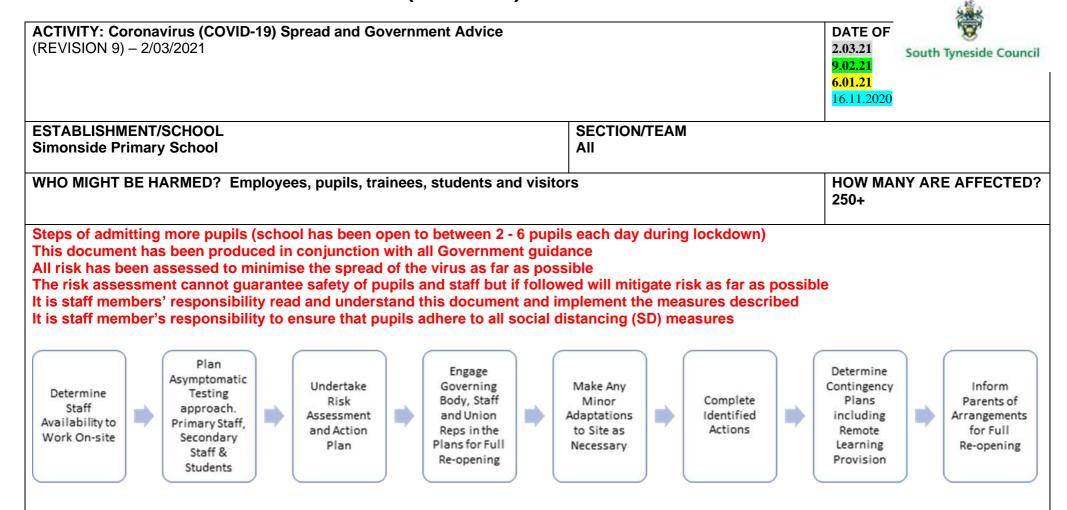
RISK ASSESSMENT Coronavirus (Covid 19)



This Risk Assessment sets out the decisions taken and measures put in place to prepare for the phased re-opening of the school and ensure the school continues to operate in a safe way. Existing policies and guidance continue to apply alongside the actions within this document, including but not limited to:

- Health and Safety Policy
- First Aid Policy
- Child Protection Policy
- CYP Response Plan

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ThMaReFirTh	FE Guidance relating to COVID19 The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 The Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 The Proposition of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (Rest Aid Regulations 1981 The Health Protection (Notification) Regulations 2010 The Health England (PHE) (2017) 'Health protection in schools and other	ŕ		
Premises and equipment, water, etc. not maintained to statutory requirements:	Premises and utilities have been health and safety checked and building is compliant Water treatments Fire alarm testing Repairs PAT testing Fridges and freezers Boiler/ heating servicing Internet services Any other statutory inspections Insurance covers reopening arrangements Fire Risk Assessment and evacuation procedures reviewed and disseminated to all staff. It is important that, prior to reopening for the autumn term, all the usual pre-term building checks are undertaken to make the school safe. If buildings have been closed or had reduced occupancy during the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak, water system stagnation can occur due to lack of use, increasing the risks of Legionnaires' disease. Advice on this can be found in the guidance on Legionella risks during the coronavirus outbreak.	Yes	 Site Supervisor (SS) has continued with daily and weekly checks around school in line with his job description. All external inspections have taken place as arranged. All repairs have been undertaken via STC Asset Management Dept. All PAT Testing conducted (1.5.2020) Insurance arranged via STC. Fridges currently available to staff to be thoroughly cleaned at the end of each day by cleaning staff. Internet and computing facilities remain the responsibility of current provider - ICT in Schools. All current school RA reviewed. There may be incidents in school where social distancing is not safe to do so (eg in case of fire). Where possible SD will be maintained if safe to do so at assembly point. Fire procedure: 	L

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	Additional advice on safely reoccupying buildings can be found in the Chartered Institute of Building Services Engineers' guidance on emerging from lockdown. Once the school is in operation, it is important to ensure good ventilation. Advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak. In classrooms, it will be important that schools improve ventilation (for example, by opening windows). Science and chemical stores Check the chemical store: There may have been a spill or leak so keep safe by reading GL246 before going in, and check GL247 and GL252 for further details and advice on what to look for. Be particularly careful if the weather has been hot or you are unsure that the store is ventilated well. If you need any help or advice contact the CLEAPSS Helpline https://science.cleapss.org.uk/helpline/		 During this period it cannot be guaranteed that fire wardens will be available. The teacher in classroom bubbles is therefore to take charge of pupils and staff in their bubble and ensure everyone leaves the building. All other staff to ensure they leave the building as soon as possible. Office staff to ensure a record of all staff on site is available. It is essential that all staff on site sign in at reception. Teacher to inform office staff of any missing people from their bubble. No member of staff to enter building if a fire incident is in place unless they are trained as a fire warden. Reception staff to telephone 999 emergency services as soon as possible. Fire evacuation point to remain as school yard. 		
	The 'BUILDING RA COVID' assessment has been revised and updated for the general running of the building. NB: TWFRS who has confirmed that wedging doors open is not best practice, however due to the COVID-19 crisis wedging classroom doors can be done, but cross corridor doors and doors leading on to a fire escape or stairway must remain in the closed position at all times Any door wedged open must have the wedge removed when the class is vacant even for the shortest period and the school must risk assess this.	Yes	 Simonside Action: New internal layouts and access points agreed. Classroom and office doors to be wedged open during use but left closed when vacated. All internal and external fire doors to remain closed as per normal building practice. All fire escapes routes to be kept clear at all times, as per normal building practice. 	L	

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	As for installing barriers in front of doors this is not acceptable under any circumstance, should an area need to be segregated then the use of signage and Fire Exit Door Security Seals should be used which would snap if the door is forced open allowing anyone emergency egress if necessary. Large quantities of high-alcohol-content hand sanitiser should be stored it in a locked storage cupboard or metal cabinet and controlled like other combustibles.					

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Risk of coronavirus infection spreading to children and staff due to inadequate infection control procedure	The school will ensure that pupils clean their hands regularly, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating. Regular and thorough hand cleaning is going to be needed for the foreseeable future. Points to consider and implement: • has the school enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly • can the school ensure that there is enough supervision when using hand sanitiser to eliminate ingestion. Small children and pupils with complex needs should continue to be helped to clean their hands properly. Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative • the school will build these routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations and helping ensure younger children and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them • Soap and water is more effective than using sanitisers The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach continues to be very important, so schools must ensure that they have enough tissues and bins available in the school to support pupils and staff to follow this routine. As with hand cleaning, schools must ensure younger children and those with complex needs are helped to get this right, and all pupils understand that this is now part of how school operates. Some pupils with complex needs will struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant. This should be considered in risk assessments in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them and is not a reason to deny these pupils face to face education.	Yes	 Updates from DFE forwarded to HT and SMT. All read info within the updates and action as necessary. Info shared with wider school population as necessary. All government guidelines have been taken into account when assessing the school for risk and for agreeing new building layout. Key hygiene information located around school. Prevent and symptoms information shared with pupils at the start of each day. Info shared on social media so all school population is aware of measures taken. HT/DHT to share video/pictures of school on social media. This will show school population the measures we have taken to allow more pupils to attend school. This will also be used by parents to prepare pupils for the changes they will see when attending. Letter to parents - asking them to share good practice with pupils at home and to encourage the continuation of this behaviour at school. Cleaning Information: After each use of school equipment, staff members are expected to wipe the item clean (eg photocopier, keyboard, telephone, etc). Non classroom members of staff to wipe down their own work area, including chair, telephone, keyboard, at the end of each work shift. These areas will 		

