

Welcome to A Level Biology

Why do transition work?

Transition work is designed to bridge the gap between your GCSE and A Level studies. The exercises in this booklet will introduce you to basic information and skills that you will need next year. This work will smooth your transition from fundamental GCSE standards to the advanced standards required at A Level.

Is transition work assessed?

Yes. In September, topics will start with quizzes based on the transition work. The assessment of your understanding and retention will be used to identify your strengths and weaknesses. This information will be used to inform the focus for lessons and individual support and challenge activities.

Content

The transition work is in eleven short sections.

1. Terminology
2. Maths Skills
3. Careers
4. Foundations in Biology
5. Cell Structure
6. Biological Molecules
7. Chemical Tests for Biological Molecules
8. Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids
9. Enzymes
10. Biological Membranes
11. Cell Division, Diversity & Organisation

The A Level Course at AHS

The course you will be following is OCR A level Biology A (H420).

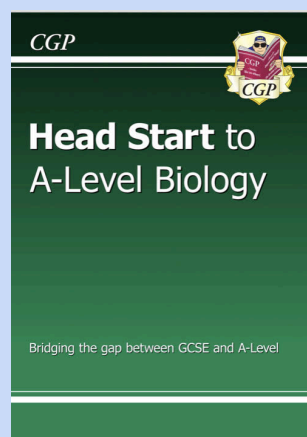
The home page is: [AS and A Level - Biology A - H020, H420 \(from 2015\)](#)

Useful references include:



- OCR Specification [OCR Level 3 Advanced GCE A Level in Biology A H420 Specification](#)
- Text books (one issued to you in September on Kerboodle, the online book platform and one hardcopy)
- The CGP revision guide (issued from the Library in Y13)
- The AHS Google Site (requires AHS password) [AHS Google Site](#) (being transferred this term)

- You may find the CGP A Level Biology transition book useful:



SECTION 1: Terminology

Retrieval questions

You need to be confident about the definitions of terms that describe measurements and results. Learn the answers to the questions below then cover the answers column with a piece of paper and write as many answers as you can. Check and repeat.

Practical science key terms

When is a measurement valid?	when it measures what it is supposed to be measuring
When is a result accurate?	when it is close to the true value
What are precise results?	when repeat measurements are consistent/agree closely with each other
What is repeatability?	how precise repeated measurements are when they are taken by the same person, using the same equipment, under the same conditions
What is reproducibility?	how precise repeated measurements are when they are taken by different people, using different equipment
What is the uncertainty of a measurement?	the interval within which the true value is expected to lie Define measurement error the difference between a measured value and the true value
What type of error is caused by results varying around the true value in an unpredictable way?	random error
What is a systematic error?	a consistent difference between the measured values and true values
What does zero error mean?	a measuring instrument gives a false reading when the true value should be zero
Which variable is changed or selected by the investigator?	independent variable
What is a dependent variable?	a variable that is measured every time the independent variable is changed Define a fair test a test in which only

	the independent variable is allowed to affect the dependent variable
What are control variables?	variables that should be kept constant to avoid them affecting the dependent variable

SECTION 2: Maths Skills

Creating and Interpreting Graphs

Tutorial: <https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/457936-m3.1-tutorial-.docx>

Practice questions: <https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/457935-m3.1-quiz-student-activity.docx>

Answers: <https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/457934-m3.1-quiz-teacher-answers.docx>

Selecting an Appropriate Graph Format

Tutorial: <https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/457940-m3.2-tutorial-.docx>

Practice questions: <https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/457941-m3.2-quiz-student-activity.docx>

Answers: <https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/457942-m3.2-quiz-teacher-answers.docx>

Drawing Graphs Checklist (SPLAT)

S	Size of the graph: does the bit with actual plotted points take at least half of the paper?	
P	Plotting: is every point within half a little square of where it should be?	
L	Line of best fit: if there is a trend in your data, is it indicated with a smooth curve or straight line?	
A	Axes the right way round: the thing you changed (independent variable) along the bottom with label and units: the thing you measured (dependent variable) up the side with label and units	
T	Title: have you included a title that tells you what this graph shows?	

