

Spoken Language	Word Reading	Comprehension	Writing- Transcription	Handwriting	Writing - Composition	Writing, Grammar & Punctuation
Pupils should be taught to:  Ilisten and respond appropriately to adults and their peers  ask relevant questions to extend their understandin g and knowledge  use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary  articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions  give well-structured descriptions, explanations	Pupils should be taught to:  apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet  read further exception words, noting the unusual corresponden ces between spelling and	Pupils should be taught to:  develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:  listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books or textbooks  reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes  using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read  increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including	Spelling (see English Appendix 1) Pupils should be taught to:  use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1)  spell further homophones  spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1)  place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals [for example,	Pupils should be taught to:  use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined  increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting [for example, by ensuring that the downstrokes of letters are	Pupils should be taught to:  I plan their writing by:  I discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar  I discussing and recording ideas  I draft and write by:  I composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of	Pupils should be taught to:  develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:  extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although  using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense  choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition

	a.a.d		faim, atavia	1	minle? herre?1	1 .		I			
	and	sound, and	fairy stories,		girls', boys']		parallel and		sentence		<ul> <li>using</li> </ul>
	narratives for	where these	myths and		and in words		equidistant;		structures		conjunctions,
	different	occur in the	legends, and		with irregular		hat lines of		( <u>English</u>		adverbs and
	purposes,	word.	retelling some of		plurals [for		writing are		Appendix 2)		prepositions to
	including for		these orally		example,		spaced		<ul><li>organising</li></ul>		express time
	expressing		<ul><li>identifying themes</li></ul>		children's]		sufficiently so		paragraphs		and cause
	feelings		and conventions		use the first	1	hat the		around a theme		<ul><li>using fronted</li></ul>
	maintain		in a wide range of		two or three		ascenders		<ul><li>in narratives,</li></ul>		adverbials
	attention and		books		letters of a		and		creating settings,		<ul> <li>learning the</li> </ul>
	participate				word to check		descenders of		characters and		grammar for
	actively in		<ul> <li>preparing poems</li> </ul>		its spelling in a		etters do not		plot		years 3 and 4 in
	collaborative		and play scripts to		dictionary	1	ouch].		·		English
	conversation		read aloud and to		•				<ul> <li>in non-narrative</li> </ul>		Appendix 2
	s, staying on		perform, showing	•	write from				material, using		• •
	topic and		understanding		memory simple				simple	•	indicate grammatical
	initiating and		through		sentences,				organisational		and other features by:
	responding to		intonation, tone,		dictated by the				devices [for		<ul><li>using commas</li></ul>
	comments		volume and action		teacher, that				example,		after fronted
	COMMITTERING		<ul><li>discussing words</li></ul>		include words				headings and		adverbials
•	use spoken		and phrases that		and				sub-headings]		<ul><li>indicating</li></ul>
	language to		capture the		punctuation			•	evaluate and edit by:		possession by
	develop		reader's interest		taught so far.				<ul> <li>assessing the</li> </ul>		using the
	understandin		and imagination						effectiveness of		possessive
	g through		<ul><li>recognising some</li></ul>						their own and		apostrophe with
	speculating,		different forms of						others' writing		plural nouns
	hypothesising		poetry [for						and suggesting		•
	, imagining		example, free						improvements		<ul><li>using and</li></ul>
	and exploring		verse, narrative						·		punctuating
	ideas		poetry]						<ul><li>proposing</li></ul>		direct speech
	speak audibly								changes to	•	use and understand the
	and fluently		<ul> <li>understand what they</li> </ul>						grammar and		grammatical
	with an		read, in books they can						vocabulary to		terminology in English
	with an		read independently, by:						improve		Appendix 2 accurately

	increasing	<ul><li>checking that the</li></ul>	consistency,	and appropriately when
	command of	text makes sense	including the	discussing their writing
	Standard	to them,	accurate use of	and reading.
	English	discussing their	pronouns in	
	participate in	understanding and	sentences	
_	discussions,	explaining the	<ul> <li>proof-read for spelling</li> </ul>	
	presentations	meaning of words in	and punctuation errors	
	presentations	context	and punctuation errors	
	, performances	<ul><li>asking questions</li></ul>	read aloud their own writing,	
	, role play,	to improve their	to a group or the whole class,	
	improvisation	understanding of	using appropriate intonation	
	s and	a text	and controlling the tone and	
	debates		volume so that the meaning	
		<ul> <li>drawing inferences such</li> </ul>	is clear.	
•	gain,			
	maintain and	as inferring characters'		
	monitor the	feelings, thoughts		
	interest of the	and motives from		
	listener(s)	their actions, and		
	consider and	justifying		
	evaluate	inferences with		
	different	evidence		
	viewpoints,			
	attending to	<ul><li>predicting what might happen</li></ul>		
	and building	from details stated		
	on the	and implied		
	contributions	•		
	of others	identifying main		
	select and	ideas drawn from		
	use	more than one		
	appropriate	paragraph and		
	registers for	summarising		
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effective	these	
communicati	<ul><li>identifying how</li></ul>	
on.	language,	
	structure, and	
	presentation	
	contribute to	
	meaning	
	retrieve and record	
	information from non-	
	fiction	
	participate in	
	discussion about	
	both books that	
	are read to them	
	and those they	
	can read for	
	themselves,	
	taking turns and	
	listening to what	
	others say.	