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no rick accomment tor	Public Health England does not (based on current evidence) recommend the use of face coverings in schools. This evidence will be kept under review. They are not required in schools as pupils and staff are mixing in consistent groups, and because misuse may inadvertently increase the risk of transmission. There may also be negative effects on communication and thus education. Face coverings are required at all times on public transport (for children over the age of 11) or when attending a hospital as a visitor or outpatient. Points to consider and implement: • putting in place a cleaning schedule that ensures cleaning is generally enhanced and includes: • more frequent cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups • frequently touched surfaces being cleaned more often than normal • toilets will need to be cleaned regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet - different groups being allocated their own toilet blocks could be considered but is not a requirement if the site does not allow for it See COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance for cleaning information.	the ricks. It is ur	be cleaned by the cleaner but this is an additional cleaning measure. Telephones in corridors/staffroom to be cleaned by last member of staff to use them using wipes provided. SS will be supervising all cleaning in the school. HT and SS will ensure all cleaning in school will be at the highest level. All classroom bubbles will have a hand sanitiser station. All pupils and staff members have access to soap and and water - either in classroom bubble or in the toilet areas. Cleaning equipment - stock take conducted on a daily basis to ensure good stocks of everything needed in school to ensure good hygiene measures. All pupils issued with their own stationery wallet - items and bag to be cleaned by pupils at the end of each day. All classes to be issued with box of PE/sporting equipment for outdoor use - items to be cleaned after use and at the end of the day by class-based staff. All pupils' work will be stored in A3 plastic zip wallet. Pupils will not bring any equipment into school other than coat, packed lunch, water bottle, P.E. kit, ipad. Teacher to reinforce cleaning and hygiene messages during the day. Teachers to supervise hand washing and hand sanitising.	I they should	

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			 All classroom bubbles and work areas - windows to be open during room use. Use of toilets - pupils will be supervised by classroom staff. Classroom staff to ensure no crowding of toilet areas and SD measures are maintained at all times. All pupils to ensure they wear clean recently washed clothes each day. All rooms to ensure windows and doors are open regularly to allow fresh air to circulate. Lidded waste bins in each room and frequently emptied. All waste removed at end of each day. Ventilation and air conditioning units have been checked and maintained. Where a known or suspected Covid 19 case has been reported, a full clean will be completed as per the specific guidelines given by the government. Goods entering the site will be cleaned. 	

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Child/Adult is unwell and it is pelieved that they have been exposed to COVID-19.	Ensure that pupils, staff and other adults do not come into the school if they have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or have tested positive in the last 10 days, and ensuring anyone developing those symptoms during the school day is sent home, are essential actions to reduce the risk in schools and further drive down transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19). All schools must follow this process and ensure all staff are aware of it. If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection', which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). If they have tested positive whilst not experiencing symptoms but develop symptoms during the isolation period, they should restart the 10 day isolation period from the day they develop symptoms. This only applies to those who begin their isolation on or after 30 July. Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms. If a child is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age and needs of the child, with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people. If they need to go to the bathroom while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate bathroom if possible. The bathroom must be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else. PPE must be worn by staff caring for the child while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (yes	 Symptom advice shared on social media. "Do not attend" poster shared with parents. First aid /sick bay established in old library room. Only use of this room during this period. At least one first aider on site at all times when pupils are present. If the named first aider is off due to sickness, HT will allocate staffing to cover this. If it is not possible to have a first aider on site, staff to inform SMT of the incident. SMT is aware to call emergency services if required. No first aid to be administered unless this is by a trained first aider. PPE available for use by all staff and pupils. Video shared to staff about how to use the equipment safely. Staff giving first aid must wear a face covering. Staff wearing face covering are advised to: wash hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before putting face covering on and after removing it. Avoid touching face or face covering as you could contaminate them with germs from hands. Change face covering if it becomes damp or or you have been touching it. 	M

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	on PPE use can be found in the <u>safe working in education</u> , childcare and children's social care settings, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) guidance. As is usual practice, in an emergency, call 999 if someone is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital. Any members of staff who have helped someone with symptoms and any pupils who have been in close contact with them do not need to go home to self-isolate unless they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange a test) or if the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive (see below) or they have been requested to do so by NHS Test and Trace. Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with someone who is unwell. The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned with normal household bleach after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people. See the COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance. Public Health England is clear that routinely taking the temperature of pupils is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19).		 Continue to wash hands regularly. Change and wash face covering daily If the material is washable, was in line with manufacturer's instructions. If it is not washable - dispose of it carefully in the normal waste. Practise SD whenever possible. Any child showing any symptoms will be taken to this room to await their parents collection. Procedure for pupils with symptoms Classroom staff take child to first aid / sick bay area. Sit child near window and open window. Classroom staff phone office who will contact a first aider to come over to sick bay. When first aider arrives, they put on all necessary PPE equipment. Once first aider is prepared, classroom staff can now return to their classroom. First aider to stay with child until collected. Office staff to call parents if any child shows any symptoms. Parents informed that they must be available to collect their child immediately if we call them with this information. If a parent is unable or unwilling to collect their child immediately, office staff will inform member of SLT immediately and this will be dealt with as a safeguarding issue. 		

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			 Once area is clear after use, first aider to inform office staff to inform SS of cleaning requirement. Full area not to be used until cleaning is carried out – 'Cleaning in Progress' sign to be displayed outside. Person with symptoms - Parent MUST organise a test Positive result = 14 days isolation AND all other people in their bubble & other people they have been in contact with to be tested Negative result = proof to be given to school before anyone in the bubble is allowed back to school Rest of people in bubble: Sent home with recommendation of having a test If above person comes back positive - they MUST have test and follow Public Health guidelines - 10 days isolation If above person comes back negative - they can come back to school Normal first aid: For minor injuries e.g. cuts, bruises, these can be dealt with wherever the child is e.g. the yard, classroom. If the injury is more serious then the child can be taken to the sick bay. Child to sit near window, with window open. 		

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			 When first aider arrives, they put on all necessary PPE equipment. Once first aider is prepared, classroom staff can now return to their classroom. JM to ensure all first aid kits are checked on a weekly basis and supplies replenished. First aiders to follow government guidelines. First aiders must wash their hands or use hand sanitiser before and after treating a casualty. First aiders to consider cross contamination that could occur which was covered in their training. All waste will be disposed of by cleaner during the day. First aider to ensure all protocols are followed (paperwork, informing parents, etc) before the end of the school day. All trained first aiders must exercise extreme caution when treating any injury to any party as the social distancing measure of 2 metres may have to be breached to facilitate treatment by close and direct contact First aiders must assess the injured party from a distance of at least 1 metre and where treatment has been identified as required first aiders must wear latex free protective gloves and protective face masks whilst treating any type of injury or casualty and must wash hands 	

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			 immediately after treatment has been completed. If a casualty requires CPR then this should be administered by chest compressions only and not rescue breaths as adequate infection control for first aiders cannot be maintained. First aider to clean areas used during this process before returning to classroom bubble. Administration of medication: Administration of medication will be performed in the usual manner, ensuring SD measures at all times. First aider or SMT will administer medication as required to those pupils who require it. Areas used or touched during first aid will be cleaned by first aider before returning pupil to classroom. Gloves must be worn during this process and hands washed before and after process. All areas used during this process must be cleaned by staff member administering the medication. Cleaning of toilets after use: Following use of any toilet in the school buildings, by a child/adult who is displaying symptoms, cleaner will be asked to clean 	

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			 After pupil use - classroom staff to inform office that toilet has been used - office to contact SS or cleaner who will be given information to clean that specific toilet. After adult use - inform office staff after use and same procedure will apply. Sick bay / first aid area -staff toilet will be used by pupils needing to use it whilst in the sick bay/first aid area. 	
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading to shielded and clinically vulnerable adults	Where schools implement the system of controls outlined in this document, in line with their own workplace risk assessment, PHE and DHSC confirm that these measures create an inherently safer environment for children and staff where the risk of transmission of infection is substantially reduced. As a result, on current evidence, PHE and DHSC advise that schools are not currently considered high risk settings when compared to other workplace environments. Rates of community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19) are now reduced to levels below those seen when shielding was introduced, and shielding measures will be paused from 1 August 2020, with the exception of areas where local lockdown means that shielding will continue. It is therefore appropriate for teachers and other school staff to return to their workplace setting. Accordingly, we expect that staff who need to will attend school. From 1 August, wider government policy on going to work is expected to change, with employers to be given more discretion about where staff work. Most school-based roles are not ideally suited to home working and schools may expect most staff to return to work in settings. Some roles, such as some administrative roles, may be conducive to home working, and school leaders should consider what is feasible and appropriate.	yes	 Simonside Actions: HT will follow all advice given by Government and LA HR. All staff working on school premises, SD must be adhered to wherever possible. PPE and cleaning products available to all. A risk assessment will be carried out for any staff who are pregnant. RA to be shared with all school staff; asking all staff members to read the document and reply to say they have done so. Even if a staff member does not reply to say they have read the document, it will be assumed that they have done so and are willing to follow all guidelines outlined. It is felt that as part of the staff team of Simonside Primary School, it is staff's professional responsibility to read this document. If a staff member does not agree with any part of the RA, they are to email the HT with their concerns. These will be 	L

