Edward Peake Church of England Middle School



Topic: Who were the Ancients?

Year: 5

NC Strand: Achievements of early civilizations

What should I already know?

I have learnt about Roman, Saxons and Vikings and so have an understanding of how history has started to develop in Europe.

Who were the Ancients?: Big questions

How significant was the River Nile to Egypt?

We will begin by determining how important the river was to the Ancient Egyptians.

Who held the power in Ancient Greece?

This enquiry will bring us to compare the city states of Ancient Greece and what made them so powerful.

Just how inventive were the Ancient Egyptians?

Having understood the resources the Ancient Egyptians had access to we will investigate how they used them.

Was Greece an early modern society?

Having understood how powerful the Greeks were, we will now explore their achievements and links with modern day.

Why did Egypt last 3000 years? This is our opportunity to reflect on why the Egyptians were such a

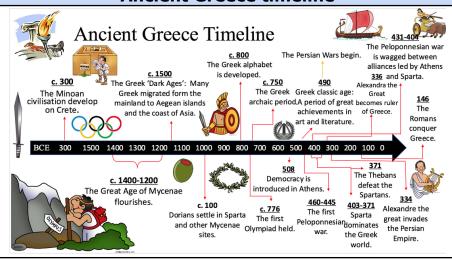
why the Egyptians were such a powerful society.

Why did Greek culture spread so far?

This piece of work will give us an opportunity to explain why the Greeks spread so far but also compare with the Ancient Egyptians.

Ancient Egypt Timeline EGYPI ANCIENT 2650 BC The first pyramid, a step pyramid, is built 1670 BC The Hyksks pexple invade and introduce the charist 1539-1070 BC 332 BC This was the time of the 'New Kingdom' Alexander the Great denguered Egypt and founded Alexandria 3100 BC 2250 BC 1648 BC 1070 BC 330 BC (A) King Narmer unites Egypt and records it Egyptîans într⇔duce G⊗ds f⊗r all areas Nîlameters were Egyptians jained Ra Queen Cleapatri Mah. invented to track (All) 1/41) on the Narmer Palette (above) of their lives the height of the Amun-Ra; King of conquer Egypt AL. 8¢me G¢ds ¢f Ancient Egypt Mah. Thath 143 (4) Mal)

Ancient Greece timeline



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Vocabulary		
Chronological	(of a record of events) following the order in which they occurred.	
Timeline	A display of a period of time, on which important events are marked.	
Exhibit	Publicly display (a work of art or item of interest) in an art gallery or	
	museum.	
Chronicle	A factual written account of important or historical events in the order of	
	their occurrence.	
Tomb	A large vault, normally an underground one, for burying the dead.	
Artefact	An object made by a human being, typically one of cultural or historical	
	interest.	
Pharaoh	A ruler in ancient Egypt.	
Mummy	A body of a human being or animal that has been ceremonially preserved	
	by removal of the internal organs, treatment with natron and resin, and	
	wrapping in bandages.	
Irrigation	The supply of water to land or crops to help growth, usually by means of	
	channels.	
State	An independent (lone) country with its own government.	
Democracy	Government where the citizens (people) vote on laws.	
Architecture	The design (shape) of buildings.	
Philosophy	Thinking about ideas and opinions.	
Myth	A traditional story.	
Theatre	An outdoor play space where drama and plays are performed.	
Sparta	A warrior society in Ancient Greece.	
Chariot	A two wheeled cart pulled by a horse.	
Temple	A building for worshipping (praying to) Gods.	
Ekklesia	The assembly of the democracy of ancient Athens.	

Why were the Pyramids so impressive?	What did these Ancient Greeks achieve?
A:	Pythagoras:
B:	Aristotle:
C:	Cocratoc
C.	Socrates:

Media list

'Who let the Gods out' - Maz Evans - funny read about Greek Gods and Stonehenge (Y5)

D.K Eyewitness - Ancient Egypt (Y5)

D.K Eyewitness - Ancient Greece by Anne Pearson (Y5)

Pharaohs and Kings - 4od (Y5 - PG)