SECTION 3: Careers

<https://biologyheritage.rsb.org.uk/bcw-interviews>

1. Watch Becoming a Biologist: Top Tips for Life Science Careers
2. Choose one, two or three interviews and make bullet point notes about their qualifications, career pathway, field of study and outline their current role.

Interviewee	Field of Study	Qualifications and Career Pathway	Current role

SECTIONS 4-7: Topics

Complete the tasks assigned in Seneca for the Foundations in Biology Module. This is approximately 2-3 hours of work.

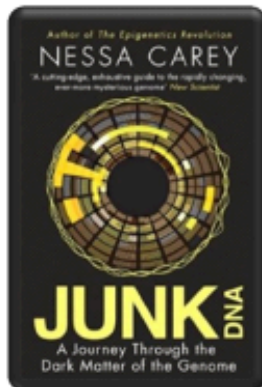
[SENECA first 4 Modules of OCR A A Level Course](#)

Password: p6d8awyl03

Additional activity suggestions reproduced with kind permission from The Pixl Club.
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Book Recommendations

Kick back this summer with a good read. The books below are all popular science books and great for extending your understanding of Biology

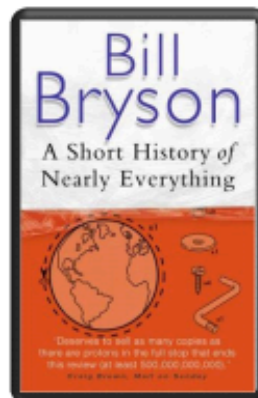


Only 10% of the genome is actually used to produce proteins. Our DNA is so much more complex than you probably realize, this book will really deepen your understanding of all the work you will do on Genetics. Available at amazon.co.uk

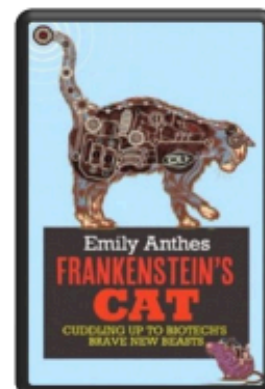
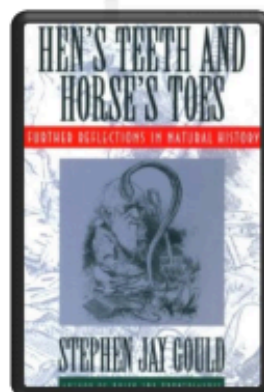
The Red Queen
It's all about sex. Or sexual selection at least. This book will really help your understanding of evolution and particularly the fascinating role of sex in evolution. Available at amazon.co.uk



A Short History of Nearly Everything
A whistle-stop tour through many aspects of history from the Big Bang to now. This is a really accessible read that will re-familiarise you with common concepts and introduce you to some of the more colourful characters from the history of science! Available at amazon.co.uk



Studying Geography as well? **Hen's teeth and horses toes** Stephen Jay Gould is a great Evolution writer and this book discusses lots of fascinating stories about Geology and evolution. Available at amazon.co.uk



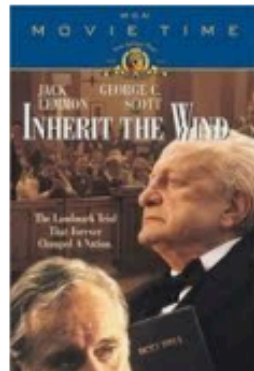
An easy read..
Frankenstein's cat
Discover how glow in the dark fish are made and more great Biotechnology breakthroughs. Available at amazon.co.uk

Movie Recommendations

Everyone loves a good story and everyone loves some great science. Here are some of the picks of the best films based on real life scientists and discoveries. You won't find Jurassic Park on this list, we've looked back over the last 50 years to give you our top 5 films you might not have seen before. Great watching for a rainy day.