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	All staff should follow the measures set out in the system of controls section of this guidance to minimise the risks of transmission. This includes continuing to observe good hand and respiratory hygiene and maintaining social distancing in line with the provisions as set out in part 5 of the 'Prevention' section. School leaders should explain to staff the measures the school is putting in place to reduce risks. We anticipate adherence to the measures in this guidance will provide the necessary reassurance for staff to return to schools. If staff are concerned, including those who may be clinically vulnerable, clinically extremely vulnerable or at increased comparative risk from coronavirus, we recommend school leaders discuss any concerns individuals may have around their particular circumstances and reassure staff about the protective measures in place. Staff who are clinically extremely vulnerable Rates of community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19) are now reduced to levels below those seen when shielding was introduced. Shielding measures will therefore be paused from the 1 August 2020, with the exception of areas where local lockdown means that shielding will continue. Therefore, we advise that those who are clinically extremely vulnerable can return to school in September 2020 provided their school has implemented the system of controls outlined in this document, in line with the school's own workplace risk assessment. In all respects, the clinically extremely vulnerable should now follow the same guidance as the clinically vulnerable population, taking particular care to practise frequent, thorough hand washing, and cleaning of frequently touched areas in their home and/or workspace. Staff who are clinically vulnerable Clinically vulnerable staff can return to school in September. While in school they should follow the sector-specific measures in this document to minimise the risks of transmission. This includes taking particular care to observe good hand and respiratory hygiene, minimising c		discussed with SMT and answer given as soon as possible. Staff have been and will continue to be given opportunity to raise any concerns they have around their safety via SMT in school or via their union.		

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	distancing in line with the provisions set out in section 5 of the 'Prevention' section of this guidance. This provides that ideally, adults should maintain 2 metre distance from others, and where this is not possible avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of others. While the risk of transmission between young children and adults is likely to be low, adults should continue to take care to socially distance from other adults including older children/adolescents. People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can attend the workplace. Staff who are pregnant Pregnant women are in the 'clinically vulnerable' category, and are generally advised to follow the above advice, which applies to all staff in schools. Employers should conduct a risk assessment for pregnant women in line with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (MHSW) https://www.southtyneside.gov.uk/article/36422/Health-and-Safety-Manual-2019 - see Section 3.10 and Appendix F. The Royal College of Obstetrics and Gynaecology (RCOG) has published occupational health advice for employers and pregnant women. This document includes advice for women from 28 weeks gestation or with underlying health conditions who may be at greater risk. We advise employers and pregnant women to follow this advice and to continue to monitor for future updates to it. Staff who may otherwise be at increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19) Some people with particular characteristics may be at comparatively increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19), as set out in the COVID-19: review of disparities in risks and outcomes report, which looked at different factors including age and sex, where people live, deprivation, ethnicity, people's occupation and care home residence. These staff can return to school in September as long as the system of controls set out in this guidance are in place. The reasons for the disparities					

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Risk of	are complex and there is ongoing research to understand and translate these findings for individuals in the future. People who live with those who have comparatively increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19) can attend the workplace. Pupils who are shielding or self-isolating		Simonside Action:	
coronavirus infection spreading to shielded and clinically vulnerable persons via pupil or staff attending school	We now know much more about coronavirus (COVID-19) and so in future there will be far fewer children and young people advised to shield whenever community transmission rates are high. Therefore, the majority of pupils will be able to return to school. You should note however that: • a small number of pupils will still be unable to attend in line with public health advice because they are self-isolating and have had symptoms or a positive test result themselves; or because they are a close contact of someone who has coronavirus (COVID-19) • shielding advice for all adults and children will pause on 1 August, subject to a continued decline in the rates of community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19). This means that even the small number of pupils who will remain on the shielded patient list can also return to school, as can those who have family members who are shielding. Read the current advice on shielding • if rates of the disease rise in local areas, children (or family members) from that area, and that area only, will be advised to shield during the period where rates remain high and therefore they may be temporarily absent (see below). • some pupils no longer required to shield but who generally remain under the care of a specialist health professional may need to discuss their care with their health professional before returning to school (usually at their next planned clinical appointment). You can find more advice from the Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health at COVID-19 'shielding' guidance for children and young people.		All parents informed of requirements within school and informed if their child cannot or will not follow procedures put in place, we will discuss this with parents and actions taken. Pupils not offered a place will be encouraged to continue learning with school's daily homework tasks. Inclusion and Attendance Officers will continue to call these pupils weekly to check in on them and ensure all is well. All safeguarding concerns will continue to be reported to the school's DSL for action.	L

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	Where a pupil is unable to attend school because they are complying with clinical and/or public health advice, we expect schools to be able to immediately offer them access to remote education. Where children are not able to attend school as parents are following clinical and/or public health advice, absence will not be penalised. All other pupils must attend school. If parents of pupils with significant risk factors are concerned, we recommend schools discuss their concerns and provide reassurance of the measures they are putting in place to reduce the risk in school.					

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Risk of coronavirus infection spreading due to large class sizes and reduced space	The school will minimise contacts and mixing between people while delivering a broad and balanced curriculum. The overarching principle to apply is reducing the number of contacts between children and staff. This can be achieved through keeping groups separate (in 'bubbles') and through maintaining distance between individuals. These are not alternative options and both measures will help, but the balance between them will change depending on: • children's ability to distance • the lay out of the school • the feasibility of keeping distinct groups separate while offering a broad curriculum (especially at secondary) It is likely that for younger children the emphasis will be on separating groups, and for older children it will be on distancing. For children old enough, they should also be supported to maintain distance and not touch staff where possible. Points to consider and implement: How to group children Consistent groups reduce the risk of transmission by limiting the number of pupils and staff in contact with each other to only those within the group. They have been used in schools in the summer term in recognition that children, and especially the youngest children, cannot socially distance from staff or from each other and this provides an additional protective measure. Maintaining distinct groups or 'bubbles' that do not mix makes it quicker and easier in the event of a positive case to identify those who may need to self-isolate and keep that number as small as possible. However, the use of small groups restricts the normal operation of schools and presents both educational and logistical challenges,	yes	 Early Years will be treated as one bubble. The same staff will work within Early Years. All soft furnishings, and anything that is difficult to clean will be removed. All unnecessary furniture will be removed. There will be no access to shared sand, bark and soil. Windows and doors to outdoor environment will be open as much as possible. There will be a daily routine of handwashing which is supervised. Snack and meal times will be organised so that the Early Years bubble does not mix with other bubbles in school. Early years will follow a remove, reduce, rotate or quarantine system. Quarantined items will be labelled and stored in a designated area until the quarantine period has ended. Resources which are used every day will be cleaned at the end of each day. Staff will wear PPE for any intimate care and disinfect any contaminated areas/ materials. Daily disposal of cardboard. Daily cleaning of gravel and stones. Not all areas of continuous provision will be open every day. 	M	

