Humber Education Trust Knowledge and Vocabulary Progression Intent Art and Design

The intention of the Art curriculum

To ensure that all pupils:

- are engaged, inspired and challenged to invent and create their own works of art, craft and design.
- are equipped with the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create their own works of art, craft and design.
- are able to think critically and develop a deeper understanding of art and design.
- know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation.

What are the key features of 'knowledge-rich' assessment for Art?							
At key stage 1, the sticky knowledge takes full account of the national curriculum's main characteristics of:							
☐ Using materials	☐ Drawing	Use colour, pattern, texture, line, A study of a range of artists shape, form and space					
At key stage 2, the sticky knowledge takes full account of the national curriculum's main characteristics of:							
☐ Using sketch books	☐ Drawing, p	ainting, sculpture and printing	☐ Study of great artists				
There are relatively few asses within their long-term memo	_	je statements should be what pup	oils retain forever. In other words, this knowledge is				

	Art: Key Stage 1 'sticky knowledge'							
		Year 1	Year 2					
Using Materials	Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	 know how to experiment and explore rigid and malleable materials (e.g clay, card, textiles) know how to use a combination of materials to create artwork (e.g. collage, sculpture, weaving, plaiting) 	 With thought, can combine and fix together different materials from a selection of resources, considering shape and texture. Refine ideas by adding other marks and colour 					
		 Model, cut, stick, fold, bend, attach, assemble, statue, structure Collage, sculpture, weaving, plaiting etc 	 Texture, shape, colour, mark, line, combine, fix, stick, fasten, tie, attach Fabric, pattern, glue, textiles 					
Drawing	Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination	 make observational drawings considering shape. know how to use pencils to create lines of different thickness in drawings. 	 make observational drawings beginning to consider proportion and position. choose and use three different grades of pencil when drawing explore a range of drawing mediums (e.g. charcoal, pencil and pastel) to create art know how to use a viewfinder to focus on a specific part of an artefact before drawing it 					
		 Thick, thin, round, straight, curvy, spiral, broad, narrow, fine, pattern, line, shape, detail, mirror image, nature, made environment Look, see, observe 	 Positional language (in-front, behind, hidden etc), grades, soft, hard, sharp, blunt, view finder, blend Comparison, still life 					
Use colour, pattern, texture, line, form, space and shape	 Develop a wide range of mediums to: Attern, exture, exture, extern, line, shape, form and Colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and Know how to use a range of mediums to: explore line (e.g. thickness, density, straight or explore texture (e.g. adding sand, glue, seeds or explore pattern printing (e.g. pressing, rolling stamping) 		 know how to mix paint to create all the secondary colours referring to a colour wheel and the colour spectrum (red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet) know how to create tints with paint by adding white and know how to create tones with paint by adding black know how to create a printed piece of art using at least two colours (e.g. tile/block printing) know how to use different effects within an IT paint package 					
		 Primary colours (red, blue, yellow), secondary colours (orange, purple, green) thick/thin, light/dark, hard/soft, straight/curvy cut, paste, digital camera, mouse, programme, clone, enlarge, scale, stamp 	 extend colour vocabulary (e.g. greeny-blue, reddy-orange) light/lighter/lightest, dark/darker/darkest print, rubbing, smudge, image, reverse, shapes, surface, pressure, decoration, repeat, rotate, mono-print, two-tone print 					
Range of artists	Study a range of artists, craft makers and designers	 compare and/or describe what can be seen and give an opinion about the work of an artist ask questions about a piece of art 	 suggest how artists have used colour, pattern and shape to be inspired by the work of another artist, craft maker and/or designer to create own artwork 					
		 Similar, different, bright/dark, colourful/dull, smooth/rough I like/don't like it because This makes me feel/think of 	Primary/secondary colours, shape names, artist, designer, craft, material					

	Art: Key Stage 2 'sticky knowledge'							
		Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Using Sketchbook Drawing, painting, sculpture and printing	Create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	 know how to use sketches to produce a final piece of art (e.g. develop skills in ways of using pencils for effect, use of viewfinders to focus on different areas of objects.) Use sketchbooks to help create facial expressions. know how to use digital images and combine with other media know how to use IT to create art which includes their own work and that of others (e.g. use of photographs along with collage, paint, other media.) 	 know how to integrate digital images into artwork. (e.g. use of parts of an image along with other process for effect.) Use sketchbooks to help explore proportions of the human body. use sketchbooks to experiment with different texture (i.e. explore shading techniques – contour lines, stippling, scribbling) use photographs to help create reflections (e.g. portraits using a section of an image which is extended or completed through the use of other media.) 	 experiment by using marks and lines to produce texture (e.g. shading from Yr3/4 plus patterns.) experiment with shading to create mood and feeling experiment with media to create emotion in art know how to use images created, scanned and found; altering them where necessary to create art (e.g. digitally through the use of iPad editing software.) 	explain why different tools and techniques have been used to create art (e.g. written or verbal presentation of own work) know how to use feedback to make amendments and improvement to art (e.g. using feedback scaffolding sheets for advice and support) know how to use a range of eresources to create art (e.g. painting, drawing and photo editing applications)			
		Sketching/sketch, digital image, viewfinder, focus	 See Yr3 proportion, portrait, reflection, facial expression, body language, life drawing 	See Yr3/4 scan, alter, edit, experiment, texture, mood/feeling	 Feedback, amend, edit, digital application 			
	Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	 know how to show facial expressions in art. know how to use at least three different grades of pencil to shade and to show different tones and textures (e.g. hatching and crosshatching) know how to create a background using a wash know how to use a range of brushes, brush strokes and painting tools to create different effects in painting (e.g. impasto, scratching, stippling, dripping) know how to print onto different materials using at least four colours. 	 know how to show facial expressions and body language in sketches and paintings know how to use marks and lines to show texture in art. (see sketchbook ideas.) know how to use line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in and know how to show reflections know how to sculpt clay and other mouldable materials. 	 know how to use shading to create mood and feeling to know hot, cold, harmonious (colours that are next to each other on the spectrum) and complimentary colours (colours opposite each other on the spectrum) know how to organise line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement. know how to express emotion in art (explore colour, tone, shading) know how to create an accurate print design following given criteria. (using 4 or more colours) 	 know how to overprint to create different patterns know which media to use to create maximum impact use a full range of pencils, charcoal or pastels when creating a piece of observational art 			
		Hatching, cross hatching, HB - softness, hardness, grade, impasto, scratching, stippling, wash, tool, print	 Contour lines, stippling, scribbling, line, tone, shape, colour, figure, form, reflection, 2D, 3D, carve, mould, scrape, imprint, texture, personality, appearance, 	 See Yr3/4 movement, emotion, design, print - reverse, negative/ positive, harmonious, complimentary 	 See Yr 5, charcoal, pastel, observational art 			
Study of great artists	Great artists, architects and designers in history	 know how to identify the techniques used by different artists know how to compare the work of different artists recognise when art is from different cultures recognise when art is from different historical periods 	 experiment with the techniques used by other artists. explain some of the features of art from historical periods. (e.g. from the study of an artistic movement such as pop art or impressionism.) know how different artists developed their specific techniques 	research the work of an artist and use their work to replicate a style using their techniques in their own artwork.	 explain the style and techniques of art used in their own work and how it has been influenced by a famous artist understand what a specific artist is trying to achieve in a given situation understand why art can be very abstract and what message the artist is trying to convey 			
		Technique, compare, similar, different, colour palette media/ materials, opinion, Historical, cultural	See Yr3 experiment, artistic movement	• See Yr4	 Influence, effect, style, abstract/ realism, message/intent 			