. Just take a moment to consider your  
experience of maths at school



# Our vision for maths





How are we achieving  
this?



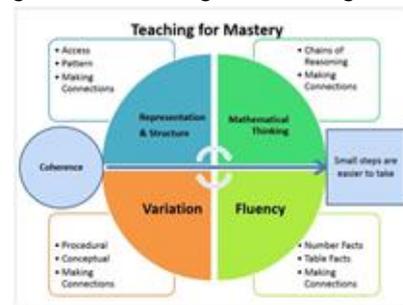
**Teaching for Mastery in Maths** is an approach to mathematics education focused on ensuring that all students develop a deep, secure, and long-term understanding of mathematical concepts. **The idea is that every child can achieve a high level of mathematical understanding, given the right support and time.** It emphasises understanding over memorisation, and depth over acceleration.

### All Can Achieve

- **Every child** is capable of learning mathematics to a high standard.
- The curriculum is designed so that no child is left behind, and those who grasp ideas quickly are challenged through depth rather than moving ahead to new content.

### Whole-Class Teaching

- Pupils move through the curriculum at the same pace.
- There is a focus on **ensuring conceptual understanding**, not just procedural fluency.
- Teachers use **carefully structured lessons** and high-quality questions.





## Fluency, Reasoning, and Problem Solving

- Fluency: Rapid and accurate recall of facts and procedures.
- Reasoning: Ability to explain and justify thinking.
- Problem Solving: Applying understanding to new and unfamiliar situations.

## Small Steps & Deep Understanding

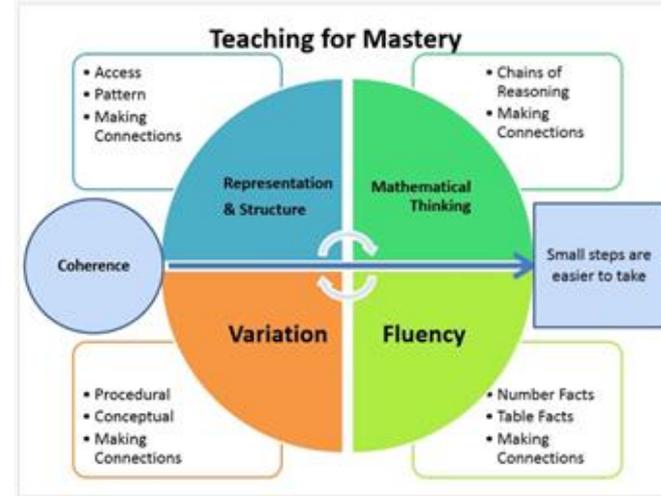
- Lessons are broken into small, manageable steps.
- Each step is explored thoroughly, ensuring pupils understand why methods work.

## Variation

- Conceptual variation: Presenting ideas in multiple ways to show the full picture.
- Procedural variation: Careful sequencing of examples to highlight patterns and connections.

## Intervention and Support

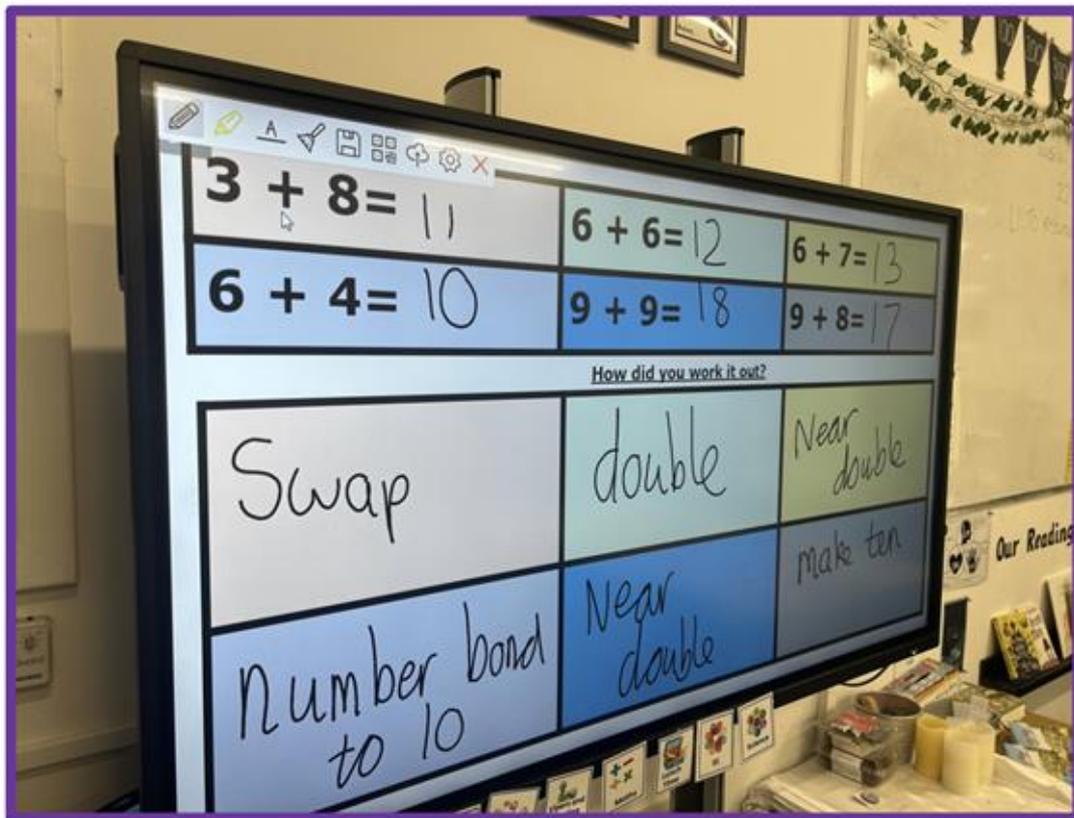
- Immediate support is given to pupils who don't grasp a concept.
- This may include same-day interventions or extra practice so they can keep up