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	including the cleaning and use of shared spaces, such as playgrounds, boarding houses, dining halls, and toilets, and the provision of specialist teaching. This is the case in both primary and secondary schools, but is particularly difficult in secondary schools.		The amount of sitting time will be limited and children will be encouraged to maintain a safe distance.		
	In this guidance for the autumn term, maintaining consistent groups remains important, but given the decrease in the prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-19) and the resumption of the full range of curriculum subjects, schools may need to change the emphasis on bubbles within their system of controls and increase the size of these groups.		 All rooms in use will have posters and health information on display - specifically targeted at pupils. Furniture will be organised so that children sit side by side rather than opposite each other. 		
	In secondary schools, and key stage 4 and key stage 5, the groups are likely to need to be the size of a year group to enable schools to deliver the full range of curriculum subjects and students to receive specialist teaching. If this can be achieved with small groups, they are recommended. At primary school, and in the younger years at secondary (key stage 3), schools may be able to implement smaller groups the size of a full class. If that can be achieved, it is		 The teacher will maintain at least a 2m distance from children wherever possible. Staff will teach alongside children rather than face to face, wherever possible. Each day the teacher will remind children of rules regarding SD. 		
	recommended, as this will help to reduce the number of people who could be asked to isolate should someone in a group become ill with coronavirus (COVID-19).		Each day all staff will be vigilant in recognising possible signs of infection in children e.g. continuous cough, high temperature,		
	Schools should assess their circumstances and if class-sized groups are not compatible with offering a full range of subjects or managing the practical logistics within and around school, they can look to implement year group sized 'bubbles'. Whatever the size of the group, they should be kept apart from other groups where possible and older		Actions performed by school to ensure contact between people is kept to a minimum:		
	children should be encouraged to keep their distance within groups. Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction, sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible. When using larger groups the other measures from the system of controls become even more important, to minimise transmission risks and to minimise the numbers of pupils and staff		Detail: 1. Reception area / sign in & out area		

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	who may need to self-isolate. We recognise that younger children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is acceptable for them not to distance within their group. Both the approaches of separating groups and maintaining distance are not 'all-or-nothing' options, and will still bring benefits even if implemented partially. Some schools may keep children in their class groups for the majority of the classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport, or for boarding pupils in one group residentially and another during the school day. Siblings may also be in different groups. Endeavouring to keep these groups at least partially separate and minimising contacts between children will still offer public health benefits as it reduces the network of possible direct transmission. All teachers and other staff can operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable. This will be particularly important for secondary schools. Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should try and keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults. Again, we recognise this is not likely to be possible with younger children and teachers in primary schools can still work across groups if that is needed to enable a full educational offer. Measures within the classroom WHEN PLACED UNDER TIER 5 NATIONAL LOCKDOWN THE FOLLOWING MEASURES WILL BE IN PLACE Wherever possible in school, social distancing between pupils and staff should be adhered to. During local and national lock-downs, the children who are regarded as vulnerable and those whose parents are critical workers, will be allowed to attend school. Children should be at least 1m (preferably 2m wherever possible) apart in Junior classrooms where social distancing is able to be maintained due		 The door bell must be answered using the telephone system so that nobody enters the building unless it is necessary. Parents dropping off/collecting children or items will do so in the entrance to reception so that they do not enter the main school building. The electronic sign in system will not be used during this period. A sign will be placed on screen stating Do Not Use. Pens and other equipment must not be shared within reception areas - one member of staff will sign in staff and visitors. All staff must report to reception area on arrival and at the end of their shift to enable reception staff to sign them in and out. Essential visitors - reception staff to sign them in and out on paper record. Contact details should be collected for track and trace. Visitors to school are discouraged but it is acknowledged that some visitors are necessary. Visitors are deemed to be any adult who is not on the school payroll (including Governors). Visitors to the school site are asked to wear a mask until they reach the room where they will be working/meeting. All staff to ensure if they are expecting a visitor that this has been authorised by the HT/DHT and they must add to the ipad 	

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	to the age of the children. This will reduce the risk of transmission of infection. The maximum number in a classroom must therefore be 12. In reception and infant classrooms there will be a limit of 12 children at any one time in a classroom. If staffing numbers permit, larger bubbles may be split across more than one room to ensure adherence to social distancing guidelines where possible and reduce the transmission of infection within classrooms. Maintaining a distance between people whilst inside and reducing the amount of time they are in face to face to contact lowers the risk of transmission. It is strong public health advice that staff in secondary schools maintain distance from their pupils, staying at the front of the class, and away from their colleagues where possible. Ideally, adults should maintain 2 metre distance from each other, and from children. We know that this is not always possible, particularly when working with younger children, but if adults can do this when circumstances allow that will help. In particular, they should avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone. Similarly, it will not be possible when working with many pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care. These pupils' educational and care support should be provided as normal. For children old enough, they should also be supported to maintain distance and not touch staff and their peers where possible. This will not be possible for the youngest children and some children with complex needs and it is not feasible in some schools where space does not allow. Schools doing this where they can, and even doing this some of the time, will help.		calendar. Visitors will not be admitted into building unless they are on the calendar. All staff members and visitors to use hand sanitiser upon leaving the reception area. SD lines to show boundaries in reception area. 2. Pupil Entrance/Exit Children in each bubble will arrive and leave by their own allocated door. Identified classrooms will be class bubbles. Lunches will be staggered and some will be eaten in classrooms and some in the two school halls. Tables in the two halls will be at each end of the hall so that no bubbles can mix. Tables and seats will be thoroughly cleaned before the next bubble enters the hall. After lunch the children will be taken to their allocated play area and supervised by the LSA. There will be a selection of outdoor toys which will be allocated to each group. After use the toys will be cleaned before being put back into the bag. 4. On arrival at school Parents dropping off:	

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	When staff or children cannot maintain distancing, particularly with younger children in primary schools, the risk can also be reduced by keeping pupils in the smaller, class-sized groups described above. Schools should make small adaptations to the classroom to support distancing where possible. That should include seating pupils side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on, and might include moving unnecessary furniture out of classrooms to make more space. Measures elsewhere Groups should be kept apart, meaning that schools should avoid large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship with more than one group. When timetabling, groups should be kept apart and movement around the school site kept to a minimum. While passing briefly in the corridor or playground is low risk, schools should avoid creating busy corridors, entrances and exits. Schools should also consider staggered break times and lunch times (and time for cleaning surfaces in the dining hall between groups).		 Parents and pupils will follow the signs and markings. Parents and pupils will wait at the markings – at least 2m apart. Parents/carers are asked to wear a mask when they are on school grounds. Staff members will be positioned at the entrance gates and exit gates. Parents to bring pupils to school no earlier than 5 minutes before their allocated time. Pupils arriving late must be taken to the main office. Siblings who have a later start time may wait in the hall, sitting on chairs at a 2m distance from each other, until it is their time to go to class. 	
	Schools should also plan how shared staff spaces are set up and used to help staff to distance from each other. Use of staff rooms should be minimised, although staff must still have a break of a reasonable length during the day. Measures for arriving at and leaving school Travel to school patterns differ greatly between schools. If those patterns allow, schools should consider staggered starts or adjusting start and finish times to keep groups apart as they arrive and leave school. Staggered start and finish times should not reduce the amount of overall teaching time. A staggered start may, for example, include condensing / staggering free periods or break time but retaining the same amount of teaching time, or keeping the length of the day the same but starting and finishing later to avoid rush hour. Schools		 End of day: Parents to collect pupils from their allocated entrance and adhere to SD markings on the yard. Pupils and parents to leave via the exit signs displayed. All parents/pupils must adhere to the one way system in place within the school grounds. Parents who refuse to do this will be spoken to by HT. 	

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	should consider how to communicate this to parents and remind them about the process that has been agreed for drop off and collection, including that gathering at the school gates and otherwise coming onto the site without an appointment is not allowed. Please ensure that you contact your Road Safety Advisor regarding any changes to start and finishing times to ensure that appropriate safety measures are updated, e.g. School Crossing Patrols, safer parking, etc. The Department for Education will be supporting schools across the summer on how best to communicate with parents and pupils (and staff) on what to expect on their return and the procedures and expectations in relation to the control measures schools have put in place. Schools should also have a process for removing face coverings when pupils and staff who use them arrive at school and communicate it clearly to them. Pupils must be instructed not to touch the front of their face covering during use or when removing them. They must wash their hands immediately on arrival (as is the case for all pupils), dispose of temporary face coverings in a covered bin or place reusable face coverings in a plastic bag they can take home with them, and then wash their hands again before heading to their classroom. Guidance on safe working in education, childcare and children's social care provides more advice. Other considerations Some pupils with SEND (whether with education, health and care plans or on SEN support) will need specific help and preparation for the changes to routine that this will involve, so teachers and special educational needs coordinators should plan to meet these needs, for example using social stories.		 5. Yard & outdoor space Yard and all outdoor spaces are allocated to each 'bubble' so there will be no opportunity for bubbles to mix. 6. Moving from yard to classroom bubble Teacher collects pupils from yard and takes them into their classroom - one class at a time for SD. SD lines marked on yard and in corridors. 7. Classroom bubbles Each class is regarded as a bubble. Sanitiser station located at entry of each classroom - all pupils and staff must use this (with consent) on their own entry to classroom. All rooms to be cleared of unnecessary equipment and desks in order to operate as a functioning classroom bubble which adheres to SD and other H&S requirements. Children to visit the toilets in small, supervised groups to avoid congestion in corridors. 		

