

	AQA TRILOGY Chemistry (8464) from 2016 Topics T5.6 The rate and extent of chemical change			
Topic	Student Checklist	R	Α	G
action	Calculate the rate of a chemical reaction over time, using either the quantity of reactant used or the quantity of product formed, measured in g/s, cm ³ /s or mol/s			
	Draw and interpret graphs showing the quantity of product formed or reactant used up against time and use the tangent to the graph as a measure of the rate of reaction			
	HT ONLY: Calculate the gradient of a tangent to the curve on the graph of the quantity of product formed or reactant used against time and use this as a measure of the rate of reaction			
5.6.1 Rate of reaction	Describe how different factors affect the rate of a chemical reaction, including the concentration, pressure, surface area, temperature and presence of catalysts			
6.1 Ra	Required practical 11: investigate how changes in concentration affect the rates of reactions by a method involving measuring the volume of a gas produced, change in colour or turbidity			
5.	Use collision theory to explain changes in the rate of reaction, including discussing activation energy			
	Describe the role of a catalyst in a chemical reaction and state that enzymes are catalysts in biological systems			
	Draw and interpret reaction profiles for catalysed reactions			
s and	Explain what a reversible reaction is, including how the direction can be changed and represent it using symbols: $A + B \stackrel{?}{=} C + D$			
5.6.2 Reversible reactions and dynamic equilibrium	Explain that, for reversible reactions, if a reaction is endothermic in one direction, it is exothermic in the other direction			
	Describe the State of dynamic equilibrium of a reaction as the point when the forward and reverse reactions occur at exactly the same rate			
	HT ONLY: Explain that the position of equilibrium depends on the conditions of the reaction and the equilibrium will change to counteract any changes to conditions			
5.6.2 R dy	HT ONLY: Explain and predict the effect of a change in concentration of reactants or products, temperature, or pressure of gases on the equilibrium position of a reaction			



	AQA TRILOGY Chemistry (8464) from 2016 Topics T5.7 Organic chemistry				
Topic	Student Checklist	R	Α	G	
and	Describe what crude oil is and where it comes from, including the basic composition of crude oil and the general chemical formula for the alkanes				
fuels	State the names of the first four members of the alkanes and recognise substances as alkanes from their formulae				
nds as ck	Describe the process of fractional distillation, state the names and uses of fuels that are produced from crude oil by fractional distillation				
compounds feedstock	Describe trends in the properties of hydrocarbons, including boiling point, viscosity and flammability and explain how their properties influence how they are used as fuels				
6 e	Describe and write balanced chemical equations for the complete combustion of hydrocarbon fuels				
Carbon	Describe the process of cracking and state that the products of cracking include alkanes and alkenes and describe the test for alkenes				
5.7.1 C	Balance chemical equations as examples of cracking when given the formulae of the reactants and products				
<u> </u>	Explain why cracking is useful and why modern life depends on the uses of hydrocarbons				



	AQA TRILOGY Chemistry (8464) from 2016 Topics T5.8 Chemical analysis			
Topic	Student Checklist	R	Α	G
and f gases	Define a pure substance and identify pure substances and mixtures from data about melting and boiling points			
	Describe a formulation and identify formulations given appropriate information			
formulations	Describe chromatography, including the terms stationary phase and mobile phase and identify pure substances using paper chromatography			
y, forr Iph &	Explain what the Rf value of a compound represents, how the Rf value differs in different solvents and interpret and determine Rf values from chromatograms			
5.8.1 Purity, f chromatograph	Required practical 12: investigate how paper chromatography can be used to separate and tell the difference between coloured substances (inc calculation of Rf values)			
	Explain how to test for the presence of hydrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide and chlorine			



	AQA Chemistry (8462) from 2016 Topics C4.9 Chemistry of the atmosphere			
Topic	Student Checklist	R	Α	G
	Describe the composition of gases in the Earth's atmosphere using percentages, fractions or ratios			
4.9.1 The composition and evolution of the Earth's atmosphere	Describe how early intense volcanic activity may have helped form the early atmosphere and how the oceans formed			
ne compositi tion of the Ea atmosphere	Explain why the levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere changes as the oceans were formed			
9.1 The composition an evolution of the Earth's atmosphere	State the approximate time in Earth's history when algae started producing oxygen and describe the effects of a gradually increasing oxygen level			
4.9	Explain the ways that atmospheric carbon dioxide levels decreased			
and	Name some greenhouse gases and describe how they cause an increase in Earth's temperature			
oxide	List some human activities that produce greenhouse gases			
4.9.2 Carbon dioxide and methane as greenhouse gases	Evaluate arguments for and against the idea that human activities cause a rise in temperature that results in global climate change			
1.9.2 Ca methai	State some potential side effects of global climate change, including discussing scale, risk and environmental implications			
7	Define the term carbon footprint and list some actions that could reduce the carbon footprint			
n tants es	Describe the combustion of fuels as a major source of atmospheric pollutants and name the different gases that are released when a fuel is burned			
mmoi c pollu	Predict the products of combustion of a fuel given appropriate information about the composition of the fuel and the conditions in which it is used			
4.9.3 Common atmospheric pollutants and their sources	Describe the properties and effects of carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide and particulates in the atmosphere			
4. atmos and	Describe and explain the problems caused by increased amounts of these pollutants in the air			



	AQA Chemistry (8462) from 2016 Topics C4.10 Using resources			
Topic	Student Checklist	R	Α	G
	State what humans use Earth's resources for, give some examples of natural resources that they use			
ing	Define the term finite and distinguish between finite and renewable resources			
ain	Explain what sustainable development is and discuss the role chemistry plays in sustainable			
obt	development, including improving agricultural and industrial processes			
and	State examples of natural products that are supplemented or replaced by agricultural and synthetic products			
Se _	Discuss the importance of water quality for human life, including defining potable water			
earth's resourc potable water	Describe methods to produce potable water, including desalination of salty water or sea water and the potential problems of desalination			
ırth's ı otable	Required practical 13: analysis and purification of water samples from different sources, including pH, dissolved solids and distillation.			
4.10.1 Using the Earth's resources and obtaining potable water	Describe waste water as a product of urban lifestyles and industrial processes that includes organic matter, harmful microbes and harmful chemicals			
Using	Describe the process of sewage treatment and compare the ease of obtaining potable water from waste water as opposed to ground or salt water			
0.1	HT ONLY: Name and describe alternative biological methods for extracting metals, including			
4.1	phytomining and bioleaching			
	HT ONLY: Evaluate alternative methods for extracting metals			
e g	Describe, carry out and interpret a simple comparative life cycle assessment (LCA) of materials or			
cyc t ar	products			
ife en clin	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of LCAs			
5.2 Life cy essment a	Carry out simple comparative LCAs for shopping bags made from plastic and paper			
4.10.2 Life cycle assessment and recycling	Discuss how to reduce the consumption of raw resources and explain how reusing and recycling			
4. as	reduces energy use (inc environmental impacts)			