# What does this look like in the classroom?

A focus  
on talk  
and  
reasoning



$3 + 8 =$

$6 + 6 =$

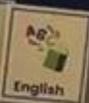
$6 + 7 =$

$6 + 4 =$

$9 + 9 =$

$9 + 8 =$

How did you work it out?

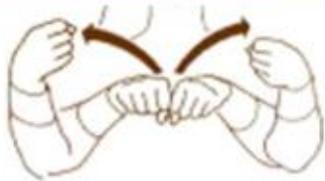





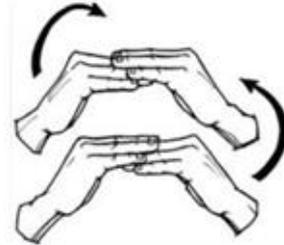
Agree



Challenge



Build





*#draw it*



*#reverse it*



*#represent it*



*#story it*



*#prove it*



*#explain it*



#explain it

6c) It is equal, for they are both a right angle and both  $90^\circ$ .



Outside of our maths lessons, we also use...

  **Number**  
  **Sense**  
  **Maths**

   **Winning with Numbers**



# How could you support at home?

Lesson 31 of 32

Year 4

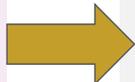
## Review identifying the minuend and subtrahend in column subtraction

I can identify the minuend and subtrahend in column subtraction.

Download all

Lesson slides

**Review identifying the**



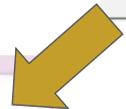
Starter quiz 6 questions	Video 20 min
Worksheet 10P	Exit quiz 6 questions

Preview on a pupil

Your details

School  
Morpeth All Saints Church of England First School,  
Northumberland, NE41 3RD  
Email  
j.chaffron@mofusheveritt.co.uk

Share options:



Take me home

Year 4 - Maths

## Review identifying the minuend and subtrahend in column subtraction

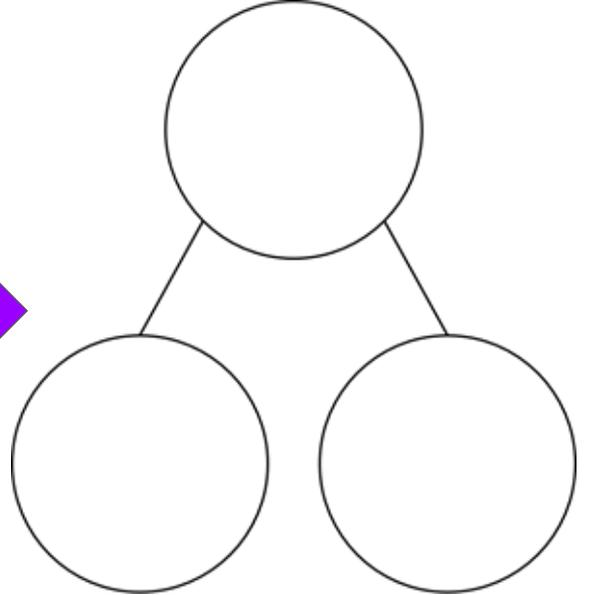
Lesson outcome  
I can identify the minuend and subtrahend in column

- Introduction  
Prepore
- Starter quiz  
Activities - 6 Questions
- Lesson video  
Learn
- Exit quiz  
Check - 6 questions





# How could you support at home?





At the start you considered your experience of maths at school.

Through our approach, we want to ensure that every child achieves and flourishes in maths.