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	Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff can move between schools. They should ensure they minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff. Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND should provide interventions as usual. Schools should consider how to manage other visitors to the site, such as contractors, and ensure that the risks associated with managing contractors, visitors, catering staff and deliveries, as well as cleaning staff on site who may be working throughout the school and across different groups, are addressed. This will require close cooperation between both schools and the other relevant employers. Schools should have discussions with key contractors about the school's control measures and ways of working as part of planning for the autumn term. Schools should ensure site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors on or before arrival. Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they should. A record should be kept of all visitors. Visitors to the school should be restricted to only absolute necessary visits. School can request parents to wear face covering when entering site during drop off and pick up times, but this is not mandatory. In primary schools, we recommend that face coverings should be worn by staff and adult visitors in situations where social distancing between adults is not possible (for example, when moving around in corridors and communal areas). Children in primary school do not need to wear a face covering. We are taking this additional precautionary measure for a limited time during this period of high coronavirus (COVID-19) prevalence in the community. These measures will be in place until Easter. As with all measures, we will keep it under review and update guidance at that point.		 Pupils will be given a see through zip bag with their name on holding their own stationery. No stationery will be shared. All items and bag to be cleaned by pupil at end of each day. Tables to be wiped mid-morning and after lunch. All classes will be given a box of outdoor and sporting equipment for their use. All equipment and box will be cleaned by pupils at the end of each day. All pupils' work to be stored in A3 zipped plastic wallet. IPADS will be cleaned after use using special wipes provided. IPADS which are taken home by children using 1:1 scheme will be cleaned as soon as they come into school and before they go home. Any text books will not be shared and will be kept by individual children. When they are finished with, they should be stored for 72 hours before using again. Any reading books should be stored for 72 hours before going back into circulation. Where possible pages from books will be copied onto IPADS, the IWB or photocopied to avoid using text books wherever possible. 		

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	Where a child routinely attends more than one setting on a part time basis, for example because they are dual registered at a mainstream school and an alternative provision setting or special school, schools should work through the system of controls collaboratively, enabling them to address any risks identified and allowing them to jointly deliver a broad and balanced curriculum for the child. Equipment and resources are integral to education in schools. During the summer term, their use was minimised, many were moved out of classrooms, and there was significant extra cleaning. That position has now changed for the autumn term, because prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-19) has decreased and because they are so important for the delivery of education. For individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own items that are not shared. Classroom based resources, such as books and games, can be used and shared within the bubble; these should be cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces. Resources that are shared between classes or bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles. Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned. Pupils must sanitise their hands before and after playing on outdoor equipment. To help mitigate the spread on wood play equipment pupils must sanitise their hands before and after playing on outdoor equipment. Further details on cleaning the equipment will be provided by STC Public Health.		9. Cleaning Cleaning of toilets after use: • Toilets will be cleaned after playtime and at the end of luss. They will have their use clean at the end of the day. • Sick bay / first aid area -staff used by pupils needing to use the sick bay/first aid area. Please note information throughed document regarding cleaning of some staff location. 10. Non classroom staff location. • HT – own office DHT – own office • VG – reception office • RG/CW – Inclusion/Attendate • RS – Entrance to old library • All non class room staff mere expected to clean their area including telephone, keyboad These areas will be cleaned but this is an additional clean. • All deliveries to school - item front entrance and SS to discontinuous.	lunchtime by sual thorough aff toilet will be use it whilst in mout this a specific areas. ions ance office y room embers will be as after use - and and chair. In a do y the cleaner aning action.		

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	KOMPAN Play equipment have stated that "The best way to clean Kompan products and disinfect for Coronavirus is to use soap and water, so use normal household cleaning products. Diluted bleach can be used, undiluted bleach must not be used." Ensure bleach is diluted to the correct level and always follow the guidance on the container and MSDS. If you are to use diluted bleach: Read and follow the instructions Read and follow the instructions Keep out of the reach of children Weep only on appropriate surfaces Never mix hypochlorite bleach with other cleaning products It is still recommended that pupils limit the amount of equipment they bring into school each day, to essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery and mobile phones. Bags are allowed. Pupils and teachers can take books and other shared resources home, although unnecessary sharing should be avoided, especially where this does not contribute to pupil education and development. Similar rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the resources and rotation should apply to these resources.		 Staff and pupils should not be working away from their designated area unless their specific role allows for this. Simonside Action: OPAL equipment out of bounds. Timetable for use outdoor space. No shared areas apart from toilets - and these will be used under classroom staff supervision. Classroom bubble has their own box of sporting / outdoor equipment to use. All equipment and box cleaned at end of each day by pupils/staff. Simonside Actions: See above re individual and classroom resources. Office staff to sign people in and out - no use of shared materials in reception. All classroom bubbles have been developed to only have essential equipment in. All items not used removed or taped 'out of bounds'. Simonside Action: PPE available for all staff and pupils wishing to use it. PPE must be used by first aiders 		
	Schools have the flexibility to decide how physical education, sport and physical activity will be provided whilst following the measures in their system of controls.		Staff email – 23.04.20 - information video attached showing how to use PPE, staff		

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	Music, dance and drama can be undertaken in school so long as safety precautions are undertaken.		 PE/dance/drama — to be done outdoors where possible or indoors in a well ventilated larger space. Observe social distancing where possible. Limit numbers in a group. No physical correction to be made by teachers and no contact between pupils in dance/drama activities. Music — Accompanying music should not be at a level that encourages teachers/performers to raise voices. Singing/playing musical instruments should take place outdoors wherever possible or indoors in a well ventilated room, observing social distancing where possible. Performing — should not be hosted with an audience. Consider alternatives such as recording performances with parental permission. Sports, art and science and instruments equipment should be cleaned frequently between groups/bubbles, or rotated and left unused for 48 hours. 	

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Spread of virus during Science, D&T and Food Tech lessons	Schools to follow CLEAPSS (Consortium of Local Education Authorities for the Provision of Science Services) COVID-19 (Coronavirus) in Schools - Returning in September Guidance (20/08/2020) CLEAPSS updated their guidance for schools returning in September. The key guide to read is GL343, this guide should be read alongside all of our COVID-19 guidance (see below for list). Primary schools should refer to the primary website for their guidance. DT Staff should refer to our DT website for their guidance. Science Staff should refer to the Science website for their guidance. CLEAPSS during COVID-19 The CLEAPSS office is open Tuesday to Thursday, and helplines are dealt with Monday to Friday 8.30am to 5.30pm. We will continue to answer ALL helplines and continue to develop both emergency guidance for COVID-19 and longer-term developmental guides across all the areas we cover. If you have an EMERGENCY i.e. pupil with chemical in their eye, a chemical spill, or radioactive issue. Then please call 07565 114 059 (available 8.30am-5.30pm weekdays) If you have a COVID-19, technical or subject based question. Then please email it to science@cleapss.org.uk. Please do NOT call the above mobile numbers with routine questions.				L	

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Poor Psychological / Staff / Pupil Wellbeing – due to personal, workload, returning to school issues, etc.	 Approach to support wellbeing, mental health and resilience in place, including bereavement support How staff are supported to follow this within their own situations and that of pupils and colleagues is clear. covid-19-guidance-for-the-public-on-mental-health-and-wellbeing 	yes	 Staff given regular updates and emails Counselling service available from L.A. SMT - to offer drop-ins and appointments to any member of staff wishing to seek advice, guidance or to talk through their thoughts. 	L
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading due to use of transport	 Adjust transport arrangements where necessary including: encourage parents and children and young people to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible make sure schools, parents and young people follow the Coronavirus (COVID-19): safer travel guidance for passengers when planning their travel ensure that transport arrangements cater for any changes to start and finish times communicating revised travel plans clearly to contractors, local authorities and parents where appropriate (for instance, to agree pick-up and drop-off times) Social distancing has significantly reduced available transport capacity. This guidance sets out a new framework for supporting transport to and from schools from the autumn term. 	yes	 Simonside Action: Transport conducted by LA transport contractor for only 1 child. Contractor will be fully briefed on school requirements. SD measures in all cases to be followed. Sanitiser (with consent) to be given to pupils before entering transport. Escort to open doors for pupils. LA transport contractor to follow STC RA for transport. 	L