Inherit The Wind (1960)
Great if you can find it. Based on a real life trial of a teacher accused of the crime of teaching Darwinian evolution in school in America. Does the debate rumble on today?



Lorenzo's Oil (1992)
Based on a true story. A young child suffers from an autoimmune disease. The parents research and challenge doctors to develop a new cure for his disease.



Gorillas in the Mist (1988)
An absolute classic that retells the true story of the life and work of Dian Fossey and her work studying and protecting mountain gorillas from poachers and habitat loss. A tear jerker.

Andromeda Strain (1971)
Science fiction by the great thriller writer Michael Crichton (he of Jurassic Park fame). Humans begin dying when an alien microbe arrives on Earth.



Something the Lord Made (2004)
Professor Snape (the late great Alan Rickman) in a very different role. The film tells the story of the scientists at the cutting edge of early heart surgery as well as issues surrounding racism at the time.

There are some great TV series and box sets available too, you might want to check out: Blue Planet, Planet Earth, The Ascent of Man, Catastrophe, Frozen Planet, Life Story, The Hunt and Monsoon.

Movie Recommendations

If you have 30 minutes to spare, here are some great presentations (and free!) from world leading scientists and researchers on a variety of topics. They provide some interesting answers and ask some thought-provoking questions. Use the link or scan the QR code to view:

A New Superweapon in the Fight Against Cancer

Available at :

http://www.ted.com/talks/paula_hammond_a_new_superweapon_in_the_fight_against_cancer?language=en

Cancer is a very clever, adaptable disease. To defeat it, says medical researcher and educator Paula Hammond, we need a new and powerful mode of attack.



Why Bees are Disappearing

Available at :

http://www.ted.com/talks/marla_spivak_why_bees_are_disappearing?language=en

Honeybees have thrived for 50 million years, each colony 40 to 50,000 individuals coordinated in amazing harmony. So why, seven years ago, did colonies start dying en-masse?

Why Doctors Don't Know About the Drugs They Prescribe

Available at :

http://www.ted.com/talks/ben_goldacre_what_doctors_dont_know_about_the_drugs_they_prescribe?language=en

When a new drug gets tested, the results of the trials should be published for the rest of the medical world — except much of the time, negative or inconclusive findings go unreported, leaving doctors and researchers in the dark.



Growing New Organs

Available at :

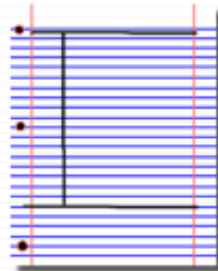
http://www.ted.com/talks/anthony_atalla_growing_organs_engineering_tissue?language=en

Anthony Atalla's state-of-the-art lab grows human organs — from muscles to blood vessels to bladders, and more.

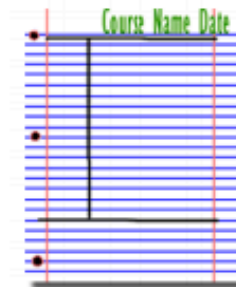
Research activities

Research, reading and note making are essential skills for A level Biology study. For the following task you are going to produce 'Cornell Notes' to summarise your reading.

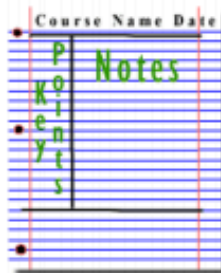
1. Divide your page into three sections like this



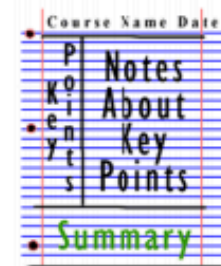
2. Write the name, date and topic at the top of the page



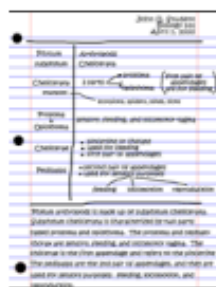
3. Use the large box to make notes. Leave a space between separate ideas. Abbreviate where possible.



