Religious Education Curriculum Key Stage 3

<u>Vision</u>

Religious Education at Eastlea Community School is experiential, creative and reflective. The curriculum is designed to ensure that pupils grow to be well-informed, upright and responsible citizens who are respectful of the views of others. The curriculum is sequenced with a particular rationale that consistently focuses on both knowledge and skills. Students are encouraged to constantly reason, debate, make judgements and evaluate key concepts and themes – skills that are necessary for the GCSE as well as life experiences that take place beyond the classroom.

The curriculum provides pupils with the development of social, spiritual, moral, and cultural development; these include learning about different people's faiths, reflecting on their own beliefs, investigating moral and ethical issues, working with others from different backgrounds, understanding cultural influences and showing respect for different faiths and cultural diversity. Our aims and vision for RE also reflect the intent of the locally agreed SACRE syllabus. Our intent is to provide an academic RE curriculum that enables pupils to hold balanced and informed conversations about religion, philosophy and worldviews.

Teaching and Learning

The content at KS3 is taught in a logical progression, systematically and explicitly. For example, learning in Year 9 is designed to provide students with a strong basis of the values and principles that underpin Christian and Islamic practices. This link is in place as the AQA GCSE involves the study of two main world religions: Christianity and Islam.

In addition, the Curriculum also has a strong emphasis on inclusivity. Students are taught a variety of Eastern Religions in Year 7 that are sequenced in chronological order – this is so students may draw on the key similarities found in different faiths and the possibility of religious views stemming from one another. At Year 8, pupils are faced with a variety of thematic studies concerning Philosophy and Ethics in the modern world. Examples of this include social justice, the environment, human rights and conflict.

Useful links:

https://bibleproject.com/?gclid=EAIaIQobChMImuSDo9jA7AIVxbTtCh07LQBVEAAYASAAE gKT9_D_BwE https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zh3rkqt https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zbndy9q https://www.truetube.co.uk/ https://revisionworld.com/gcse-revision/rs-religious-studies https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC4KN50fal7f45fx2DqG7ttg https://www.educationquizzes.com/ks3/religious-education/christianity---seasons-andfestivals/

KS3 RE Programme of Study (2021-2022) - what does it mean to be _____ in the 21st Century - BIG QUESTION for each year group. Topic focus.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year7	Transition	Eastern Religions:	Eastern Religions:	Eastern Religions:	Middle East: Judaism	Ultimate Questions /
(1 Single)	 a. Religion and its influence b. The birth of Jesus c. Hajj d. Life of Buddha e. Sacred Journey f. Place of worship Relate more to Newham and the community. History of religion in Newham. Early Christianity - Judaism - Migration from the subcontinent - Islam Diversity Luke / Mathew	Hinduism a. Deity – the Trimurti b. Core beliefs c. Karma d. Atman e. Samsara f. Caste System g. Puja Agreed Syllabus: Hindu people' rather than Hindu Dharmic tradition. Hindu in north / south India Diversity. Spiral curriculum. Claire to share subject audit from Primary schools.	Buddhism a. The life of Buddha b. The Four Noble Truths c. The 5 Moral Precepts d. The 3 Universal Truths e. The Sangha Narrative, stronger links with previous learning. How did Jesus and the Buddha make people think?	Sikhi (Not Sikhism) a. Guru Nanak (link with Jesus e.g Equality?) b. The 10 gurus c. The Guru Granth Sahib d. The Khalsa e. Sewa – selfless service Include thematic perspective SAVE RE: Network meeting 2021, Summer 50% Christianity as per law	 a. Abraham b. Torah and the 10 Commandments c. Jewish festivals- Pesach d. Shabbat e. Jerusalem f. Strictly Kosher Prophecies / concept regarding the Messiah Jesus - historical evidence	Existence of God a. Ultimate questions b. World views c. What is reality d. Arguments for God's existence e. Arguments against God's existence Miracles?
	Assessment: 1. Religion and its influence assessment	Assessment: 2. Hinduism assessment	Assessment: 3. Buddhism assessment	Assessment: 4. Sikhism assessment	Assessment: 5. Judaism assessment	Assessment: 6. Existence of God assessment

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 8 (1 Single)	Religious Leaders	The Environment Use Claire / Cat	End of life Claire	Introduction to Philosophy	Values, principles and social justice	Humanism
(1 Single)	a. Abraham	Use claire / Cat		rmosopny		

'Who different people think they are - perspective amongst world views' Assessment: 1. Religious Leaders	e. Hinduism f. Judaism Assessment: 2. The Environment	 d. Afterlife, Heaven and Hell e. Humanism and afterlife Assessment: 3. The Afterlife 	 c. Epitectus - How can I control myself? d. Epicurus - What is happiness? e. Plato - how do we know what is real? Assessment: 4. Philosophy	case studies / parables Assessment: 5. Values and Social	celebrations e. Humanist ethics agreed syllabus: humanism, buddhism, secular 'what does it mean to be a chrisitan in the 21s century' Assessment: 6. Conflict
b. Moses c. Jesus d. Muhammad e. Buddha f. Guru Nanak	 a. Issues concerning the environment b. Religious outlook / action to support the environment: c. Christianity d. Islam 	 a. The soul and resurrection – physical and spiritual b. Reincarnation c. Judgement 	 a. introduction to Philosophy and RE b. Plato - how can we better society? 	 a. Honestly and Integrity b. Justice c. Kindness d. Equity e. Forgiveness 	 a. What is humanism? b. Is there a God? c. Meaning and purpose d. Humanist

(1 Single) a. The inconsistent triad - moral and natural evil b. The life and Legacy of Jesus of Prophet Muhammad Religion in the Muhammad Rights b. Origins of evil c. Evil as a test of faith a. Creation - literal and non-literal faith b. The routing of the second of the sec	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
f. Religious Jesus remembered split 5. Religion in the media- Islam responses to evil and suffering and suffering and suffering and suffering and suffering and suffering	The Problem of Evila.The inconsistent triad – moral and natural evilb.Origins of evilc.Evil as a test of faithd.Theodicies – Saint Augustine and Saint Irenaeuse.The role of Jesus 	Exploring the Old Testament (stories in religion) how they are understood in the 21st C) a. Creation - literal and non-literal b. Sin: the Fall and Cain and Abel c. The Flood d. Exodus - 10 commandments e. Prophecies of the coming of	The New Testament: The Life and Legacy of Jesus a. Who was Jesus? b. The Trinity c. The crucifixion d. The resurrection e. The ascension f. The Sermon on the Mount g. Denominations today h. How is Jesus remembered	The Life and Legacy of Prophet Muhammad a. Pre-Islamic Arabia b. Who was Muhammad? c. Revelation and prophet-hood d. Teachings of Muhammad e. The Last Sermon f. Sunni and Shia split	Alicia Lewis - RE UEL Religion in the Modern World Topic plan/ideas: - world views 1. Diversity in beliefs: branches in Christianity denominations - past and present? 2. Diversity in beliefs: branches in Islam, Sunni Shia split 3. Diversity in beliefs: ethical decisions - catholics vs protestant blood transfusion, Islam and organ donations 4. Expression through art - Islam 5. Religion in the media - Islam 6. Persecution around the	Conflict and Human Rights 1. introduction to HR 2. Race - MLK and Malcolm > 3. Gender 4. Sexuality

Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:
1. The Problem of Evil	2. The Life and Legacy	3. The Life and Legacy	4. The Old and New	5 Muslims in Britain	6. Conflict and
	of Jesus	of Prophet Muhammad	Testament	Assessment	Human Rights
					Assessment