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	 We are making a distinction between dedicated school transport and wider public transport: by dedicated school transport, we mean services that are used only to carry pupils to school. This includes statutory home to school transport, but may also include some existing or new commercial travel routes, where they carry school pupils only by public transport services, we mean routes which are also used by the general public Dedicated school transport, including statutory provision Pupils on dedicated school services do not mix with the general public on those journeys and tend to be consistent. This means that the advice for passengers on public transport to adopt a social distance of two metres from people outside their household or support bubble, or a 'one metre plus' approach where this is not possible, will not apply from the autumn term on dedicated transport. The approach to dedicated transport should align as far as possible with the principles underpinning the system of controls set out in this document and with the approach being adopted for your school. It is important to consider: how pupils are grouped together on transport, where possible this should reflect the bubbles that are adopted within school use of hand sanitiser upon boarding and/or disembarking additional cleaning of vehicles organised queuing and boarding where possible distancing within vehicles wherever possible the use of face coverings for children over the age of 11, where appropriate, for example, if they are likely to come into very close contact with people outside of their group or who they do not normally meet Dedicated school services can take different forms. Some journeys 					
	involve coaches regularly picking up the same pupils each day, others					

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	involve use of a minibus whilst other services are used by different pupils on different days, or by pupils with SEND. The precise approach taken will need to reflect the range of measures that are reasonable in the different circumstances. It will also require a partnership approach between local authorities, schools, trusts, dioceses and others. In particular, it is imperative that schools work closely with local authorities that have statutory responsibility for 'home to school transport' for many children, as well as a vital role in working with local transport providers to ensure sufficient bus service provision. Given the pressures on public transport services it may also be necessary to work with local authorities so that they can identify where it might be necessary to provide additional dedicated school transport services, including in places where these services do not currently operate. See DfE guidance Transport-to-school-and-other-places-of-education-autumn-term-2020 Wider public transport STC are currently working with transport providers and schools to plan safe, consistent transport should refer to the safer travel guidance for passengers and Transport-to-school-and-other-places-of-education-autumn-term-2020 Awalting Local information Regarding Transport PLAN					
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading to children and staff at schools	To help ensure that the risk of virus spread for both staff and children is as low as possible you should: Ensure no visitors will be allowed entry into the building unless directed by the Head teacher or Senior Leader and agreed appointment.	yes	Visitors will be discourage accepted that some mee essential. These meeting an absolute minimum.	tings are	L	

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	 tell children, parents, carers or any visitors, such as suppliers, not to visit the education or childcare setting if they are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19) consider how children arrive at the education or childcare setting and reduce any unnecessary travel on coaches, buses or public transport ensure class sizes reflect the numbers of teaching staff available and are kept as small as possible stagger lunch times, break times and the movement of pupils around the school to reduce large groups of children gathering discourage parents from gathering at school gates try to follow the social-distancing guidelines Social distancing within education and childcare settings with very young children will be harder to maintain. Staff should implement the above measures as far as they are able, whilst ensuring children are kept safe and well cared for within their settings. 		 Visitors must sanitise the leaving reception area. Interactions between sta contractors and visitors the absolute minimum and wis remotely where possible. Signage on the gate to a symptoms not to enter the Meetings will be schedul calendar and appointment in system by HT or DHT their approval to the meeting approval to the meeting. No visitor will be allowed unless they have an approval calendar. Visitors are asked to weat school site and it may be they reach their meeting. Visitors will be asked if the any symptoms of Covidentering the main building. Parents will not be allowed building. All necessary replace via a telephone or parents dropping off and to arrive no earlier than a their allocated time. Deliveries to be taken directions. 	off, pupils, to be kept to work completed	
Lack of first aid provision due to staff shortages	Risk assess the current provision – the staff and pupils medical conditions need to be taken into consideration, e.g. diabetes, allergies and the use of epi-pens, how far you are away from an A&E, etc.	yes	Simonside Action: • See above re first aid / s • See above re first aid.	ick bay.	L

ACTIVITY:	Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Ad	DATE OF ASSESS	SMENT	
HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place * if not	IF ' ' ' ' ' ' STATE THE ACTION TO BE TAKEN WITH TIMESCALES OR INDICATE ANY ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low
	Where applicable you will need to ensure least one person who has a full paediatric first aid (PFA) certificate to be on the premises. You may be able to link up with other schools near to you to share first aid provision. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/early-years-foundation-stage-coronavirus-disapplications		See above re staff sickness and in the case of no first aider being on site.	
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading to children and staff due to lack of PPE	The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work, even if they are not always able to maintain a distance of 2 metres from others. PPE is only needed in a very small number of cases including: • children, young people and students whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs should continue to receive their care in the same way • if a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then disposable gloves, a disposable apron and a fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. • If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting and staff cannot maintain a 2m distance and there is a risk of them being splashed with spit/saliva then there may be a case for PPE given we are now in sustained community transmission. A surgical mask should be worn and a risk assessment made over eye protection (it's possible that this would be needed if pupil spitting). If any direct contact/care provided then disposable aprons and gloves should also be used a face visor may be the better option.	yes	Simonside Action: PPE is available for all to use if requested. Instructional video emailed to staff. All staff aware of RA and its content. All staff to follow all advice within this document - control measures & actions.	L

ACTIVITY:	ITY: Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Advice			SMENT
HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place	IF ' 'STATE THE ACTION TO BE TAKEN WITH TIMESCALES OR INDICATE ANY ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low
	 Education, childcare and children's social care settings and providers should use their local supply chains to obtain PPE. Where this is not possible, and there is unmet urgent need for PPE in order to operate safely, they may approach their nearest local resilience forum or contact Philip Dixon PPE.Supplies@southtyneside.gov.uk for any PPE – explain your reasoning from your RA. Read the guidance on safe working in education, childcare and children's social care for more information about preventing and controlling infection, including when, how PPE should be used, what type of PPE to use, and how to source it. 			
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading to children and staff due to poor communication	 tell children, young people, parents, carers or any visitors, such as suppliers, not to enter the education or childcare setting if they are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus (following the COVID-19: guidance for households with possible coronavirus infection) tell parents that if their child needs to be accompanied to the education or childcare setting, only one parent should attend tell parents and young people their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use) make clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors, or enter the site (unless they have a prearranged appointment, which should be conducted safely) also think about engaging parents and children in education resources such as e-bug and PHE schools resources explain - changes to timetable, social distancing arrangements, staggered start times, expectations when in school and at home to pupils and staff ensure parents and young people are aware of recommendations on transport to and from education or 	yes	 Simonside Actions: Signage on gate - do not enter if you have any of these symptoms Letter and handbook to parents explaining measures and drop off procedures Messages on social media explaining procedures and measures to parents and pupils - advice to be included re not attending if anyone has any symptoms. 	L

ACTIVITY: Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Advice				DATE OF ASSESSMENT		
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	 childcare setting (including avoiding peak times). Read the Coronavirus (COVID-19): safer travel guidance for passengers talk to staff about the plans (for example, safety measures, timetable changes and staggered arrival and departure times), including discussing whether training would be helpful communicate early with contractors and suppliers that will need to prepare to support your plans for opening for example, cleaning, catering, food supplies, hygiene suppliers discuss with cleaning contractors or staff the additional cleaning requirements and agree additional hours to allow for this. 					
What happens if there is a confirmed case of coronavirus in a setting?	When a child, young person or staff member develops symptoms compatible with coronavirus, they should be sent home and advised to self-isolate for 7 days. Their fellow household members should self-isolate for 14 days. All staff and students who are attending an education or childcare setting will have access to a test if they display symptoms of coronavirus, and are encouraged to get tested in this scenario. Where the child, young person or staff member tests negative, they can return to their setting and the fellow household members can end their self-isolation. Where the child, young person or staff member tests positive, the rest of their class or group within their childcare or education setting should be sent home and advised to self-isolate for 14 days. The other household members of that wider class or group do not need to self-isolate unless the child, young person or staff member they live with in that group subsequently develops symptoms.					

