## Personalised Learning Checklists AQA Trilogy Chemistry Paper 2



| AQA TRILOGY Chemistry (8464) from 2016 Topics T5.6 The rate and extent of chemical change |  |   |   |   |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| Topic   | Student Checklist  | R | Α | G |
| eaction   | Calculate the rate of a chemical reaction over time, using either the quantity of reactant used or the quantity of product formed, measured in g/s, cm <sup>3</sup> /s or mol/s                  |   |   |   |
|   | Draw and interpret graphs showing the quantity of product formed or reactant used up against time and use the tangent to the graph as a measure of the rate of reaction                          |   |   |   |
|   | HT ONLY: Calculate the gradient of a tangent to the curve on the graph of the quantity of product formed or reactant used against time and use this as a measure of the rate of reaction         |   |   |   |
| te of r   | Describe how different factors affect the rate of a chemical reaction, including the concentration, pressure, surface area, temperature and presence of catalysts                                |   |   |   |
| Red<br>1.9 invo   | <b>Required practical 11:</b> investigate how changes in concentration affect the rates of reactions by a method involving measuring the volume of a gas produced, change in colour or turbidity |   |   |   |
| 5.  | Use collision theory to explain changes in the rate of reaction, including discussing activation energy  |   |   |   |
|   | Describe the role of a catalyst in a chemical reaction and state that enzymes are catalysts in biological systems  |   |   |   |
|   | Draw and interpret reaction profiles for catalysed reactions   |   |   |   |
| s and   | Explain what a reversible reaction is, including how the direction can be changed and represent it using symbols: A + B $\rightleftharpoons$ C + D   |   |   |   |
| eversible reactions<br>namic equilibrium  | Explain that, for reversible reactions, if a reaction is endothermic in one direction, it is exothermic in the other direction   |   |   |   |
|   | Describe the State of dynamic equilibrium of a reaction as the point when the forward and reverse reactions occur at exactly the same rate   |   |   |   |
|   | HT ONLY: Explain that the position of equilibrium depends on the conditions of the reaction and the equilibrium will change to counteract any changes to conditions                              |   |   |   |
| 5.6.2 R<br>dy   | HT ONLY: Explain and predict the effect of a change in concentration of reactants or products, temperature, or pressure of gases on the equilibrium position of a reaction                       |   |   |   |



|                                 | AQA TRILOGY Chemistry (8464) from 2016 Topics T5.7 Organic chemistry   |   |   |   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| Topic                           | Student Checklist  | R | Α | G |  |
| npounds as fuels and<br>edstock | Describe what crude oil is and where it comes from, including the basic composition of crude oil and the general chemical formula for the alkanes                            |   |   |   |  |
|                                 | State the names of the first four members of the alkanes and recognise substances as alkanes from their formulae   |   |   |   |  |
|                                 | Describe the process of fractional distillation, state the names and uses of fuels that are produced from crude oil by fractional distillation                               |   |   |   |  |
|                                 | Describe trends in the properties of hydrocarbons, including boiling point, viscosity and flammability and explain how their properties influence how they are used as fuels |   |   |   |  |
| c <u>o</u><br>fe                | Describe and write balanced chemical equations for the complete combustion of hydrocarbon fuels  |   |   |   |  |
| .7.1 Carbon                     | Describe the process of cracking and state that the products of cracking include alkanes and alkenes and describe the test for alkenes                                       |   |   |   |  |
|                                 | Balance chemical equations as examples of cracking when given the formulae of the reactants and products   |   |   |   |  |
| .,                              | Explain why cracking is useful and why modern life depends on the uses of hydrocarbons   |   |   |   |  |



| AQA TRILOGY Chemistry (8464) from 2016 Topics T5.8 Chemical analysis |   |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Topic  | Student Checklist   | R | Α | G |
| nd<br>gases  | Define a pure substance and identify pure substances and mixtures from data about melting and boiling points  |   |   |   |
| ons a<br>D of <sub>f</sub>   | Describe a formulation and identify formulations given appropriate information  |   |   |   |
| nulati<br>5.8.2 l  | Describe chromatography, including the terms stationary phase and mobile phase and identify pure substances using paper chromatography  |   |   |   |
| .y, fori<br>aph &  | Explain what the Rf value of a compound represents, how the Rf value differs in different solvents and interpret and determine Rf values from chromatograms                   |   |   |   |
| 1 Purit<br>atogra  | <b>Required practical 12:</b> investigate how paper chromatography can be used to separate and tell the difference between coloured substances (inc calculation of Rf values) |   |   |   |
| 5.8.<br>chrom  | Explain how to test for the presence of hydrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide and chlorine   |   |   |   |