4. Review and identify the key points in the left hand box



5. Write a summary of the main ideas in the bottom space



Images taken from <http://coe.jmu.edu/learningtoolbox/cornellnotes.html>

Research activities

The Big Picture is an excellent publication from the Wellcome Trust. Along with the magazine, the company produces posters, videos and other resources aimed at students studying for GCSEs and A level.

For each of the following topics, you are going to use the resources to produce one page of Cornell style notes.

Use the links or scan the QR code to take you to the resources.

BigPicture



Topic 1: The Cell

Available at: <http://bigpictureeducation.com/cell>

The cell is the building block of life. Each of us starts from a single cell, a zygote, and grows into a complex organism made of trillions of cells. In this issue, we explore what we know – and what we don't yet know – about the cells that are the basis of us all and how they reproduce, grow, move, communicate and die.



Topic 2: The Immune System

Available at:

<http://bigpictureeducation.com/immune>

The immune system is what keeps us healthy in spite of the many organisms and substances that can do us harm. In this issue, explore how our bodies are designed to prevent potentially harmful objects from getting inside, and what happens when bacteria, viruses, fungi or other foreign organisms or substances breach these barriers.



Topic 3: Exercise, Energy and Movement

Available at:

<http://bigpictureeducation.com/exercise-energy-and-movement>

All living things move. Whether it's a plant growing towards the sun, bacteria swimming away from a toxin or you walking home, anything alive must move to survive. For humans though, movement is more than just survival – we move for fun, to compete and to be healthy. In this issue we look at the biological systems that keep us moving and consider some of the psychological, social and ethical aspects of exercise and sport.



Topic 4: Populations

Available at:

<http://bigpictureeducation.com/populations>

What's the first thing that pops into your mind when you read the word population? Most likely it's the ever-increasing human population on earth. You're a member of that population, which is the term for all the members of a single species living together in the same location. The term population is n't just used to describe humans; it includes other animals, plants and microbes too. In this issue, we learn more about how populations grow, change and move, and why understanding them is so important.



