W

Topic: Rhythm

Year: 5

What should I already know?

- How to copy simple rhythms
- How to work as part of a team
- Musical notes have different values
- Recognise some notes (crotchet, minim, quaver)



What will I know by the end of the unit?

- The values of crotchets, minims and quavers
- How to clap and play rhythms using crotchets, quavers and minims
- How to sight-read simple rhythms accurately
- How to write a rhythm in musical notation
- How to compose and write a rhythmic piece of music
- How to play a variety of percussion instruments with control
- How to internalise rhythms

Vocabulary			
rhythm	a pattern of notes - often unpitched (without a melody)		
time signature	the numbers at the start of the music that tell us how many beats in a bar and what kind of beats they are		
crotchet			
minim			
quaver			
bar line	a vertical line that marks the end of a bar or section of music		
double bar line	2 vertical bar lines that mark the end of a piece of music		
internalise	to be able to think through rhythms in your head		
beat	the basic pulse of the music		



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Investigate

Can you clap these rhythms?





Can you write some more 4 bar phrases with 2 beats in a bar? (If you play an instrument and know some more complicated notes or even rests, then why not use them?

Edward Peake Church of England Middle School			B
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