| AQA Chemistry (8462) from 2016 Topics C4.9 Chemistry of the atmosphere |   |   |   |          |  |
|--|---|---|---|----------|--|
| Торіс  | Student Checklist   | R | Α | G        |  |
|  | Describe the composition of gases in the Earth's atmosphere using percentages, fractions or ratios  |   | 1 |          |  |
| s's  | Describe how early intense volcanic activity may have helped form the early atmosphere and how  |   |   |          |  |
| ition a<br>Earth<br>re   | the oceans formed   |   |   |          |  |
| ompos<br>1 of the<br>1 osphe   | Explain why the levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere changes as the oceans were formed  |   |   |          |  |
| ne c<br>tior<br>atm  | State the approximate time in Earth's history when algae started producing oxygen and describe the  |   |   |          |  |
| 9.1 Th<br>evolut   | effects of a gradually increasing oxygen level  |   |   |          |  |
| ů  | Explain the ways that atmospheric carbon dioxide levels decreased   |   |   |          |  |
| and<br>ouse  | Name some greenhouse gases and describe how they cause an increase in Earth's temperature   |   |   |          |  |
| ioxide<br>eenho<br>s   | List some human activities that produce greenhouse gases  |   |   |          |  |
| n d<br>s gr<br>ase:  | Evaluate arguments for and against the idea that human activities cause a rise in temperature that  |   |   |          |  |
| arbo<br>ine a<br>gi  | results in global climate change  |   |   |          |  |
| 5.9.2 C<br>metha   | State some potential side effects of global climate change, including discussing scale, risk and environmental implications                       |   |   |          |  |
|  | Define the term carbon footprint and list some actions that could reduce the carbon footprint   |   |   |          |  |
| n<br>itants<br>ces   | Describe the combustion of fuels as a major source of atmospheric pollutants and name the different gases that are released when a fuel is burned |   |   |          |  |
| ollu<br>ourc   | Predict the products of combustion of a fuel given appropriate information about the composition of   |   |   |          |  |
| ic p<br>ir se  | the fuel and the conditions in which it is used   |   |   | <u> </u> |  |
| 9.3 C<br>oher<br>thei  | Describe the properties and effects of carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide and particulates in the<br>atmosphere                                      |   |   |          |  |
| 5.5<br>atmos<br>and  | Describe and explain the problems caused by increased amounts of these pollutants in the air  |   |   |          |  |



| AQA Chemistry (8462) from 2016 Topics C4.10 Using resources |  |   |   |   |
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| Торіс   | Student Checklist  | R | Α | G |
|   | State what humans use Earth's resources for, give some examples of natural resources that they use   |   |   |   |
| ing   | Define the term finite and distinguish between finite and renewable resources  |   |   |   |
| obtain  | Explain what sustainable development is and discuss the role chemistry plays in sustainable development, including improving agricultural and industrial processes |   |   |   |
| s and o   | State examples of natural products that are supplemented or replaced by agricultural and synthetic products  |   |   |   |
| rce:  | Discuss the importance of water quality for human life, including defining potable water   |   |   |   |
| resoul<br>e wate  | Describe methods to produce potable water, including desalination of salty water or sea water and the potential problems of desalination                           |   |   |   |
| arth's<br>otable  | <b>Required practical 13:</b> analysis and purification of water samples from different sources, including pH, dissolved solids and distillation.                  |   |   |   |
| the E   | Describe waste water as a product of urban lifestyles and industrial processes that includes organic matter, harmful microbes and harmful chemicals                |   |   |   |
| Using   | Describe the process of sewage treatment and compare the ease of obtaining potable water from waste water as opposed to ground or salt water                       |   |   |   |
| 5.10.1  | HT ONLY: Name and describe alternative biological methods for extracting metals, including phytomining and bioleaching   |   |   |   |
|   | HT ONLY: Evaluate alternative methods for extracting metals  |   |   |   |
| cycle<br>t and<br>g   | Describe, carry out and interpret a simple comparative life cycle assessment (LCA) of materials or<br>products   |   |   |   |
| ife<br>lent<br>clin   | Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of LCAs   |   |   |   |
| .2 L<br>ssm<br>ecy  | Carry out simple comparative LCAs for shopping bags made from plastic and paper  |   |   |   |
| 5.10.<br>asse:  | Discuss how to reduce the consumption of raw resources and explain how reusing and recycling reduces energy use (inc environmental impacts)                        |   |   |   |