ACTIVITY: (Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Ad	dvice		DATE OF ASSESS	MENT	
HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place * if not	IF '□' STATE THE ACTIO WITH TIMESCALES OR ADDITIONAL CONTRO	INDICATE ANY	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low	
	As part of the national <u>test and trace programme</u> , if other cases are detected within the cohort or in the wider setting, Public Health England's local health protection teams will conduct a rapid investigation and will advise schools and other settings on the most appropriate action to take. In some cases a larger number of other children, young people may be asked to self-isolate at home as a precautionary measure – perhaps the whole class, site or year group. Where settings are observing guidance on infection prevention and control, which will reduce risk of transmission, closure of the whole setting will not generally be necessary.					
Are there any other foreseeable hazards associated with this activity? YES / NO	 List any additional control measures Staff sickness procedure: If any staff member is feeling unwell - they must inform DHT and Head's PA (even if they are not on rota to attend school building). If the illness relates to Covid 19, if they have been in school building during past 14 days, all people they have been in contact with must be informed and advised to get tested. These people will not be allowed into school unless they have produced a negative test result or have isolated for 14 days. Staff member must arrange a test and will only be allowed back to work on production of negative result or after 14 days isolation. If sickness is not Covid related, staff member to stay off work until they are well. All staff illnesses will be added to sickness log in usual manner. Grounds: SS to ensure grounds are kept in a safe and secure manner. 					

ACTIVITY:	ACTIVITY: Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Advice			DATE OF ASSESSMENT	
HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place * if not	IF '□' STATE THE ACTIO WITH TIMESCALES OR ADDITIONAL CONTRO	INDICATE ANY	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low
Failure to use test and trace leading coronavirus infection spreading to children and staff	Schools must ensure they understand the NHS Test and Trace process and how to contact their local Public Health England health protection team. Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to: • book a test if they are displaying symptoms. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents/carers if using a home testing kit • provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test and Trace • self-isolate if they have been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) an and should get a test. Tests can be booked online through the NHS testing and tracing for coronavirus website, or ordered by telephone via NHS 119 for those without access to the internet. Essential workers, which includes anyone involved in education or childcare, have priority access to testing. The government will ensure that it is as easy as possible to get a test through a wide range of routes that are locally accessible, fast and convenient. We will release more details on new testing avenues as and when they become available and will work with schools so they understand what the quickest and easiest way is to get a test. By the autumn term, all schools will be provided with a small number of home testing kits that they can give directly to parents/carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school, or staff who have developed symptoms at school, where they think providing one will significantly increase the likelihood of them getting tested. Advice will be provided alongside these kits.	the ricks. It is ur	likely that they will be appreciate for		M M

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arrangements)	 Schools should ask parents and staff to inform them immediately of the results of a test: if someone tests negative, if they feel well and no longer have symptoms similar to coronavirus (COVID-19), they can stop self-isolating. They could still have another virus, such as a cold or flu – in which case it is still best to avoid contact with other people until they are better. Other members of their household can stop self-isolating. if someone tests positive, they should follow the 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection' and must continue to self-isolate for at least at 10 days from when your symptoms started, or when your test was taken and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day 				
	when they first became ill or when your test was taken. If they still have a high temperature, they should keep self- isolating until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should continue self-isolating for the full 14 days. "If schools have two or more confirmed cases within 10 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak and should call the dedicated advice service, who will escalate the issue to the PHE local health protection team where necessary and advise if additional action is required. Local PH contacts: • The Covid inbox should be used in the first instance to direct any queries, as well as any information regarding any				

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HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place × if not	IF '□' STATE THE ACTION WITH TIMESCALES OR ADDITIONAL CONTRO	INDICATE ANY	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low	
Failure to manage confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community	suspected or confirmed cases to COVID@southtyneside.gov.uk This inbox is monitored 7 days a week by the public health team. Public Health England (North East and Yorkshire Region) 0300 303 8596 Claire Mawson, Senior Public Health Advanced Practitioner claire.mawson@southtyneside.gov.uk 07776 992033 (part- time Monday-Wednesday am) Sam Start, Senior Public Health Advanced Practitioner samantha.start@southtyneside.gov.uk 07776997869 (Wednesday pm-Friday) Schools must take swift action when they become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19). Schools should contact the local health protection team. This team will also contact schools directly if they become aware that someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) attended the school – as identified by NHS Test and Trace. The health protection team will carry out a rapid risk assessment to confirm who has been in close contact with the person during the period that they were infectious, and ensure they are asked to self- isolate. The health protection team will work with schools in this situation to guide them through the actions they need to take. Based on the advice from the health protection team, schools must send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 14 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious. Close contact means: direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected				L	
	individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including					

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	being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) • proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual • travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person The health protection team will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. To support them in doing so, we recommend schools keep a record of pupils and staff in each group, and any close contact that takes places between children and staff in different groups (see section 5 of system of control for more on grouping pupils). This should be a proportionate recording process. Schools do not need to ask pupils to record everyone they have spent time with each day or ask staff to keep definitive records in a way that is overly burdensome. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed. Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others. Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms. If someone in a class or group that has been asked to self-isolate develops symptoms themselves within their 14-day isolation period they should follow 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection'. They should get a test, and: • if the test delivers a negative result, they must remain in isolation for the remainder of the 14-day isolation period. This is because they could still develop the coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days.					

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	 if the test result is positive, they should inform their setting immediately, and must isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms (which could mean the self-isolation ends before or after the original 14-day isolation period). Their household should self-isolate for at least 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms, following 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection' Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation. Further guidance is available on testing and tracing for coronavirus (COVID-19). Local PH contacts: The Covid inbox should be used in the first instance to direct any queries, as well as any information regarding any suspected or confirmed cases to COVID@southtyneside.gov.uk This inbox is monitored 7 days a week by the public health team. Public Health England (North East and Yorkshire Region) 0300 303 8596 Claire Mawson, Senior Public Health Advanced Practitioner claire.mawson@southtyneside.gov.uk 07776 992033 (parttime Monday-Wednesday am) Sam Start, Senior Public Health Advanced Practitioner samantha.start@southtyneside.gov.uk 07776997869 (Wednesday pm-Friday) 				

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HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place × if not	IF '□' STATE THE ACTION WITH TIMESCALES OR ADDITIONAL CONTRO	INDICATE ANY	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low	
Failure to contain any outbreak by following local health protection team advice	If schools have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak, and must continue to work with their local health protection team who will be able to advise if additional action is required. In some cases, health protection teams may recommend that a larger number of other pupils self-isolate at home as a precautionary measure – perhaps the whole site or year group. If schools are implementing controls from this list, addressing the risks they have identified and therefore reducing transmission risks, whole school closure based on cases within the school will not generally be necessary, and should not be considered except on the advice of health protection teams. In consultation with the local Director of Public Health, where an outbreak in a school is confirmed, a mobile testing unit may be dispatched to test others who may have been in contact with the person who has tested positive. Testing will first focus on the person's class, followed by their year group, then the whole school if necessary, in line with routine public health outbreak control practice.					
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading due to use of transport	Adjust transport arrangements where necessary including: encourage parents and children and young people to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible make sure schools, parents and young people follow the Coronavirus (COVID-19): safer travel guidance for passengers when planning their travel ensure that transport arrangements cater for any changes to start and finish times					

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	 communicating revised travel plans clearly to contractors, local authorities and parents where appropriate (for instance, to agree pick-up and drop-off times) Dedicated school transport, including statutory provision Pupils on dedicated school services do not mix with the general public on those journeys and tend to be consistent. This means that the advice for passengers on public transport to adopt a social distance of two metres from people outside their household or support bubble, or a 'one metre plus' approach where this is not possible, will not apply from the autumn term on dedicated transport. The approach to dedicated transport should align as far as possible with the principles underpinning the system of controls set out in this document and with the approach being adopted for your school. It is important to consider: how pupils are grouped together on transport, where possible this should reflect the bubbles that are adopted within school use of hand sanitiser upon boarding and/or disembarking additional cleaning of vehicles organised queuing and boarding where possible distancing within vehicles wherever possible the use of face coverings for children over the age of 11, where appropriate, for example, if they are likely to come into very close contact with people outside of their group or who they do not normally meet The government is currently evaluating this position and will set out next steps shortly. Wider public transport STC are currently working with transport providers and schools to plan safe, consistent transport for all staff and pupils. Families using public transport should refer to the safer travel quidance for passengers. 					

