

Overview RE Year 5

Skills (throughout the year) Based on ST Agreed Syllabus (by age 11).	Knowledge & Understanding			Critical Thinking		Personal Reflection	
	Have more detailed knowledge and understanding of the concepts (beliefs, teaching, sources of authority, expressions of belief and the impact of beliefs on the lives of individuals and communities) across several religious and non-religious worldviews, using wide-ranging technical vocabulary. Have more detailed knowledge and understanding of how these concepts connect to form a framework for understanding religious and non religious worldviews. Have knowledge of the diversity of religious and non-religious worldviews within the local, national and global context, and show understanding of similarities and differences between them.			Be able to respond to the material they learn about by raising controversial questions, expressing their opinions and by using sound reasons to back up these opinions. Show appreciation of different perspectives and recognise the reasons given to support these viewpoints (see both sides of an argument). N.B. Sound = reliable, competent.		Personal reflection is essentially private and subjective. Pupils may choose to share these thoughts and ideas within the RE classroom but these reflections should not be assessed by teachers to show progress in RE.	
Term	Autumn			Spring		Summer	
Big Question	What do Sikhs believe?	Why do Sikhs go to the Gurdwara?	What are the themes of Christmas?	What do Christians believe about God?	Why is The Last Supper so important to Christians?	How do Sikhs show commitment and belonging?	Why do people use rituals today?
Knowledge/Key Concepts Based on ST Agreed Syllabus - Programmes of study.	SIKHISM • One God: Creator, Sustainer, Truth, without image, without fear, timeless. • Description of God in the Mool Mantar/Mool Mantra, symbolised in Ik Onkar. • Equality: all humans being equal in the sight of God. Service to others.	SIKHISM • The Gurdwara as a place of worship, community and service to others (eg through the shared langar meal). • How beliefs and feelings are expressed through Baisakhi. • The 5 Ks and their significance. • The amrit ceremony as an expression of commitment, belonging and identity.	CHRISTIANITY Prayer and its importance for Christians, including different types of prayer (adoration, confession, thanksgiving, supplication), The Lord's Prayer, individual prayer, aids to prayer. •	CHRISTIANITY • The nature of God as Creator, Just, Ruler, Loving, Holy, Powerful, God who provides and forgives. Shown through metaphors for God (eg God as Potter, Father, Rock, Shepherd, Shield) and through stories, symbols, art, icons. • The otherness of God (transcendent) who inspires awe, wonder, devotion. Introduction to God as Trinity (Father, Son, Holy Spirit): creator God, saving God, powerful God.	CHRISTIANITY The significance of Jesus as the Son of God in Christian belief shown through key events in his life: birth, baptism, temptation, ministry, entry into Jerusalem, arrest, trial, crucifixion, resurrection (see key questions for more detail on which aspects you should cover in detail).	SIKHISM • Introduction to the 10 human Gurus with special reference to Guru Nanak and Guru Gobind Singh and the formation of the Khalsa. • The Guru Granth Sahib: the importance of the holy book as a living Guru, how the Guru Granth Sahib is treated with reverence and respect (through ritual, ceremony, artefacts).	SIKHISM • How Sikhs follow and live by Sikh moral codes and the impact these have for individuals and the community eg sharing with others (vand chhakna), service (sewa), equality shown through the langar meal. CHRISTIANITY How commitment, belonging and religious identity are expressed through rituals and ceremonies eg first communion, confirmation, membership ceremony.

Vocabulary	Sikhism kanga khalsa Mool Mantar monotheism kirpan kangar Guru Guru Granth Sahib Gurdwara Kara kachs Guru Nanak Equality amrit Baisakhi kesh		Secular, Non- secular Love, giving, peace, Goodwill joy	Bible Christians God Trinity Metaphor creator Authority power protector saviour infinite eternal	Lent Holy Week Eucharist Passover Easter Palm Sunday Holy Communion Mass	Sikhism kanga khalsa Mool Mantar monotheism kirpan kangar Guru Guru Granth Sahib Gurdwara Kara kachs Guru Nanak Equality amrit Baisakhi kesh	Symbol mosque Christianity Islam Holy Communion Eucharist mass chalice minaret Haggadah Pesach Salah submission Wuzu ritual
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