## **Curriculum Intent**

### **Key Stage 3**

The Textiles Curriculum aims to bring out students' creativity, with practical skills and outcomes being the driving force. Students at KS3 need to be able to develop skills and confidence on the sewing machines. These skills will enable them to experiment with techniques and media in a highly creative and practical way. Students look at fashion designers and textile artists to inspire design decisions, and give them the opportunity to develop practical techniques and create response pieces in their own style. By learning these techniques and processes students are able to design and make a final response which is visually impactful.

# **Key Stage 4**

The skills covered in KS3 form the basis of learning in Year 10 and Year 11. Students begin with a stimuli to spark there inspiration. From there, they are allowed freedom to explore this through research and experimentation with appropriate media, materials, techniques and processes. Trips to art galleries enable students to develop their creative thinking and gather meaningful research and direction for their sketchbook. Students need to analyse textile artists and fashion designers work accurately by looking at style, techniques, mood and meaning. This all leads to a personal, meaningful and risk-taking final outcome which brings their intentions to life and demonstrates an understanding and interpretation to the theme.

# **Curriculum Implementation**

# Key Stage 3

Year 7

#### Making a holiday postcard inspired Making a decorative cushion cover by the Textiles artist Louise O'Hara using a range of decorative

#### Skills learnt include: To incorporate each assessment

### objective into designs

- Safety in the Textiles room Researching the work of Louise O'Hara and using and developing
- her techniques
- Making holiday postcard in fabric

Setting up and using the sewing

- machine Hand embroidery
- Collage techniques
- Use of decorative components

Skills learnt include: To incorporate each assessment objective into designs

Cutting out fabric accurately

techniques based on the theme of

- Construction of cushion using the sewing machine
- Appliqué Free machining

Year 8

**'Food** 

- Reverse applique
- Hand embroidery
- Monoprinting Decorative components
- Hand embroidery stitches, cross stitch, whipping running stitch
- and chain stitch

#### Making a 'Natural World' inspired wall hanging using a range of decorative techniques, influenced

by the work of Cas Holmes Skills learnt include:

### Designing to meet specific

- design criteria
- Revisiting all of techniques in Year 8 and building on these skills
- Hems
- Stencilling (fabric paints &

Year 9

crayons) Lay plan

Construction of pyjama set

using the sewing machine

- Other seam neatening methods
- Reverse appliqué
- Hand embroidery stitches including bullion knots, crossstitch and lazy daisy

### Know the different parts of the

Key objectives of this unit are: •

sewing machine and to be able to set it up and use confidently for straight stitch Experiment with hand embroidery

skills, learning running stitch,

- back-stitch and blanket stitch and know how these could be used final make. Understanding the importance of initial design ideas
- Use peer evaluation to help focus final design idea and get further
- inspiration Follow final design to make a successful holiday postcard using

collage and hand stitching

Evaluate the outcome of holiday postcard and give ideas for improvement

Key objectives of this unit are:

and use the sewing machine safely Take a set of photographs which

Recap from year 7 how to set up

- link to the theme of 'food'. Create patterns and templates and understand basic pattern
- markings Be able to cut out main fabric of cushion using a paper pattern
- Learning how to sew a corner and how to sew curves

Develop an awareness of the

importance of quality control and know how to use a production plan correctly • Use bond-a-web for the

Year 11

 Experiment with the technique of free machining

technique of appliqué

Key objectives of this unit are:

- Research the work of Cas Holmes and identify techniques she uses.
- Learn how to use the heat press safely and create further decorative techniques using the equipment. Know how to create stencils
- from freezer paper and use to create a high-quality samples Learn the technique of
- sublimation printing and how this could be used on wall hanging Further develop hand
- embroidery and machine embroidery skills in the mixed media piece
- Complete a final wall hanging based on final design.

quality control check

Learn how to carry out a final

 Evaluate final outcome and peer assess each other's to suggest what went well and how you can improve

