The Norman Conquest, 1065-1087 Checklist

Sections and Issues	Learners should study the following content:	RAG	What I know and understand after revising this.
England on the eve of the Conquest Issue: The character of late Anglo-Saxon England	 The nature, structure and diversity of late Anglo-Saxon society Religion in late Anglo-Saxon England Anglo-Saxon culture: buildings, art and literature 		
Invasion and victory Issue: How and why William of Normandy became King of England in 1066	 Norman society, culture and warfare pre-1066 The succession crisis of 1066 The battles of Fulford, Stamford Bridge and Hastings 		
Resistance and response Issue: The establishment of Norman rule between 1067 and 1071	 First uprisings against Norman rule including resistance in the west and in Mercia Northern resistance and William's 'Harrying of the North' The rebellion of Hereward in the east and the end of English resistance 		
Castles Issue: The nature and purpose of Norman castles in England to 1087	 Pre-conquest fortifications and the first Norman castles in England The distribution and design of Norman castles in England to 1087 The purpose of Norman castles in England including their military and economic functions 		
Conquest and control Issue: The impact of the Norman Conquest on English society to 1087	 The Domesday Book, its creation and purpose The social structure of Norman England including changes in land ownership and the elite Changes and continuities: language, laws and Church 		

You will need to understand how these forces interplay in society:

Political / Religious / Economic / Social / Cultural

The study should enable you to understand how and why different interpretations of Norman England have been made. In particular, you should understand what lies behind the myth of 'the Norman Yoke' and should consider the extent to which the myth is a reflection of reality. You should study a range of written and visual interpretations.

The People's Health c1250-Present Checklist

Theme	Content	RAG	What I know and understand after revising this.
	The characteristic features of the People's Health c.1250 to present.		
	Medieval - Cultural, social and religious.		
Overview	Early Modern - Cultural, social and economic change including the growth of		
	towns.		
	Industrial Revolution - the growth of major cities and political change.		
	Britain 1900 onwards - Economic, political, social and cultural change.		
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	Medieval: housing, food, clean water and waste.		
	Early Modern: Changing living conditions- housing, food, clean water and waste		
Living	Industrial: Urban living conditions in the early nineteenth century: housing,		
conditions	food, clean water and waste.		
	1900 onwards: Living conditions and lifestyles: housing, food, air quality and		
	inactivity.		
	Mediavals Decreases to the Black Deaths haliefs and actions		
	Medieval: Responses to the Black Death: beliefs and actions		
Response to	Early Modern: Responses to outbreaks of plague including national plague orders and local reactions		
Epidemics			
	Industrial: Responses to cholera epidemics		
	1900 onwards: Responses to Spanish Influenza and AIDS		
	Medieval: Approaches to public health in late-medieval towns and monasteries		
Role of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Early Modern: The impact of local and national government on public health		
	including measures to improve the urban environment and the government		
Government	response to the gin craze, 1660–1751		
	Industrial: Public health reform in the nineteenth century including the Public Health Acts and local initiatives		
	Health Acts and local illitiatives		

1900 Onwards: Growing government involvement in public health including	
pollution controls, anti-smoking initiatives and the promotion of healthy	
lifestyles.	

Making of America 1789-1900 Checklist

Topic	What I need to know and understand	Rating (RAG)	What I now know after revising this.
America's expansion 1789– 1838	 How and why the USA expanded, from 1789 to 1838 The expansion of southern cotton plantations and of slavery, 1793–1838 The removal of indigenous people from the east, 1830–1838 		
The West 1839– 1860	 The culture of the Plains Indians including a case study of the Lakota Sioux The journeys of the early migrants to California and Oregon; the Mormon settlement of Utah The nature and impact of the Californian Gold Rush (1848–1849) and the consequences of the Pikes Peak Gold Rush (1858–1859) 		
Civil War and Reconstruction 1861–1877	 Divisions over slavery and the causes of the Civil War The African American experience of the Civil War, 1861–1865 Reconstruction and continuing limitations to African American liberty 		
Settlement and conflict on the Plains 1861–1877	 The causes and nature of white American exploitation of the Plains: railroads, ranches and cow towns Homesteaders: living and farming on the Plains The Indian Wars including Little Crow's War (1862), Red Cloud's War (1865–1868) and the Great Sioux War (1876–1877) 		
American cultures 1877– 1900	 Changes to the Plains Indians' way of life including the impact of reservations and the destruction of the buffalo The impact of economic, social and political change on the lives of 		

African Americans The growth of big business, cities and mass migration		
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Living under Nazi rule 1933-1945 Content Checklist

Topic	What I need to know and understand	Rating (RAG)	What I now know after revising this.
Dictatorship	 Hitler and the Nazi Party in January 1933 Establishing the dictatorship, January 1933 to July 1933 Achieving total power, July 1933 to August 1934 		
Control and Opposition, 1933–1939	 The machinery of terror including the SS, the law courts, concentration camps and the Gestapo The range and effectiveness of Nazi propaganda Opposition to Nazi rule including the Left, church leaders and youth groups 		
Changing Lives, 1933– 1939	 Work and home: the impact of Nazi policies on men and women The lives of young people in Nazi Germany including education and youth movements Nazi racial policy: the growing persecution of Jews 		
Germany in War	 The move to a war economy and its impact on the German people, 1939–1942 Growing opposition from the German people including from elements within the army The impact of total war on the German people, 1943–1945 		
Occupation	 The contrasting nature of Nazi rule in eastern and western Europe The Holocaust, including the Einsatzgruppen, ghettos and the death camps Responses to Nazi rule: collaboration, accommodation and resistance 		