Topic 4: Populations

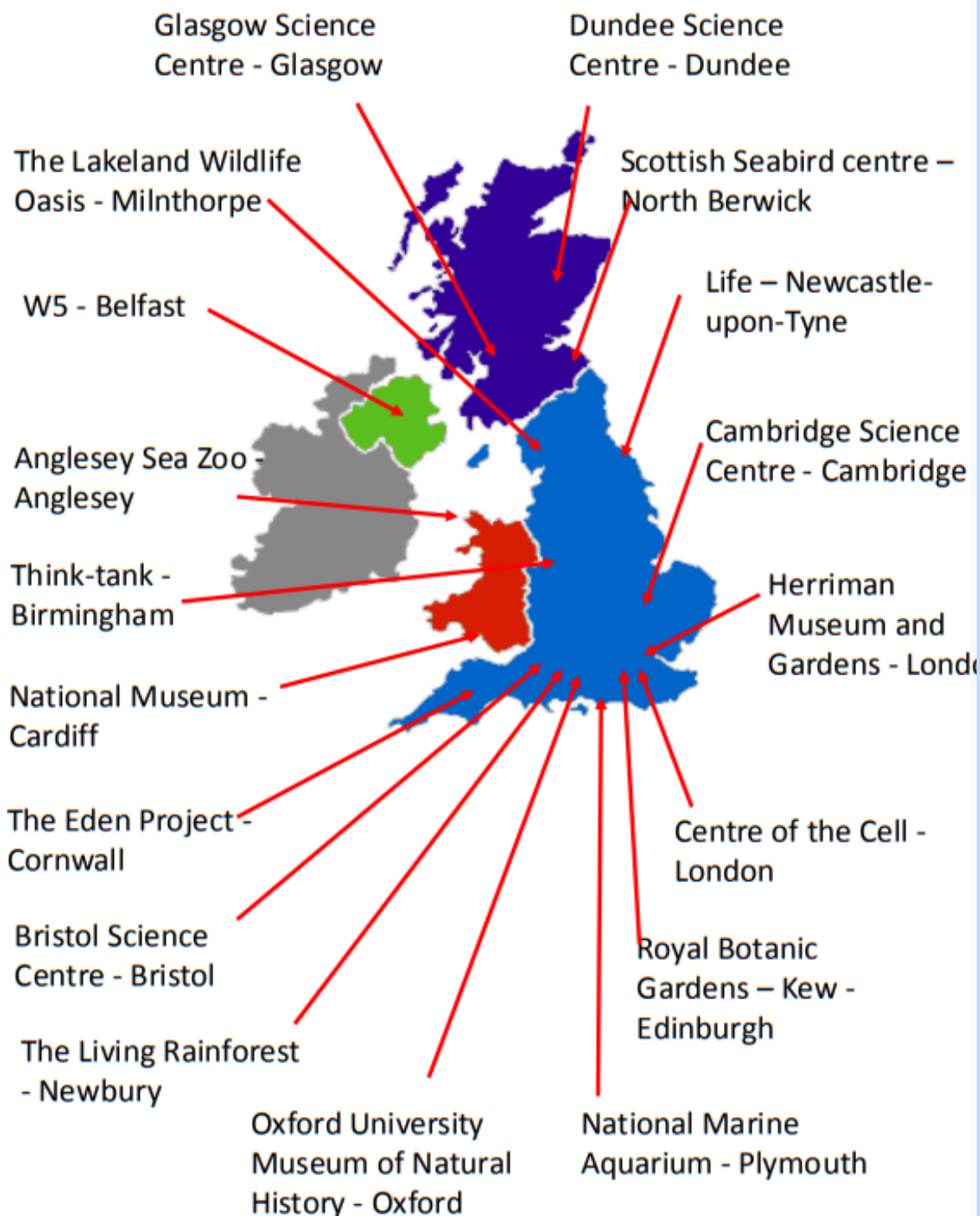
Available at: <http://bigpictureeducation.com/health-and-climate-change>

The Earth's climate is changing. In fact, it has always been changing. What is different now is the speed of change and the main cause of change – human activities. This issue asks: What are the biggest threats to human health? Who will suffer as the climate changes? What can be done to minimise harm? And how do we cope with uncertainty?



Ideas for Day Trips

If you are on holiday in the UK, or on a staycation at home, why not plan a day trip to one of these :



Ideas for Day Trips

If you are on holiday in the UK, or on a staycation at home, why not plan a day trip to one of these :

Remember there are also lots of zoos, wildlife and safari parks across the country, here are some you may not have heard of or considered:

Colchester Zoo, Cotswold Wildlife Park, Banham Zoo (Norfolk), Tropical Birdland (Leicestershire), Yorkshire Wildlife Park, Peak Wildlife Park, International Centre for Birds of Prey (York), Blackpool Zoo, Beale Park (Reading)

There are also hundreds of nature reserves (some of which are free) located all over the country including:

RSPB sites at Lochwinnoch, Saltholme, Fairburn Ings, Old Moor, Conwy, Minsmere, Rainham Marshes, Pulborough Brooks, Radipole Lake, Newport Wetlands.

Wildlife Trust Reserves and others at Rutland Water, Pensthorpe, Insh Marshes, Attenborough Centre, Inversnaid, Skomer, Loch Garten, Donna Nook, Chapmans Well, Woodwalton Fen, London Wetland Centre, Martin Down and Woolston Eyes Reserve.

Many organisations also have opportunities for people to volunteer over the summer months, this might include working in a shop/café/visitor centre, helping with site maintenance or taking part in biological surveys. Not only is this great experience, it looks great on a job or UCAS application.

For opportunities keep an eye out in your local press, on social media, or look at the websites of organisations like the RSPB, Wildlife Trust, National Trust or Wildlife & Wetland Trust.