### Year 10 Students produce course work which makes up 60% of

the media of textiles by exploring a wide range of

their final GCSE grade. The other 40% is made up of an

**Key Stage 4: GCSE (Edexcel)** 

#### externally set assignment. etc to build up a portfolio. They will have to use photographs and observational sketches as a starting During Year 10 students will work on the project point in order to explore and interpret the initial concept 'Weathered', by exploring and interpreting ideas through

and practical sample experimentation work. Students would need to look at relevant fashion designers and textiles artists to inform creative decisions and designs, before leading to them creating a final piece. **Exam board: Edexcel Project Objectives and Assessment Objectives:** A01 Develop ideas through investigations,

decorative techniques. The project begins by investigating

using observations, photographs, sketches and drawings,

techniques and processes A03 Record ideas, observations and insights relevant to intentions as work progresses

demonstrating critical understanding of sources

A02 Refine work by exploring ideas, selecting and experimenting with appropriate media, materials,

**A04** Present a personal and meaningful response that

realises intentions and demonstrations understanding or

complete an Externally Set Assignment, developing ideas and designs on a theme set by the exam board, culminating in a 10 hour timed practical exam. Within all projects across the 2 years, students will learn about: Fabric selection for specific suitability from natural to synthetic fabrics

Students will work on the project 'Events'. They will

explore the techniques of print, dye, fabric manipulation

leading to a final piece. Students will also be required to

### Dyeing methods – ombre, tye-die, batik, rust, marble, glue

- Printing methods block, stencil, sublimation, mono
- Fabric manipulation techniques gathers, pleats

CAD/CAM embroidery, lino

Decorative techniques including, applique, reverse applique, free machine embroidery, quilting, hand embroidery, couching, heat gun,

dissolvable fabric, felting, slashing etc.

#### KS3 is marked in line with the four assessment objectives: research; media experimentation; observe and recordings; and final piece. Work is assessed regularly throughout the projects, providing students with both a grade and written feedback. We also use effort stickers to enable students to see how hard they are working. Students are given opportunities to self reflect and give their own targets based on marking, and there are opportunities throughout the

**Assessment** 

visual language

**Impact** 

**Key Stage 3** 

# them to offer advice and use ideas of others in their own development, which prepares them for KS4.

# Knowledge and skills

Each project at KS3 provides opportunities for students to build up skills and confidence on the different pieces of textiles equipment. We have developed clear links between schemes of work from Year 7 through to Year 9 that see the development of practical skills. Students become familiar with the sewing machine, and while in Year 7 they learn the different parts, how to thread up and how to use it. This is then developed in Year 8 and Year 9, with students using sewing machines to build up decorative skills. In each skill lesson, to support students learning, teacher demonstrations are presented and demonstration videos are uploaded to Google Classrooms, allowing students opportunities to recap learning.

project for peer assessment. During practical lessons students are encouraged to show work to each other, enabling

 Collage Hand embroidery (running stitch, back stitch and blanket stitch) Component embellishment

**Applique** 

- Monoprinting · Free machine embroidery • Reverse applique
- By the end of Year 9 decorative skills learnt are; Stencil printing
  - Sublimation printing Fabric manipulation techniques

textiles that they can use any of the skills from previous years on their final piece. This allows students to finish KS3 with the ability to produce challenging, refined and meaningful final pieces and prepares them for KS4.

By the end of Year 7 decorative skills learnt are:

By the end of Year 8 decorative skills learnt are:

• Hand embroidery (cross stitch, stem stitch and ...

**Key Stage 4 Assessment** 

At KS4 students are assessed throughout their Non-Examination Assessment work. They are assessed in line with the GCSE specification, focusing on the four assessment areas. Sketchbook work is checked and feedback offered both

By the time students are in Year 9 they have such a wide range of knowledge and practical skills across all areas of

opportunities to address their targets in each lesson and time is built into the curriculum to allow for this. Peer assessment is built into lessons to encourage sharing of ideas and work. Knowledge and skills At GCSE students use all the knowledge and skills developed across KS3 to create and incorporate into there NEA projects. They will learn the importance of research into textiles artists and fashion designers to inspire the

development of ideas and skills. Using their bank of practical skills learnt at KS3 they are able to create responses in

- the style of their chosen artists and designers, while building up further more challenging decorative skills such as: Carbon printing and lino printing
  - Marble dying, glue dying and rust dying Free machine embroidery using dissolvable fabric.
- - CAD/CAM embroidery

verbally and written. Verbal feedback can be done as one-to-one tutorials but also as a whole class discussion. Teacher targets given regularly and students given opportunities to set their own targets. Students are given

- Heat press fabric manipulation
- They will understand that using a variety of media, materials and techniques can be used in relation to their own creative intentions and chosen area of study. Accumulating with a meaningful, risk taking and challenging final piece.