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	During national lockdown journeys should only be made for education or childcare, for work purposes, to exercise outdoors or visit an outdoor public place, for visiting venues that are open, for a medical reason, such as taking someone to hospital It is recommended that any educational visits should not take place during a national lockdown.					
	If you live in a Tier 4 area, you must not leave your home unless you have a reasonable excuse (for example, for work or education purposes). If you need to travel you should stay local – meaning avoiding travelling outside of your village, town or the part of a city where you live – and look to reduce the number of journeys you make overall." https://www.gov.uk/guidance/tier-4-stay-at-home#travel . There has been no specific guidance regarding Educational Visits, but interpreting the regulations and guidance it is evident that we can travel to education and should look to reduce the numbers of journeys we make . Therefore, from Monday 4th January 2021, Educational Visits should not go ahead as these are not categorised as 'essential travel'.					
Risk of coronavirus infection spreading to shielded and clinically vulnerable adults	Where schools apply the full measures in the Government guidance and the Building and School RAs, the risks to all staff will be mitigated significantly, including those who are extremely clinically vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. We expect this will allow most staff to return to the workplace, although we advise those in the most at risk categories to take particular care while community transmission rates continue to fall.					
The sink and the same of the sa	Advice for those who are clinically-vulnerable, including pregnant women, is available.			and to the desired and and		

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HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place * if not	IF '□' STATE THE ACTION WITH TIMESCALES OR ADDITIONAL CONTRO	INDICATE ANY	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low
	Those individuals who are clinically extremely vulnerable are advised to work from home and not to go into work until 31st March 2021. Individuals in this group will have been identified through a letter from the NHS or from their GP, and may have been advised to shield in the past. Staff should talk to their employers about how they will be supported, including to work from home where possible, during the period of national restrictions.				
	All other staff should continue to attend work, including those living in a household with someone who is clinically extremely vulnerable. Individuals who were considered to be clinically extremely vulnerable and received a letter advising them to shield are now advised that they can return to work from 1 August as long as they maintain social distancing. Advice for those who are extremely clinically vulnerable can be found in the guidance on shielding and protecting people who are clinically extremely vulnerable from COVID-19. School leaders should be flexible in how those members of staff are deployed to enable them to work remotely where possible or in roles in school where it is possible to maintain social distancing. Further details will be sent to all schools and available on the Intranet. Staff and children who are clinically vulnerable or have underlying health conditions but are not clinically extremely vulnerable, may continue to attend school in line with current guidance.				
	People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can attend the workplace.				

ACTIVITY:	Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Ad	avice	DATE OF ASSES	
HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place × if not	IF ' 'STATE THE ACTION TO BE TAKEN WITH TIMESCALES OR INDICATE ANY ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES	RESIDUAL RISK RATING High, Medium, Low
	Clinically extremely vulnerable people should not go to the workplace if they live or work in areas where shielding advice is active. Currently this applies to Tier 4 areas only. Shielding advice is currently in place in Tier 4, so all children still deemed clinically extremely vulnerable are advised not to attend school. Children and young people whose parents or carers are clinically extremely vulnerable can continue to go to school."			

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	Parents of clinically extremely vulnerable children will be receiving a letter shortly confirming this advice.					
	Pupils who are shielding or self-isolating We now know much more about coronavirus (COVID-19) and so in future there will be far fewer children and young people advised to shield whenever community transmission rates are high. Therefore, the majority of pupils will be able to return to school. You should note however that: • a small number of pupils will still be unable to attend in line with public health advice because they are self-isolating and have had symptoms or a positive test result themselves; or because they are a close contact of someone who has coronavirus (COVID-19) • shielding advice for all adults and children will pause on 1 August, subject to a continued decline in the rates of community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19). This means that even the small number of pupils who will remain on the shielded patient list can also return to school, as can those who have family members who are shielding. Read the current advice on shielding • if rates of the disease rise in local areas, children (or family members) from that area, and that area only, will be advised to shield during the period where rates remain high and therefore they may be temporarily absent (see below). • some pupils no longer required to shield but who generally remain under the care of a specialist health professional may need to discuss their care with their health professional before returning to school (usually at their next planned clinical appointment). You can find more advice from the Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health at COVID-19 - 'shielding' guidance for children and young people.					

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	Where a pupil is unable to attend school because they are complying with clinical and/or public health advice, we expect schools to be able to immediately offer them access to remote education. Schools should monitor engagement with this activity (as set out in the section below). Where children are not able to attend school as parents are following clinical and/or public health advice, absence will not be penalised.					
Conducting Staff Lateral Flow (Rapid Flow) Tests	Primary schools should follow the guidance. It remains imperative that the system of controls continues to be rigorously applied to enable the safest possible environment. The testing programme is an important addition to supporting leaders to maintain the continuity of education through the pandemic. All primary schools, school-based nurseries and maintained nursery schools will start to receive deliveries of home testing kits to offer to all their staff from 18 January. Primary, school-based nursery and maintained nursery staff will be supplied with lateral flow device (LFD) test kits to self-swab. Staff will be asked to take their test kits home and carry out the test twice a week. The LFD test will give a result in around 30 minutes. Staff must report their result to NHS Test and Trace as soon as the test is completed either online or by telephone as per the instructions in the home test kit. Staff should also share their result with their school or nursery to help with contact tracing.					

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	Testing is not mandatory for staff and staff do not need to provide proof of a negative test result to attend school or nursery in person, although participation in testing is strongly encouraged.				
	Staff taking part in the testing must complete the consent form.				
	Privacy notice to be shared with all staff.				
	Staff to following the instructions and storage guidance provided with the testing kit.				
	Staff to carefully dispose of the test device and equipment in their household rubbish. This maybe subject to change based on any future waste disposal guidance.				
	Staff with a positive LFD test result will need to self-isolate in line with the stay-at-home quidance . They will also need to arrange a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to confirm the result. Staff with a negative LFD test result can continue to attend school or nursery and use protective measures. https://www.gov.uk/get-coronavirus-test				
	The asymptomatic testing programme does not replace the current testing policy for those with symptoms. Anyone with symptoms (even if they recently had a negative LFD test result), should still self-isolate immediately according to government guidelines.				
	Those with symptoms are also expected to order a test online or visit a test site to take a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to check if they have the virus.				

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	Staff can view online training webinars including how to administer the test: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=35N_ALNIzBw&feature=youtu.be https://youtu.be/Wgsq93DBuUY https://youtu.be/LAH7UVpxYo8				
	Further information can be found: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-asymptomatic-testing-for-staff-in-primary-schools-asymptomatic-testing-for-staff-in-primary-schools-school-based-nurseries-and-maintained-nursery-schools				
	https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/ attachment_data/file/950515/Schools_Colleges_Testing_Handbook_revised_ 04012021.pdf				

Further information can be found at:

Actions for education & childcare settings to prepare for wider opening from 1 June 2020

e-Bug

COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance

symptoms of coronavirus

staying at home guidance

guidance-to-educational-settings-about-covid-19

COVID-19: guidance on shielding and protecting people defined on medical grounds as extremely vulnerable

staying-at-home-and-away-from-others

Early Years Foundation Stage

covid-19-guidance-for-the-public-on-mental-health-and-wellbeing

Coronavirus (COVID-19): safer travel guidance for passengers

social-distancing guidelines

ACTIVITY: Coronavirus (COVID-19) Spread and Government Advice			DATE OF ASSESSMENT		
HAZARDS (including inadequate / lack of arrangements)	EXISTING CONTROL MEASURES	if in place	IF ' STATE THE ACTION TO BE TAKEN WITH TIMESCALES OR INDICATE ANY ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES RESID RISK RA High, Me		
PPE		<u>rly-years-foun</u>	dation-stage-coronavirus-disa	pplications	
ASSESSED BY (Print name) J. Parnaby			SIGNED	DATE 6 th January 2021	
LINE MANAGER			SIGNED	REVIEW DATE	