

Subject Overview with challenge

America Fieldwork study Maps and grid references

	Year 6 e	expected	
Geographical knowledge	Physical geography	Human geography	Fieldwork
Use ordnance survey symbols and 6	Give extended descriptions of the	Give extended descriptions of the	Use maps, aerial photographs, plans and
figure grid references.	physical features of different places	human features of different places	web resources to describe what a
	around the world.	around the world.	locality might be like.
Name the largest desert in the world and			
locate desert regions in an atlas.	Describe how some places are similar	Describe how some places are similar	Answer questions by using a map.
	and dissimilar in relation to their physical	and dissimilar in relation to their human	
Locate the USA and Canada on a world	features.	features.	Choose the best way to collect
map and atlas.			information needed and decide the most
		Map land use with their own criteria.	appropriate units of measure.
Identify and name the Tropics of Cancer			
and Capricorn as well as the Arctic and			Make careful measurements and use the
Antarctic circles.			data.
Explain how time zones work and			
calculate time differences around the			
world.			
	Year 6 ch	ı nallenging	
Geographical knowledge	Physical geography	Human Geography	Fieldwork
Locate the main canals that link different	Plan a journey to another part of the	Explain how human activity has caused	Define geographical questions to guide
continents.	world which takes account of time	an environment to change.	their research.
	zones.		
Name the main lines of latitude and		Analyse population data on two	Use a range of self-selected resources to
meridian of longitude.	Understand the term sustainable	settlements and report on findings and	answer questions.
	development and use it in different	questions raised.	
	contexts.		



Subject Overview with challenge

KS2 key vocabulary

Latitude

Longitude

Equator

Northern Hemisphere

Southern Hemisphere

Tropic of Cancer

Tropic of Capricorn

Biome

Climate zones

Vegetation belts

Rivers

Mountains

Volcanoes

Earthquakes

Water cycle

Settlement

Land use