There are also probably lots of smaller organisations near you who would also appreciate any support you can give!

Science on Social Media

Science communication is essential in the modern world and all the big scientific companies, researchers and institutions have their own social media accounts. Here are some of our top tips to keep up to date with developing news or interesting stories:

Follow on Twitter:

Commander Chris Hadfield – former resident aboard the International Space Station @cmdrhadfield

Tiktaalik roseae – a 375 million year old fossil fish with its own Twitter account!
@tiktaalikroseae

NASA's Voyager 2 – a satellite launched nearly 40 years ago that is now travelling beyond our Solar System
@NSFVoyager2

Neil dGrasse Tyson – Director of the Hayden Planetarium in New York
@neiltyson

Sci Curious – feed from writer and Bethany Brookshire tweeting about good, bad and weird neuroscience
@scicurious

The SETI Institute – The Search for Extra Terrestrial Intelligence, be the first to know what they find!
@setiinstitute

Carl Zimmer – Science writer Carl blogs about the life sciences
@carlzimmer

Phil Plait – tweets about astronomy and bad science
@badastronomer

Virginia Hughes – science journalist and blogger for National Geographic, keep up to date with neuroscience, genetics and behaviour
@virginiahughes

Maryn McKenna – science journalist who writes about antibiotic resistance
@marynmck



Find on Facebook:

Nature - the profile page for nature.com for news, features, research and events from Nature Publishing Group

Marin Conservation Institute – publishes the latest science to identify important marine ecosystems around the world.

National Geographic - since 1888, National Geographic has travelled the Earth, sharing its amazing stories in pictures and words.

Science News Magazine - Science covers important and emerging research in all fields of science.

BBC Science News - The latest BBC Science and Environment News: breaking news, analysis and debate on science and nature around the world.



Science websites

These websites all offer an amazing collection of resources that you should use again and again through out your course.



Probably the best website on Biology....

Learn Genetics from Utah University has so much that is pitched at an appropriate level for you and has lots of interactive resources to explore, everything from why some people can taste bitter berries to how we clone mice or make glow in the dark jelly fish.

<http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/>



DNA from the beginning is full of interactive animations that tell the story of DNA from its discovery through to advanced year 13 concepts.

One to book mark!

<http://www.dnafb.org/>



In the summer you will most likely start to learn about Biodiversity and Evolution. Many Zoos have great websites, especially London Zoo. Read about some of the case studies on conservation, such as the Giant Pangolin, the only mammal with scales.
<https://www.zsl.org/conservation>



At GCSE you learnt how genetic diseases are inherited. In this virtual fly lab you get to breed fruit flies to investigate how different features are passed on.

<http://sciencecourseware.org/vcise/drosophila/>



Ok, so not a website, but a video you definitely want to watch. One of the first topics you will learn about is the amazing structure of the cell. This BBC film shows the fascinating workings of a cell... a touch more detailed than the "fried egg" model you might have seen.

http://www.dailymotion.com/video/xh0kb_the-hidden-life-of-the-cell_shortfilms

If this link expires – google "BBC hidden life of the cell"

Science: Things to do!

Day 4 of the holidays and boredom has set in? There are loads of citizen science projects you can take part in either from the comfort of your bedroom, out and about, or when on holiday. Wikipedia does a comprehensive list of all the current projects taking place. Google 'citizen science project'



the PiXL club
partners in excellence



big butterfly count
15th July - 7th August



AgeGuess



The Big Moss Map

MOOC

Want to stand above the rest when it comes to UCAS? Now is the time to act.

MOOCs are online courses run by nearly all Universities. They are short FREE courses that you take part in. They are usually quite specialist, but aimed at the public, not the genius!

There are lots of websites that help you find a course, such as edX and Future learn.

You can take part in any course, but there are usually start and finish dates. They mostly involve taking part in web chats, watching videos and interactives.



Completing a MOOC will look great on your Personal statement and they are dead easy to take part in!

